The Racine Journal.

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UPHAM IN THE EAST.

Wisconsin's Chief Executive After Immigrants For His State.

The Greatness of the Badger State Portrayed in Glowing Terms.

We Have Twenty-five Million Acres of Unoccupied Land Says Secretary Bishop of the Immigration Commission.

New York, June 18.—Gov. Wm. H. Upham of Wisconsin, and G. W. Bishop, secretary of the Wisconsin immigration commission, are in the city. They have come to New York on business connected with the promotion of European immigration to their state. There is in Wisconsin something like 25,000,000 acres of land yet unoccupied and unimproved. The real work of the immigration commission is to acquaint the world that those millions of acres can be secured at a nominal cost and will make fertile farms for thousands of families.

"Wisconsin is a great state now in wealth and production," said Bishop, "but its resources have only been half improved. Encouragement of settlement of more thinly populated sections is the idea of the governor which the legislature has acted upon in a manner bound to bring about beneficial results. The governor is a play-officer and is here to personally acquaint himself with matters pertaining to immigrants and do all he can to interest people of the east in the extraordinary opportunity offered by Wisconsin to homeseekers. The settlement of the northern section of our state, will not be by foreigners exclusively by any means, but we naturally look to that portion of Europe that has already contributed so handsomely to our population."

Governor Upham also spoke of the purposes of the state commission. He said: "The object of the immigration bureau of Wisconsin may be said to be solely for the purpose of occupying with settlers the thinly settled portions of Wisconsin; to place actual settlers in the northern portion of the state and in that way adding revenue to taxable property of the state, but in no manner looking to any increase to the number of laborers now in the state. Also to go to overcrowded centers of population and induce people to go to the state where land is cheap and fertile, and thereby gain a home and financial condition which is not subject to the hard times and distress that falls upon unemployed during the times of depression.

The bill creating the commission made an appropriation of money that will be expended principally in the maintenance of a publication bureau and preparation and circulation of documents giving the exact facts concerning the virgin lands of my state. All statistics and statements will be official and will present the situation exactly as it is, without exaggeration, evasion or circumlocution. The principal feature of my mission to the east is for the purpose of making a personal investigation of the character of immigrants, method of their transportation to America and the system of inspection which prevails in the sea port cities under the present national immigration laws. I may say our visit has been thoroughly satisfactory. We are convinced that with zealous work on the part of the state in circulating information concerning our lands we shall be able to attract to our fertile state the tide of honest German and Scandinavian immigration which has already done much toward the upbuilding of Wisconsin. Every family and every person which settles within our borders is consumer as well as producer, and the whole state gains by every addition to its wealth or population.

Wisconsin can well afford to add to her population more of the same classes which have done so much to give her a high rank among the states for substance thrift and general prosperity.

RASH DEED OF A MOTHER.

Poisons Her Three Children and Herself —Known to be Insane.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., June 18.—Mrs. Sanford Gillis, the wife of a well-to-do farmer near Shellsburg, last night poisoned three of her six children and herself. All are dead. She was known to be insane.

Mrs. Gillis after administering poison to her three children and herself left the house with her 4-year-old child in her arms. Ten rods from the door she fell to the ground where both died. The husband was absent at the time. Mrs. Gillis had just returned from Indiana, where she had been treated for derangement of the mind.

MILL AND LUMBER BURN.

Causing a Big Loss and Throwing Many Men Out of Work.

Cairo, Ills., June 18.—Early this morning the Chicago Milling & Lumber Company's plant at Wolverine mills and several hundred thousand feet of lumber were burned. The loss is $150,000. Insurance, $65,000. One hundred and fifty employes are made idle.

MISS WILLARD ACCUSED.

Of Being An Apologist For the Lynching of Negroes—She Makes Reply.

London, June 18.—At a meeting of the British Women's Temperance association today Miss Florence Balgarine accused Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance union of America, of being an apologist for the lynching of negroes in the south. Miss Willard made a spirited defense and a resolution was unanimously adopted declaring the council believed the American W. C. T. U. maintained toward lynching the same attitude as other christian bodies and that under no circumstances must human life be taken without process of law. Lady Henry Somerset was re-elected president of the association.

THE SULTAN'S REPLY.

A New Reply to European Powers—More Urgent Measures Likely.

Constantinople, June 18.—The Turkish government has made a fresh reply to the note of the powers commanding reforms for Armenia. The porte accepts the principle of the proposed reforms but requests further discussion of several points before action. He also denies that the treaty of Berlin confers the right to demand guaranties and expresses the hope that the sultan's sovereign rights will not be invaded. The impression prevails that the reply is tantamount to a refusal. It is feared the powers will adopt more urgent measures to enforce the demand.

HEAVY FOREST FIRES.

Raging in the Timber Belt of Pennsylvania—Damage Done.

Bradford, Pa., June 18.—Every available man has been fighting fire since yesterday in timber between Buttsville and Ormsby. They were extinguished and the fires in the vicinity of Ridersville and Keshuqua is now confined to a territory eight miles long by three wide. It is believed that those towns are now safe. Millions of feet of logs and lumber have been destroyed and hundreds of acres of standing timber.

LAW IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

An Important Decision Handed Down by the Missouri Supreme Court.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 18.—The supreme court decided the law forbidding the discharge by corporation of employes, who refuse to sever their connection with labor organizations, unconstitutional.

CALLED A SPECIAL SESSION.

Gov. Altgeld Summons the Illinois General Assembly to Meet Again.

Springfield, Ills., June 18.—Governor Altgeld has issued a call for a special session of the general assembly to meet next Tuesday.

MATRIMONIAL.

Miss Annie Heinish and Mr. Edward Lochowitz, both of this city, were united in marriage at the Holy Name church, at 8 o'clock this morning in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives, Rev. Father Muenich officiating. The bride was attired in a light gray henrietta costume with bridal veil and lace trimmings, and was attended by the Misses Lizzie Schmidt and Therossa Heinish, both of whom were dressed in light green. The groomsmen were Peter Schmahl and Michael Okalewsky. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 1626 Villa street, and a large concourse of people were present to pay their congratulations. The gifts were numerous and costly. The newly wedded pair will have the best wishes of a large circle of friends for a long and prosperous wedded life.

William Beffel of this city, will be married to Miss Josephine Salentine of Somers, Kenosha county, tomorrow morning, at 9 o'clock. The ceremony will be performed at the St. George's church, Kenosha. Many from this city will be present.

WAS NOT MC AVOYS.

Rig Found at Ives Grove Belonged to Jack Searles.

A. McAvoy went out to Ives Grove yesterday afternoon and took a look at the rig found in a pasture near that place and which was supposed to be the horse and buggy stolen from McAvoy & Son last Saturday morning. It proved not to be the property of the above named firm, but was discovered to be the pony and buggy of Jack Searles which was stolen from the street and driven away by a farm hand, whose name is not known. The animal had been driven very hard and the vehicle was badly wrecked, one wheel being broken off and the top torn and broken. Mr. Searles went out and recovered his property today.

WANDERED AWAY.

An Old Man Exhausted in a Field Near Home.

Thomas Hughes, of Caledonia, aged 72 years, wandered away from his home last evening. This morning he was found in a pasture in an exhausted condition. He had run against a barbed wire fence and cut one of his legs in a bad manner. Dr. Sauer was summoned and reports that the old gentleman is feeble minded, but will recover. An examination into his mental condition will be made.

TO TEST THE WORKS.

Annual Test of the Racine Waterworks to be Held on Thursday.

City Clerk to be Given Help in His Office.

Police Will Have a Wheel—Bids on the Seventh Ward School—Other Business of the City Council—Special Meeting Friday Evening.

At the regular meeting of the city council held last evening His Honor Mayor Janes was in the chair and all of the aldermen were present except Kannenburg of the Seventh ward. It was one of the largest sessions ever held in the history of the city, so far as the volume of business is concerned, there being over 100 different measures acted upon. There were petitions, memorials, reports, ordinances, bills, resolutions, etc. A question of some importance which came up was a petition from property owners on South Main street. The street is being graded preparatory to being paved. The dirt removed is being deposited over the lake bank. The property owners, or some of them, asked that they be allowed the dirt to fill in their lots. There was a discussion as to whether this could be legally done. The city attorney thought it was all right so long as the dirt was not needed on streets in the vicinity. It was referred to the street committee, board of public works and aldermen of the First and Second wards with power to act.

Many property owners on College avenue, Water street and other thoroughfares, complained of a smoke nuisance, the smoke coming from the stack of a Sixth street laundry of Jorgenson & Bros. The matter was referred to a proper committee and the evil will be remedied.

P. A. Herzog presented a communication protesting against the action of Contractor William Higgie who tore up his asphalt sidewalk on Villa street. Mr. Herzog represents that he laid that walk according to the grade given him by the late City Engineer Charles Kohlmann. He warned Mr. Higgie not to take it up, but the warning was not heeded. He asked that the city replace the sidewalk.

There was a confab in regard to the ordinance granting the Milwaukee Auxiliary Fire Alarm company a franchise. An amended ordinance was presented, which provides that the company put in boxes for city use at half the rate charged private parties and that the city be not deprived of the right to allow others to come in. The ordinance will be published and afterward acted upon.

A communication was read from a Milwaukee law firm calling attention of the city to the fact that they had refused to allow Richter & Son, who put in the High School heating apparatus, a per cent. on their contract price and also that the city had given Hugh Edwards two extensions on the contract for the building and gave as their opinion that the city could not hold Richter & Son responsible for not giving the proper test. Later in the evening 50 per cent. was allowed on the contract price.

The police committee reported in regard to a day policeman being placed on Douglas avenue. They were not in favor of it, but recommended that the boxes be changed and that a bicycle be purchased for the force at a cost not to exceed $80. They believed that this would help matters.

There was also a report on the petition of Rapids road residents who asked that they be allowed to keep dogs without paying a tax for the reason they have no police protection. In the opinion of the committee the request could not be legally granted and hence they reported adversely.

A committee reported on the resolution of Alderman Elholm in regard to paying wages to city employes, not less than $1.50 per day and that contractors be instructed to pay the same. The committee represented that they had no authority in such matters and recommended that the resolution be tabled. The report was adopted.

The finance committee reported in favor of appropriating $500 for the use of the board of health.

The committee to whom was referred a resolution that the board of public works advertise for bids for city teaming, reported in favor of the same, except for pulling the street sweeper.

It was decided to refund $163 to Anderson & Co., contractors, who were awarded a contract for sprinkling streets and then found that one of the members of the firm was a city official and they could not legally do the work. The board of public works kept back the amount out of the checks presented at the time.

The board of public works reported that they had received bids for the new addition to the Seventh ward school, that Theodore Kerner was the lowest at $11,400 and Fuller & Warren lowest on heating at $2,920, making a total of $14,380, a few hundred over the amount appropriated for the school. The report as referred to the finance and education committees and a special meeting of the council will be held on Friday evening to act upon the same.

A resolution was offered and referred that $500 be appropriated for extra clerk hire for the city clerk.

A resolution was offered and adopted that a test of the Racine Water company plant be made on Thursday morning of this week, at 3 o'clock for the reason that a test had not been held in two years.

A resolution was offered that the First ward artesian well pipes be repaired at a cost not to exceed $100.

Other proceedings will be found in the official report published elsewhere.

PRETTY HOME WEDDING.

Will be That of Miss Bessie Margaret Bull and Mr. Arthur Guilbert at 6 O'clock This Evening.

The marriage of Miss Bessie Margaret Bull, daughter of Mr. Stephen Bull, to Mr. Arthur Guilbert, which occurs at the elegant residence, 119 Eleventh street at 6 o'clock this evening, will be a quiet but extremely pretty occasion. The spacious parlors will be elaborately decorated with palms and pink and white roses. The rooms will be darkened and illuminated brilliantly and the ceremony will be performed by Rev. Arthur Piper of the St. Luke's Episcopal church, the beautiful Episcopal marriage ceremony being used. The bridal couple will stand in the bay window of the west parlor. The rear will be banked with palms, while overhead will hang ropes of smilax, entwined with white and pink roses. The bride will be gowned in a Persian lawn with insertions of Valenciennes lace and will carry lillies of the valley. She will be attended by her sister, Mrs. Frederick Robinson, of Denver, Colo.

The picture presented during the ceremony cannot help but be a memorable one with the beautiful surroundings. Only the immediate relatives and a few intimate friends from out of the city will be present.

Elaborate refreshments will be served after the ceremony. The bride's table will be placed in the center of the dining room while small tables will be arranged around it. The effect of the dining room will be in white and pink, the fire place being banked with palms.

The bridal couple will leave on the evening train for Delavan lake to spend a month or six weeks.

Miss Bull is the fourth daughter of Stephen Bull. She is an extremely lovely girl and has a bearing at once graceful and elegant. She is a leader in society in the Belle City and very popular; is a vocalist of rare ability; is skilled in all the delicate arts of life and femininity, and highly cultivated. Mr. Guilbert is a young business man and holds a position in the offices of the J. I. Case T. M. Co. He is popular personally and has all of the traits of character which lead to make life its greatest usefulness. The future of the young couple promises to be a happy one.

They will be at home at 119 Eleventh street on Thursdays, July 18 and 25.

Those present at the ceremony from out of the city will be: Mrs. Durant and Edward Durant of Stillwater, Minn.; Misses Guilbert, Chicago; Mrs. and Miss Martindale, Chicago; Miss Ellsworth, Milwaukee; Mr. and Mrs. Conger of Milwaukee; Mr. and Mrs. F. Robinson, Denver, Colo.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

A. G. Weissert of Milwaukee, writes that he will be present at the Old Settlers' picnic at Union Grove Thursday.

John Corse left for Grand Rapids, Wis., last evening.

Mr. Pearley Van Ornum of this city, has been offered the position as associate professor in the dental operating room at Ann Arbor. He is the first in a class of 50 to graduate soon.

Charley Andrews, the celebrated strawberry man from Chicago has struck the city and is making things lively out in the strawberry districts. Charley is one of the oldest men in the business and what he don't know about hustling is not worth knowing.

Dr. A. L. Buchan was called to Chicago to see Mrs. Hollingsworth, of No. 667 La Salle avenue, who is very sick.

OBITUARY.

Mather.

The following death notice is clipped from the Baltimore Sun on June 11: "On June 8, at the residence of her brother, James Mather, Brooklandville, Maryland, Rachael, daughter of the late John Mather, of England."

Sometimes, Not Always.

Maude—I suspect they are engaged. I saw them kissing the other evening.

Harry—That's no indication. Kissing does not count any more in love than in billiards.—Boston Transcript.

J. K. Emmott has a better wife than he deserves. He tried to kill her last Saturday in San Francisco, but she declines to prosecute him. Women are akin to divinity in their power of forgiveness.

Among the students at Roanoke college, Virginia, are two Coreans, several Choctaw Indians and three Japanese.

BANKERS IN SESSION.

Nearly a Hundred Wisconsin Bankers Assemble at Oshkosh.

Convention Called to Order in the City Hall at 10:30 a. m.

Mayor Kellogg Delivers an Address of Welcome—Response by J. K. Ilsley of Milwaukee—Excursion to Visitors.

Oshkosh, Wis., June 18.—Nearly a hundred leading bankers from all parts of the state are here today to attend the annual state meeting of the Wisconsin Bankers association, which was called to order in the city hall at 10:30 a. m., by President S. M. Hay of this city. Mayor Kellogg then made an address of welcome, followed by a response by J. K. Ilsley of Milwaukee. After reports the meeting adjourned until 1:30 p. m., when an interesting paper on the "Silver Question," was read by F. G. Bigelow of Milwaukee.

A general discussion and election of officers followed and the visitors and their ladies were then taken for a four hours' excursion to view the numerous summer resorts adjacent to the city. This evening they will be tendered a banquet at the Hotel Athearn.

TWO MURDERERS HUNG.

Killed a Relative to Secure His Life Insurance Money.

St. Thomas, Ont., June 18—John Hendershot and W. B. Welter were hanged this morning for the murder of William Hendershot in December, 1894. John Hendershot is the uncle and Welter the cousin of the murdered man, whom they killed for his life insurance.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

At the silver conference which opened at Topeka, Kans., today very few Republicans or Democrats were present, Populists being in the majority.

The North German Lloyd steamer Munchen arrived at New York today with small-pox in the steerage.

Wilburforce university, the leading institution in the country for the education of negroes, conferred the degree of L. L. D. on President Cleveland. The president has sent an autograph letter to the president of the institution, declining the honor.

In a quarrel over a trivial matter W. H. Cardwell shot and instantly killed Ditton Jones this morning at Aberdeen, Ky. If the murderer is caught he will be lynched.

A sensation was created in Denver by the disappearance of Henry J. Aldrich, president and general manager of the Colorado Security company. He left Denver five weeks ago, and is now supposed to be in Australia or Hawaii. His debts will aggregate nearly half a million.

Lord Colin Campbell died of pneumonia at Bombay. He came prominently before the public in a sensational suit for divorce by his wife six years ago. He was a brother of the Marquis of Lorne, husband of Queen Victoria's daughter, Princess Louie.

The court of appeals has allowed the appeal to the United States supreme court of the pension case of Judge Charles D. Long of Michigan.

It is rumored in Vienna that the Austrian cabinet has resigned.

The army of the Potomac is holding its reunion at New London, Conn.

PIANO RECITAL.

Given by the Pupils of Miss Merrick Last Evening.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a piano recital was given by the pupils of Miss Merrick in the lecture room of the Y. M. C. A., assisted by Miss Beck, Miss Marie Mitchell and Messrs. Schulte. The room was filled with parents and relatives of the pupils and musical loving people of the city. The programme was carefully made up and the efforts of those who took part showed careful training on the part of the instructor and at once placed her in high favor. Those who took part in the many difficult selections were: Misses Elsie Fratt, Georgia Hurlbut, Bethild Hansen, Dagmar Hansen, Mamie Prindle, Marie Mitchell, Adele Doszynsky, Helen Dutton, Mae Conklin and Miss Beck.

CENSUS ENUMERATORS NAMED.

Those Who Have Been Selected to Take the Different Wards.

Work of taking the state census will commence on Thursday morning of this week and all returns must be made to the county clerks by August 1. City Clerk George S. Bliss has the appointing of the enumerators for Racine, but has not yet finished, the First ward not having been decided upon. In the Second ward, Frank Fielding will do the work; in the Third ward, Mr. Morris; Fourth ward, Mr. Williams; Fifth ward, Mr. French; Sixth ward, George E. Smith; Seventh ward, Fred Bliss.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THAT DOCK PROPERTY.

A. P. Dutton Explains the Ownership of the Same.

There has been considerable controversy in regard to the property at the north end of Lake avenue occupied by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company. The dock, as every citizen knows, is in a dangerous condition, in fact it became so bad that the railroad company put a fence around it in order that people would not fall into the holes and be maimed or killed. It has been asserted that the property was given to the railroad company many years ago on condition that they would build and maintain an elevator and keep the dock in good repair. A. P. Dutton, who was in the city council at the time the foot of the street was vacated and given to the railroad company, has written the following communication to the Journal, which explains itself:

Editor of the Racine Daily Journal:

I was in the city council at the time the foot of Chatham street, now Lake avenue was vacated. My recollections of the transaction are those. I sold just the same amount of land on the east side of the street for Mr. Sutherland, then of Chicago, to Mr. Thompson, for $5,000. Mr. Thompson claimed that the elevator could not be built without he could get the foot of Chatham street. H. T. Fuller negotiated with the city council. Mr. Thompson then owned both sides of the street. If the city council vacated the street, half of the same would go to the adjoining lots of the street.

No terms but a clean out and out vacation was had. The only way the city can get it back will be to condemn the property for street purposes. A. P. Dutton.

PERSONAL POINTS.

Ex-President Harrison will visit the Adirondacks about July 1 to remain for several weeks.

Robert Louis Stevenson once remarked that marriage was a friendship sanctioned by the police.

It is suggested in England that among the queens' birthday honors should be included a knighthood for Dr. W. G. Grace, the veteran cricketer.

Colonel R. W. Thompson, ex-secretary of the navy, has just celebrated his 86th birthday quietly with his family at Terre-Haute.

Dr. Parkhurst said to the Good Government club, previous to his departure for Europe: "If we do not look out for the cities the country will go to the devil."

Queen Christina of Spain has received a bequest of several million francs, with the reversion to her children, from a merchant, Don Alexandro Soler of Madrid.

Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller recently arrived at Barnegat, N. J., where he will stay for some time to recuperate and enjoy the fishing. He is the guest of Dr. Ashhurst.

Grover Clevelands' father decided that he could not afford a collegiate education for both of his sons and that he would send the brighter one to college. That one is now a preacher.

Dr. William Affleck, the nonogenarian mayor of Cobbtown, Conn., has, after long experience, discovered how to dye tobacco leaves any desired color without affecting their taste or flavor. He refuses to divulge his secret, but affords his friends much amusement by smoking pink, green, sky blue, bright yellow or brilliant scarlet cigars, and he is also very liberal in giving them away. He only dyes the wrappers and employes an expert Cuban to make them up.

W. D. Howells in discussing alms-giving, says that impecunious Philadelphians who accost him invariably solicit money to get a "dinner." New Yorkers, he says squander his bounty for drink.

General Joe Wheeler, president of the board of visitors at West Point, was graduated from that institution in the class of '59. His son graduates in the class of '95—an exact reversal of the figures.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

Personal. — An ugly man without money wants to meet an ugly woman without means. Object, to discuss the financial question.— New Haven Palladium.

"Papa, do lawyers tell the truth?" "Certainly, my boy; they do anything to win their case."—Danville Breeze.

Teacher—"Now, Andrew, when you have a nice meal at your house in the morning, what do you call it? Andy—"Luck."

The man whose house is on fire will not stop the engines to ask the politics of the firmen.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Providence has nothing good or high in store for one who does not resolutely aim at something high or good. A purpose is the eternal condition of success.—Menger.

Father," said Johnny Ironside, "how big a fish did you ever catch?" "I caught a catfish once, Johnny," replied Deacon Ironside, "that weighed—" The good man stopped short, looked fixedly at his younger son, and resumed in an altered tone: "Johnny, this is Sunday. —St. Louis Republic.

HO! FOR THE FOURTH

Arrangements Being Perfected For a Grand Time.

Some of the Best Music in the Country Secured.

One of the Greatest Aeronauts in the World Will Make a Balloon Ascension and Parachute Drop—Exercises at the Exposition Grounds.

Last evening a meeting of the general committees on the coming Fourth of July celebration was held at the Business Men's rooms and was largely attended. Chairman H. T. Robinson was present and called the meeting to order. The various sub-committees reported progress and the outlook is indeed favorable for the grandest celebration in the city's history.

Frank K. Bull, chairman of the committee on music, read proposals from many musical organizations offering their services. After much thought and due consideration it was decided to accept the terms of Clauder's band of Milwaukee, of 20 skilled musicians, for the parade and an open air concert at the Exposition grounds in the afternoon. Schulte's full band of 20 pieces was also engaged for the parade in the forenoon and to discourse music during the fire works display in the evening. The terms of the Wolcott post drum corps of Milwaukee 24 strong, was also accepted and they will be one of the principal features of the big parade.

Balloon Ascension and Drop.

Racine citizens, and the thousands of people from the surrounding country who will congregate in this city on the Fourth of July, will be treated to a genuine balloon ascension and a real parachute drop from an elevation of 1,200 feet in the air. The services of Prof. Chas. H. Kabrick of Sturgis, Mich., one of the most daring aeronauts in the country have been secured and he will make the ascension from the exposition grounds. The balloon the professor uses is one of the largest in the world and it can be seen, when in the air for miles around.

Invitation to the Governor.

Mayor D. G. Janes was delegated by the committee last evening to extend an invitation to Governor W. D. Upham and staff to attend the celebration and there is every reason to believe that the invitation will be accepted.

The general committee decided to have the speaking, reading of the Declaration of Independence, bicycle and foot races and games of all kinds at the exposition grounds in the afternoon. The track will be put in first class shape and cash prizes will be awarded to successful contestants. A platform will be erected for the accommodation of the Racine County Old Settlers' society, various singing societies and the guests of honor. Clauder's famous Milwaukee band will give a grand open air concert. He has promised to select his best musicians and a grand musical treat is in store for the thousands of people who will journey to the grounds. All concessions will be under the sole charge of George Horlick, and can be secured from him at a reasonable price.

Street Car Accommodations.

The Belle City Electric Street Railway company will make special provisions for handling the crowds on that day. The West Sixth street and Kinzie avenue line will run around the century to the intersection of Washington avenue and Kinzie avenue, opposite Mrs. Murray's residence, while the Washington and Park avenue lines will run direct to Mrs. Murray's residence, the terminus for that day.

In this way Manager Sherwood will be able to convey passengers direct to the grounds without transferring.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

The Racine Journal.

THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1895.

THE JOURNAL FOR 1895.

The Weekly JOURNAL always gives a complete resume of the news of the week paying especial attention to items of local interest in the city and county of Racine. Its market reports are complete and reliable being thoroughly revised by the best of authorities.

It has an efficient corps of correspondents at neighboring towns and the paper is carefully and regularly mailed to subscribers every Wednesday. The subscription price is only one dollar in advance and the following valuable premiums are offered to all who pay one year in advance. This premium offer includes all old subscribers who pay up arrearages. These premiums *must be* ordered at the time as they are not sent unless so ordered by subscribers. They are as follows:

The Weekly JOURNAL and Chicago Weekly *Inter Ocean* one year for $1.20.

The Weekly JOURNAL and New York *Tribune* one year for $1.10.

The Weekly JOURNAL for one year and Our Family Physician, $1.35. If sent by mail, 12 cents additional for postage.

The Weekly JOURNAL, for one year and The American Farmer one year, $1.00.

The WEEKLY JOURNAL, one year and Ropps' Calculator for $1.00.

The Weekly JOURNAL one year and set of Charles Dickens' Works, twelve volumes $1.40. By mail or express, 25 cents additional.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL and the *Weekly Courier-Journal*—a ten-page, eight-column Democratic newspaper, Henry Watterson, editor—will be sent one year to any address for $1.20.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL and the New York Weekly *Press*, an up-to-date Republican national newspaper, will be sent one year to any address for $1.25.

The Racine Journal and Chicago Inter Ocean.

As will be seen by the announcement in another column, the Racine *Journal* and Chicago *Weekly Inter Ocean* will be sent for one year for $1.20. This offer will be held good only for a limited period, and should be immediately taken advantage of by all those desiring a first class home paper and a leading Chicago paper, such as the Chicago *Inter Ocean* is.

Positively

No premium offered will be sent to subscribers unless ordered at the time of paying for the paper. This notice is given that there may be no misunderstanding. Premiums are sent as per announcement only when specifically ordered at the time. When any one of these special offers are wanted it must be so understood and ordered at the time of subscribing or renewing subscription.

EXPLOSION KILLS NINE.

And Wounds Fifteen Others in an English Iron Mill Today.

London, June 15.—A boiler explosion at the Red Car Iron works near Gusborough Yorkshire today, resulted in the death of nine persons and the serious injury of 15. Thirteen out of 15 boilers exploded. Masonry was hurled a hundred yards away and boiling water a yard deep was poured over the workmen. The damage done amounts to $250,000. Later reports from the scene of the disaster show that nine persons were killed and 20 seriously injured.

GAVE HIMSELF UP.

Son of a Murdered Man Claims He Did Not Commit the Crime.

Brooklyn, June 15.—Wm. Henry, son of Charles Henry, who was found murdered in his home last evening, surrendered himself to the police today. He said he had slept in Prospect park during the night, and the first knowledge of his father's death reached him in the morning papers. He made a most emphatic denial of having murdered his father and close questioning failed to make him contradict his statements. The prisoner remained in jail pending further investigation of the case.

GUTTED A WHOLE BLOCK.

Fire Does $80,000 Worth of Damage at Bridgeport, Ohio.

Bridgeport, Ohio, June 15.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of the city broke out in the Oglebay block this morning and spread with remarkable rapidity. The block is occupied among others by Dent & Co., drugs; Bridgeport Liquor Co.; Bailey & Sons, boots and shoes; Dollar Savings Bank and Imperial hotel. The entire block is gutted. Loss, $80,000; insurance, $40,000.

WRECK IN MEXICO.

Three Killed in a Railroad Wreck—The Engineer Detained.

Jalapa, Mexico, June 15.—The derailment of six coaches of a passenger train on the Inter Oceanic railway was caused by a broken rail and three passengers are reported killed and sixteen wounded. A relief train has been sent to the scene of the wreck. Four coaches were badly splintered. It is claimed the American engineer of the train attempted to escape, but was captured by passengers and detained.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

A RACINE MAN SHOT.

Nels Jensen Shot by a Chicago Detective.

After Committing a Burglary and Attempting to Escape.

He Gave His Place of Residence as Racine—Exciting Chase—Pursued by a Large Crowd of People—He May Die—Who He Is.

According to telegrams from Chicago a Racine man was shot by the police of that city yesterday afternoon. The story goes that Detective James Bell did the shooting and perhaps fatally wounded the man who gave his name as Nels Jensen. He had robbed the residence of E. C. Allen, 6437 Dickey street. Jensen was being pursued at the time by Officers Bell and Barber and a crowd of people, and was shot as he was trying to force his way through the house at 6614 Sangamon street. At the Englewood Union hospital Jensen said he came from Racine, Wis., where he lived at 1626 West West street. The bullet from Bell's revolver passed through his left side just above the hip, and the hospital surgeons last night feared the wound would prove fatal.

The family of Mr. Allen, who is a dry goods dealer in Sixty-third street, near Harvard, left home in the afternoon to do some shopping downtown. Shortly afterward a fairly well dressed young man walked up to the front door and rang the bell. No one answered and he walked around to the rear door and knocked. Receiving no response he drew some tools from his pocket and soon dexterously cut a panel from the door. Then he slipped in and walked up the stairs. The man's actions had been seen by several of the near-by residents, who decided to wait and see what he was after. After going up stairs the stranger took some clothes which he bundled clumsily. Finding no valuable property he started down the stairs and out into the street. He found nearly a hundred people watching the house, and when he stepped into the street all with one accord shouted "Thief!" Several men rushed at him, but, throwing the booty down, the stranger ran into the middle of the street and started south. The man's flight gave courage to the people and they started in pursuit. At every step the crowd grew larger and apparently more determined to catch the fugitive.

Chased With Horse and Buggy.

He darted into yards and jumped fences with the agility of a steeplechaser and crossed alleys and darted between houses as if he had a guide book of the town. His speed and endurance told on his pursuers after they had run a mile and a quarter, and he would have escaped if it had not been for the fact that the crowd gathered recruits and was reenforced by Dr. Snell, who followed in a buggy drawn by a swift horse.

As the pursued and pursuers crossed Halsted street at Sixty-sixth street they were seen by Detectives Bell and Barber of the Englewood station, who were on Sangamon street north of that point. The officers learned that Jensen had committed a burglary and they started in pursuit, gaining on him at every step. He jumped a fence and started between the houses at 6614 and 6616 Sangamon street, but, changing his mind, he tried to force his way through the storm door of 6614 Sangamon street, his intention being to pass through the house. Officer Bell was close to him and called to him to stop. The fellow threw his weight against the door, and just then the officer fired a shot from his revolver that he had drawn as the man jumped the fence. His aim was true and the hunted man fell in a heap on the steps.

The officers were upon him before he could get upon his feet and hold him to the ground. A hurried search showed that he had no weapons, but several skeleton keys were found in his pocket. The ambulance was called from the Englewood station and Jensen was taken to the Englewood Union hospital. He suffered much pain, and between his gasps for breath gave his name and residence, and said he had no accomplices.

Jensen's Family Live Here.

This morning a Journal reporter went out on a tour of investigation and found that a Jensen family resided at 1626 West street. The family consists of a father, mother and eight children. The father, whose name is Nels Jansen, is a fish peddler and delivers fish throughout the city. A knock at the door of the home brought a bright little girl of about 10 summers to the door, who greeted the reporter with a friendly "Good morning." It was not long before it was clearly elicited that the man shot in Chicago was the oldest son and child of Mr. and Mrs. Jansen. Mr. Jansen was not at home and the first intimation that the balance of the family had concerning the fate of their son and brother was gleaned from the newsgatherer. The young man was 21 years old on the 7th of the present month. His mother said that he was a good boy up to the time the hard times struck the country and then he was out of work. He had worked steadily for four years for one farmer out in the country, afterward working for a time at the Ellinger cloak factory. Last November he left the city and he was not heard of until about the holidays when a letter was received that he was sick down in Galveston, Tex. A letter was forwarded there with $5 in money, by the parents but it never reached its destination and the letter and money was returned to them. This was the last heard of him until this morning. The family were much surprised upon hearing of the shooting of their son and when told that he was shot by a police officer for stealing, Mrs. Jensen remarked that it served him right, as she did not bring her children up to steal.

Upon the wall in the parlor hung a large picture of the young man taken when he was 10 years of age. The picture was secured and placed in its position on the wall just three days ago, Mrs. Jensen fearing then that she would never hear of or see her son again.

WILL NOT BE BUILT.

The Third Ward Voting Booth Will Not go Up.

The members of the street committee, aldermen of the First ward and other city officials were out on a tour of inspection yesterday afternoon. Among the many matters looked into was that of building a new election booth at the north end of Park avenue, a petition having been presented remonstrating against the same. The majority of the committee decided that it would be wise not to again build at that place. They will recommend that hereafter elections be held at the Third ward engine house in the north end of the Third ward. Possibly they may recommend that a small building be erected on the city lot on Main street in which to keep the new street sweeper and city tools. All proceedings in regard to the building of the booth will be declared null and void at the council meeting Monday evening.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss Crystal Cunningham, of Chicago, is visiting Miss Rose La Lone, at her home on Doud street.

Ald. Kammerer will spend Sunday at Eagle Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. William Emerson of Davenport, Ia., spent yesterday in the city.

William R. Tate is reported better today by his physician.

Charles R. Carpenter, G. N. Fratt and H. J. Rogers will attend the state bankers convention at Oshkosh next Tuesday.

John P. Davies has returned from Texas, where he attended the convention of the T. P. A.

W. U. Hess of the Chicago Chronicle, edited by Horatio Seymour, is in the city on business in connection with the paper.

Hon. J. V. Quarles of Milwaukee, is in the city on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bowmann of Kilbourne City, are guests of Sidney Sage at Hotel Racine.

Harry Johnson has returned home from Chicago, where he graduated at the Chicago university.

Mrs. Larson and daughter of Britt, Ia., are the guests of Hon. M. S. Field. Mrs. Larson is the wife of a prominent banker of Britt.

Mr. Charles E. Eddy of Boston, president of the Racine Water company, is expected in the city this evening to remain about 10 days.

Mr. A. C. Fish, an old time resident, was in the city yesterday. He left for Chicago this morning.

The wedding invitations of Mr. Henry F. Tyrrell and Miss Alice M. Kranz have been issued. The ceremony occurs at the residence of the bride's parents on the evening of Thursday, June 27.

Mr. John Rodgers of La Crosse, formerly manager of the Racine Gas works, spent a few hours yesterday calling upon his Racine friends.

Dr. C. I. Shoop returned last evening from a visit to the Hahnemann hospital, Chicago. He reports the condition of Mrs. Shoop much improved and that strong hopes are entertained that no surgical operation will be found necessary. The many friends of Mrs. Shoop join in expressions of sympathy and hopes for her speedy recovery.

Miss Kittie Edwards, who was born and reared in this city, and who attended Mrs. McMurphy's home school, won the gold medal at the Chicago School of Music. She was one of a class of twenty-four to compete. Out of the twenty-four there were four chosen for the final competition upon the piano and Miss Edwards was one and took the gold medal. This speaks well for the lady and is evidence that the ladies of Racine take the lead in everything they undertake. Miss Edwards is a daughter of John Edwards and her home is at Emporia, Kan. She is a niece of E. O. Jones, of this city.

Mrs. Thomas M. Morgan and her daughter Annie left for Chicago today.

Mrs. A. W. Meinzer of 1139 Villa street has returned home after a two weeks' visit with her daughter at Princeton, Wis.

Miss Bessie Hoy, who has been attending the Smith College at North Hampton, Mass., arrived home today to spend the fall vacation.

Will Refund the Money.

At a recent meeting of the city council a petition was presented signed by Anderson & Co. asking that the sum of $63 be remitted to them, said sum having been retained by the Board of Public Works, out of a check enclosed with bid for sprinkling certain streets, as a forfeit for not signing the contract awarded them. The reason for the contract not being signed and carried out was the fact that a member of the firm was a member of the school board and could not legally enter into a contract with the city. The finance committee hold a meeting and will report in favor of refunding the money.

MORE MONEY NEEDED.

School Board Want the School Fund Increased.

It is Now Fixed at $35,000 and Should be $50,000.

Condition of the Public Schools Require Immediate Action—Children on the Streets For Want of Room.

The first schoolhouse built in Racine was a structure 16 feet square, located on Main street, where the Secor block now stands, and in it the first school was opened by a Mr. Bradley, in the winter of 1836. Since that time Racine has grown to one of the handsomest and most prosperous cities on the west shore of Lake Michigan. Large and commodious brick school houses have been erected and there are nine in all, not including the several kindergarten schools. There is the handsome new high school; the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh wards, Lincoln and Howell schools. Still the structures are inadequate to accommodate the hundreds of school children and at the lowest estimate 300 cannot be accommodated and are growing up in ignorance.

The members of the board of education have and are making herculean efforts to prevail upon the city council to provide means for more room. As there is no money in the hands of the council are tied. The charter provides that $35,000 shall be raised for school purposes annually. Last night the finance and judiciary committees hold a meeting at the city hall.

Committees from the board of education waited upon them and made the statement that has been made on many occasions before, that more school room is needed, that several of the schools now built are sadly in need of large repairs and that unless action was immediately taken 500 children would be on the streets. They asked the committee to amend the charter so as to leave the amount for school purposes blank and that it be filled in by the council with a larger sum, say $50,000.

The committee will no doubt hold a meeting on Tuesday next to consider the matter.

In conversation with a prominent school teacher today he said: "The members of the city council have not the slightest idea what a crowded condition the schools are in. If they would go on a tour of inspection they would find several small children packed into certain schools like a lot of sheep. Especially is this true in the Fourth and Seventh wards and a kindergarten must be provided for the Fourth ward in a short time."

There is no use dwelling upon the subject. Racine is rapidly growing and the next census will show 30,000 people. More school room must be provided and there is no doubt but that the majority of people are in favor of raising more money for the purpose.

COMMONWEALERS UNITED.

Earle Browne and Miss Mamie Coxey Married on the Sly.

Massilon, O., June 15.—Earle Brown and Miss Mamie Coxey, the erstwhile goddess of peace of the commonweal, were secretly married last evening. They separated after the ceremony with the expectation of keeping the fact to themselves until the Fourth of July, for another and spectacular wedding at Washington. The groom is 45 years old and the bride is 18.

AN HEIRESS MISSING.

A St. Louis Girl Believed to Have Been Abducted and Held For a Ransom.

St. Louis, June 15.—Maybelle Churchfield, 15 years old, heiress to considerable property, has been missing since Wednesday afternoon. Not the slightest trace of her whereabouts can be found. Fears are entertained that she is being held for a ransom or to secure some of her property.

AN EX-SENATOR DEAD.

Madison, Ind., June 15.—Ex-Senator Hiram Francesco died at Wirt this morning of paralysis.

Sold at Sheriff's Sale.

The property of Martin Oluf, located on Lincoln street, was sold at sheriff's sale from the front steps of the court house this morning. It was bid in by Michael Colbert for $1,400.

A Bad Record.

Mildew, stagnation and paralysis have followed in the track of Democratic rule.

The great industrial forces of this nation, which seemed equal, if not superior, to all forms of obstruction and opposition, received under this administration a check and shock that threatened at first to be fatal. The diplomacy of the nation, which for over 100 years has been the pride and boast of the American people, has been sullied, and discredited. The entire record of this administration in every branch of government, in the exercise of the executive authority, in legislation, in diplomacy, in finance, is one of disgraceful stupidity and humiliating failure. Our splendid currency system was threatened with destruction almost as soon as the Democrats came into power. Panic at once seized the money market and paralysis prostrated the industries. The workingman dropped his tools and the banker shut his ledger. The manufacturer closed his mill and the merchant sat idle behind his counter. And this lamentable condition of things was made the more striking because of its contrast with the brilliant period of Republican prosperity which immediately preceded it.

SILVER IS HIS HOBBY.

Millionaire W. A. Clark is Not in Love with Grover or His Policy.

Butte, Mont., June 15.—In an interview today Hon. W. A. Clark, the wealthy mine owner and politician, stated that the association of his name with the vice-presidency on the Democratic ticket was news to him. He said he was not posing for presidential honors nor any other political honors. In any event he said he would not run on a ticket with Cleveland or on any that had the indorsement or support of Cleveland. He also said he would not support the Democratic ticket unless the party declared for free silver.

SAENGERFEST AT APPLETON.

Thirty Societies with 600 Voices Present Beside Many Visitors.

Appleton, Wis., June 15.—The annual saengerfest of the Eastern Wisconsin Sangerbund opened here today. Thirty singing societies, comprising 600 voices, are in attendance besides 2,000 visitors. Two concerts were given today with prizes for the best chorus and solo work. Sunday a big parade and picnic will be given. Excursions will arrive from all eastern Wisconsin points and 8,000 visitors are expected. The city is profusely decorated in honor of the festival.

DR. HENRY PALMER DEAD.

The Old Surgeon of the Iron Brigade Found Dead in Bed.

Janesville, Wis, June 15.—Dr. Henry Palmer was found dead in his bed this morning. The deceased was surgeon of the Iron Brigade during the civil war and at one time held the position of surgeon general of the Wisconsin National guard. He was professor of surgery at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Chicago, and was surgeon of the Chicago & Northwestern road. The deceased served as surgeon in Crimea, he being in Europe at that time on a pleasure trip.

REBELS LOSE A BATTLE.

One Hundred Men Lost in an Engagement With Spaniards.

Santiago de Cuba, June 15.—A battle has been fought at Santa Inez near Holguin. The rebels lost 100 men.

OBITUARY.

Davis.

Robert Davis, of Sun Prairie, father of J. R. Davis, of this city, died last night. He was 80 years of age and one of the oldest residents of that place. William Davis, his grandson, left for Sun Prairie to attend the funeral.

Parry.

Mrs. Ann Parry, aged 70 years, died of paralysis, at her home in the town of Mt. Pleasant, this morning, after a long and painful illness. Mrs. Parry has been a resident of this county for the past forty-six years and was loved and respected by all who knew her, and her death will cause a pang of sorrow in the vicinity where she resided. She leaves two sons and two daughters, together with a host of friends, to mourn her death. The funeral will be announced later.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250 lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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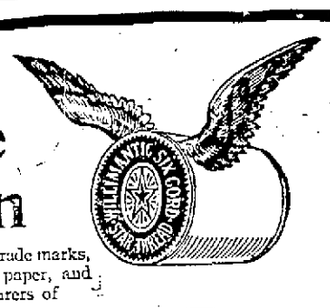
H. J. ROGERS, Cashier.

Fun for the Children



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Yorkville, - - Wis.

COUNTY NEWS.

IVES GROVE.

Ives Grove Wis. June 18.

On Wednesday June 12, 1895, at 2 p. m. with the official aid of Rev. Osgood of Union Grove, H. C. Jones and Miss Lizzie Baker of this place took the matrimonial vows. The ceremony was witnessed by the new relatives of the contracting parties, who presented them with tokens of good will and friendship. Mr. and Mrs. Jones departed at 4 p. m. for Chicago and other places of interest. They will return and make their home at this place where Mr. Jones has built up a lucrative blacksmithing business. Their many friends extend congratulations.

Mrs. J. Z. Collier and son departed on Thursday last, for a two weeks visit with her mother who resides in Oshkosh.

Ralph Thomas returned from Appleton today having completed the school term.

W. G. Skowes is the proud possessor of a Sunbeam safety bicycle. He made the run from Racine in 47 minutes and partly over newly worked roads.

John F. Roberts has enlarged and thoroughly overhauled his barn and now can boast of as roomy and neat a barn as is on that street. T. C. Roberts was the builder.

The school ma'am is now out of a job.

Jas. Lugg and S. Bowers are building a granary and barn for Miss Martha Ronnle.

Geo. Shannon, road supt. east of here, is entitled to vote of thanks for the good condition of his district.

The annual excursion of the machinery agt., is now on. Each one says: "Get only the best I'm handling it."

Mr. Chas. Gabel has erected a commodious barn on his property. Henry Shroeder & Co. are doing the work.

Miss Effie Collier who has been teaching near Peshtigo the past winter and spring is visiting her relatives and friends in this neighborhood.

T. C. Roberts who had a well dried recently, has topped it off with a handsome aermotor.

E. B. Skowes with his well-boring machinery is in great demand at present. Ervin Thomas is the last who has put down a well. Mr. Skowes has four or five more to put down before haying comes.

Mel. Secor is building an addition to his house with the assistance of T. C. Roberts and W. Dawson.

KNEELAND.

Kneeland, Wis., June 18.

Childrens' day was observed by the F. W. Baptists of Kneeland, yesterday. The lovers of happiness and that includes all, made the church inviting and pleasant a thought and will could make it, and the sight of so many children spurred on by their contributions of exercise made it a glorious time to those who witnessed the exercises. The exclamations of the congregation afterwards could be heard: "It was grand." "They did so well," etc. The novel way of taking the collection, will never be forgotten, also the representations of Japan, China and India were grand. Miss Mary Nobles, whose care and training of the children for Children's day, deserves more than thanks for the results.

Next Friday, the 21st, Miss L. Boss closes school with a picnic. These pleasant times are carried in memory all through life by scholars, and I know this gathering of scholars, teacher and parents will be enjoyed by all. Miss L. Boss leaves us as a lady and teacher, and this school district gives her their best wishes, hoping the district may secure her again.

Mr. T. H. Mosher is making improvements in his home by the building of addition, etc., and the only thing lacking to complete the bill is F. and his lady, but the completion will come in due season.

THOMPSONVILLE.

Thompsonville, June 18.

One of the worst electric rain storms that has visited this section for years was experienced here last Tuesday afternoon doing considerable damage and at the same time it was a great benefit to the growing crops, which were suffering for the want of rain. The farmers are jubilant smiles over the propects of a bountiful harvest.

John Beland had a cow killed by lightning last Tuesday afternoon. It was insured in the town insurance company.

Mrs. McKee and children of Chicago, are spending the summer with her aunt, Mrs. Newman.

Mrs. Morris, after spending some time visiting friends and relatives in central Illinois, is expected home today.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klema of Racine, spent Sunday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis.

Mrs. Lombard is spending the summer with her sons and relatives in Michigan.

Chas. Eggert, Jr., fell from a building scaffold in Milwaukee and broke his arm.

Miss Hattie Fancher closed her summer term of school on Thursday last. She gave her scholars in connection with the Adams and Franksville schools a picnic at Rock's grove on Friday last, which was a great success.

The members of Franksville camp, No. 831, M. W. A., contemplate holding a harvest picnic the last of August, and as the boys do not know what fail means they will surely make a success of it. Boom it along boys, and we'll be there to help you along to build that hall that you need so badly, as rent, paint, scenery, labor, etc., are very high in your town.

One of the most tragic deaths that I have reported for a long time took place last week southwest of Franksville, the victim being a valuable member of the feline family, the property of a well known young man. Dr. —— was called to give a burial certificate, but there being some doubts in the doctor's mind as to the cause of the victim's death, he refused. A coroner's inquest was held over the remains and the jury rendered a verdict that the victim came to its death by eating too much liquid ice cream. Moral —Beware of liquid ice cream. The Dramatic club has drafted resolutions of sympathy and condolence, and will present them to the bereaved and sorrowing family of one.

Mrs. Ellis and Miss Carrie Baker are taking in the sights of the Cream City today.

About 4,000 pounds of milk is the daily average received at the Thompsonville creamery at present.

A large gang of gypsies with about 65 horses and mules from Bloomington, Ills., passed through here a short time ago.

YORKVILLE.

Yorkville, June 18.

The fine showers of the past week were duly appreciated by our people, and all kinds of crops greatly benefited. The hay crop will be below the average in this section, but all other crops promise full returns at present.

The G. S. picnic held at Lilley lake on the 13th inst. was a very enjoyable affair. Being the first of the season it was largely patronized by people far and near. The day was perfect, the grounds beautiful and the people very willing to enjoy everything in the line of recreation set before them. The dinner gotten up by the ladies of the community for the occasion was up to high water mark, and the general good humor that prevailed among the people after it was disposed of proves that it filled the bill. Addresses were delivered in the afternoon by Rev. E. J. Symons of Union Grove, E. W. Mager of Milwaukee, and Mr. Porter of Rochester. The music was furnished by the Waterford brass band known as "The Kicker Band," under the leader of H. Noll, and was highly appreciated. The games were a new feature added this year and afforded considerable mirth for the young people. Pastor S. C. Robinson is in Dakota, called there last week by the sickness of his brother. It is expected he will return to his charge this week.

Wesley Shunk spent last week exploring a part of his farm he never saw before in hopes of finding water, with Dave Bloom for guide, but thus far there has been no find.

The only loss sustained by the Town Insurance company during the storm of last week was a small amount of damage done by lightning to the barn of C. H. Peck in Mt. Pleasant.

Farmers are anticipating a good time at the old settlers' picnic, and are making arrangements to be there. You will find them in the corn fields the rest of the time botanizing.

UNION CHURCH.

Union Church, Wis. June 18.

We cordially grant an invitation to all Raymond friends to attend the school picnic which will take place in Mr. J. Rastle's grove, Friday, June 21. A well prepared programme shall be rendered in the afternoon and no one will regret their attendance.

Miss Delia Olson was the guest of Miss Lucy Smiley, one day last week.

Geo. Grasle of Milwaukee, spent Sunday with G. Sheck's family.

A number of our Union Church young folks attended the Sunday school picnic at Yorkville.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Sheck visited friends in Racine Sunday last.

We all mourn the departure of our true friend and neighbor, Mr. Garret Venendall. He has sold his property to Mr. Meyer, who will in the future make this place his home. Mr. Venendall will spend the summer traveling.

Olaf Martinson has returned to his home.

Mrs. Brice is seriously ill.

Mrs. Frye, to whom has fallen the sad accident of breaking both arms and one leg, is on the way to recovery.

Mrs. P. Larson spent a few days in Milwaukee last week.

Mr. Johnson is having a well drilled.

Miss Lydia Sheck is now at home, as her school closed last Friday.

NORTH CAPE.

North Cape, June 18.

Miss Lena Parsons of Delavan, is a guest of the Misses Nelson.

J. Johnson is attending a shooting tournament at Milwaukee this week.

A party of young people visited the Racine county insane asylum one day last week.

Quite a number from this place expect to attend the old settlers' reunion next Thursday.

Z. H. Nelson, having completed the building for the factory of H. A. Nelson at Bristol, Kenosha county, will now erect a very large barn for Hans Searle.

The dry weather is now telling on the pastures and hay lands. No amount of rain will give us a full hay crop. Barley is trying to head out unusually close to the ground, in fact the outlook for a good crop of any kind is not promising and the question of over production or under consumption in farm products that puzzle political economists for years may be solved without any farther trouble. No amount of labor saving machines will produce crops without the proper weather conditions. The loss of our forage crop is a most serious matter, as it is not very pleasant to think of having a lot of stock without sufficient fodder to winter them.

The road work is now almost completed and it is safe to say that the highway tax has been intelligently and honestly laid out. Wherever gravel could be obtained within a reasonable distance many roads have been graveled. In one district not very far from here 450 yards have been hauled from four to five miles. The widening out and proper draining of the old roads that has been done in other places speak well of the judgment of the supervisors in selecting the commissioners. At the rate of improvement on the road from this place to Milwaukee it will not be many years before we will be able to go to town after a shower. It would be pleasant if the same could be said about our Racine roads.

ROCHESTER.

Rochester, June 17, 1895.

The people of Rochester and vicinity are making arrangements to celebrate the Fourth. A good time is anticipated.

The farmers are anxiously looking for rain.

Rev. Porter attended the Sunday school picnic on the 13th inst.

A. J. Russell left on last Monday for Mexico to meet his wife and daughter who have been spending several months there and are about to return.

Mrs. Huntington, who has been on the sick list for the past few days, is reported better.

The first commencement exercises of the Rochester academy were held in the Congregational church on Friday evening, June 14. The programme consisted of instrumental music by Miss Burgess; graduating essay, "Virgil" by Elizabeth Wilson; commencement address by E. D. Eaton, D. D., of Beloit. The church was filled with friends from far and near. The friends of the academy feel well satisfied with the work of the past year and with the prospects for the coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boen are guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Ballock.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Merrills spent Sunday at Rochester.

A number from here attended commencement exercises of the Burlington High school on last Thursday evening.

The McDonald family are entertaining friends from Racine.

The Union house at Rochester is being painted, which improves its appearance.

SOMERS.

Somers, June 18.—The marriage of Rev. Otto Anderson, pastor of the Somers M. E. church, to Miss Daisy Sawyer, of Madison, Wis., is announced to take place on Wednesday evening of this week. Both parties have very many warm friends in Madison and are highly esteemed. Miss Sawyer has devoted a large part of her time during the past to work among the poor. She is an active member of the M. E. church and Y. W. C. T. U. She is a charming young lady and a zealous non-license worker. It has been her department to keep the press of the state informed, and she is very popular in pen circles.

Mr. Anderson graduated from the University last year with the degree of A. B. He has taken part in several oratorical contests at the University and also took a course of study in the department of oratory and theology at Evanston, Ill., during the past year. They will arrive at Somers on Thursday evening when congratulations will be in order.

From present indications it would seem as though cabbage would be very plentiful next fall, as there will be about fifteen acres of it near the village. In addition to this, many people have at least a little corner planted for home use.

Strawberries are ripening, but owing to the lack of rain during the growing season the fruit is rather small.

Charles Detert is out with a new road wagon.

FRANKSVILLE.

Franksville, June 18.—Mrs. E. M. Morris has returned from a pleasant visit with relatives in Illinois.

Mrs. W. H. Hamilton, of Nebraska, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Sears.

Miss Stella Esmond, of Union Grove, is spending her vacation with Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Smith.

A large number of our citizens will attend the Old Settlers picnic.

Mr. A. B. Roberts, who has been quite sick, is reported by Dr. Beone to be improving.

Malissie Rork is quite sick. Dr. Beone is attending her.

Mr. D. A. Nucomb, of Chicago, is spending a few days in the village.

Master Charles Rork is mourning the loss of his pet colt.

Mr. D. O. Greeno has closed his school for the summer vacation and is now on the sick list.

The postmaster informs us that there was a postal card mailed at this office with the skull and cross bones label attached. As there is a heavy penalty for pasting labels on postal cards, he is holding it awaiting a reply from the postmaster general.

RAYMOND.

Raymond, June 17.—The largest and perhaps the most representative audience that ever assembled at the Kneeland church gathered there on last Friday evening to listen to the concert and debate announced to take place there on that evening. Although standing room was at a premium yet under the able and efficient management of the gentlemanly usher, Mr. John H. Rohr, the comfort of the audience was well looked after and the slight inconveniences were soon forgotten. There was a duet by Mr. and Miss Gittings, of Franksville. Deserving of special mention were the selections by the ladies quartette. The chief interest of the audience, however, appeared to be centered in the debate, which was on the question of the equality of the intellectual capacities of the sexes.

The concert and debate was the first ever given under the auspices of the A. C. F., of Raymond and it was a grand success in every particular. We hope it will be our privilege to attend more of such meetings in the future.

WATERFORD.

Waterford, June 17.—Miss Frattinger and friend of Milwaukee are guests at the Chapman residence.

Rev. E. J. Simons of Union Grove occupied the pulpit in the M. E. church Sunday morning and evening.

Invitations are out announcing the marriage of Anna Blanche Hulbert of Waterford to Alvin F. Clark of Honey Creek. The happy event will take place Thursday, June 27.

Several from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Horace Clark of Caldwell on last Friday.

Mrs. James Hay and grand daughter are visiting relatives in Raymond.

Miss A. Orvis spent a few days of last week in Chicago.

Barney Geising and Henry Nabor two old settlers of the village are both very seriously ill.

Mrs. C. Labntchka of Racine is visiting her parents in the village.

Mr. G. Wensing one of the most respected citizens of Waterford died at his home on Wednesday last at the age of 80 years.

A Cook Book Free.

"Table and Kitchen" is the title of a new cook book, published by the Price Baking Powder company, Chicago. Just at this time it will be sent free if you write a postal mentioning the Racine Journal. This book has been tried by ourselves and is one of the very best of its kind. Besides containing over 400 receipts for all kinds of pastry and home cookery, there are many hints for the table and kitchen, showing how to set a table, how to enter the dining room, etc.; a hundred and one hints in every branch of the culinary art. Cookery of the very finest and richest as well as of the most economical and home like, is provided for. Remember "Table and Kitchen" will be sent, postage prepaid to any lady sending her address (name, town and state) plainly given. A copy in German or Scandinavian will be sent if desired. Postal card is as good as letter. Address Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ills.

Low Rates to Chattanooga, Tenn.

On account of the Epworth League convention, the Northwestern line will, on June 25 and 26, sell excursion tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return at very low rates, good for return passage until July 3, 1895, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to agents, Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Fourth of July Rates.

On July 3 and 4 the Northwestern line will sell excursion tickets at low rates to local stations within 200 miles, good for passage until July 5, 1895, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to agents, Chicago, & Northwestern railway.

Races at Oshkosh.

On account of the summer race meeting to be held at Oshkosh, June 25-28, The Northwestern line will sell excursion tickets at reduced rates. Tickets on sale June 24 to 28 inclusive, good for return passage on or before June 29, 1895.

Half Rates to Boston, Mass.

On account of the International Christian Endeavor convention, the Northwestern line will, on July 5, 6, 7 and 8, sell excursion tickets to Boston, Mass., and return at rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets good for return passage until Aug. 6, 1895, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to agents, Chicago & Northwestern railway.

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That is Why the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are CURES.

That is Why Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the severest cases of Scrofula, Salt Rheum and other blood diseases.

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Prominently in the public eye today. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

HORSE-SHOEING AND REPAIR WORK solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices satisfactory. Please call and see me. John Albright, Franksville, Wis. june 19wkytf.

FOR SALE—FARM AT A BARGAIN 110 ACRES choice land, also good buildings on same, a large stock of cattle, horses and machinery. Located 5½ miles southwest of Racine, on the west Kenosha road, known as the Andrew Thom place. mch9tfsat&wkly

EXTRAORDINARY!

WALL PAPER SALE.

(WELL DECORATED WALLS.)

WALL PAPER SALE.

HERE IS A CHANCE TO HAVE THEM AT SMALL EXPENSE.

For the balance of June we offer the following

SPECIAL BARGAINS:

30 patterns of 15c, 18c., 20c. and 25c. papers all at the small price of . . . . 11c. per roll.

25 patterns of 10c. and 12c. papers at . . . . . . 7½c. per roll.

Remember, these are not remnants, but new goods of this season's make. From one to half a dozen rooms of each pattern.

W. S. Buffham & Son,

403-405 MAIN ST., - - - RACINE, WIS.

STILL MOVING.

The greatest of all June clearing sales is still drawing enormous crowds of eager buyers who don't let a good thing escape them.

PRICES BACKED UP BY THE GOODS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS.

Domestic Department.

American Light Challies, Fine Styles..... 2c.
Full Standard Challies, Latest and Best..4½c.
30-inch American Pongee—12½c. grade.. 5c.
Tirallier Dress Styles.......... 6c.
30-inch Fine Indian Linen—15c. grade.. 9c.
36 inch Fine Soft Muslin..........3½c.
36-inch Fine Soft Bleached Muslin.........4½c.
Lawns—Fine and Sheer, Plain Stripes and Lace Effects—worth up to 17c. per yard.......... 9c.
Dotted Swisses—Good Quality, Fine Dots. 15c.

Twixt Wet and Dry.

A very taking umbrella—Dresden or Fine Black Handles—worth $2.00 anywhere..........$1.49
Late Novelty in Fancy Ruffled Parasols—White and Colored..........92c.
A Tremendous Drive in Ladies' Muslin Night Cowns, Exquisitely Trimmed, 6 styles......90c.
A Big Drive in Fancy Trimming Laces..9c. to 23c.
Continuation of our Great Embroidery Sale—no use to say a word about this really great line..........1c. to 43c.
Pretty Ideas in Belt Buckles, Pins, Shirt Sets and Fans—All late. Pins, 2 for 5c. and 5c., Buckles, 9c. and 25c. The Trilby Heart Buckle is a new thing—see it.

Ladies' Suits, Skirts and Waists.

Our Styles Have Never Been Prettier or Our Prices More Moderate than they are this season.

Ladies' Duck Tuxedo Suits—Large Sleeves, New Reveres, Wide Skirts, in a great assortment of colors and combinations, very swell styles at $3.50, $2.50 and $1.25—worth double.
Ladies' Lawn Suits—In Beautiful Stripe Patterns, Immense Sleeves, Blouse Effects, Full Ruffled Skirts—they look like $10.00 suits—$2.75—our own style.
Ladies' Full Width Skirts—Made of Novelty Materials, Serges and Cheviots, worth $4.50—all go at $1.98.
Ladies' Skirts—Made in Coverts, in Gray and Tan and Brown. Made to sell at $5.00—$2.25.

Summer Underwear.

50 per cent. under price.

Ladies' Fancy Richelieu Ribbed Vests—V Sill, Open Work Crochet Front, Embroidered Necks and Armholes, White and Ecru, worth 25c., Monday.......... 10c.
Ladies' Extra Fine Thread Vests, 2-inch Crochet Necks and Armholes, Silk Taped Edges, also High Neck, Long and Short Sleeves—a grand investment—worth up to 65c, each.......... 20c.
Men's Genuine French Balbriggan Underwear, French Neck and Bands—worth 75c., Monday....... 50c.
Men's Gray Mottled English Balbriggan Underwear, the Very Latest Novelty, Perfect in Fit and Make—worth 50c., Monday.......... 25c.

Ladies' Silk Waists—Ladies' Lawn Waists—Ladies' Shirt Waists.

THE LATEST STYLES—NEW IDEAS.

Laundered Shirts, Very Large Sleeves, Deep Collars and Cuffs—all colors..........$1.25, 98c., 48c.
You pay double elsewhere for inferior goods.
Ladies' Lawn Waists—Very Large Sleeves, Crushed Collar, in Light and Dark Effects—just the thing for hot weather, worth $1.75..........98c.
600 Ladies' Ki-Ki Silk Waists, in Light and Dark Colors; made the Latest Style, worth $3.00..........$1.98.
Ladies' Silk Waists—In Checks, Stripes, Plaids, Fancy and Plain; in the greatest variety of colors—worth $7.50....$3.50.

Hosiery.

Rare happening. A German maker's entire balance for half and less—Recent quotations.

Ladies' Hosiery—Black and Colored—Double Heels and Toes—actually worth up to 60c. pair.......... 25c.
Ladies' Extra Fine Fast Black Cotton Hosiery—Double Heels and Toes—Pure Maco Yarn—cheap at 15c. pair—now.......... 5c.
Children's Ribbed Fast Black Cotton Hose—Double Knee, Heel and Toes—sizes 6 to 9—worth 25c. pair—Monday.......... 15c.
Men's Fast Black and Tan Cotton Half Hose—Extra Fine Gauge—worth 45c. pair—per pair.......... 21c.

THE LEADERS.

CLANCY BROS.

The Racine Journal.

ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

328 Main Street, between Third and Fourth Streets.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

E. C. DEANE, - Editor and Manager.

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SINNED AWAY THE DAYS OF GRACE.

There is no escape for the Democracy of the country from its scathing indictment of the Ohio Republican platform. This document is exceedingly "good" reading and it sounds the key-note of the campaign of 1896.

No reasonable man will deny that the present national administration has brought for the country distress at home and humiliation abroad; that its policy has deranged business, crippled our industries, distressed our homes and dealt labor a serious blow; that its incompetency to devise a plan for raising revenue has forced it to borrow in less than two years $162,000,000 to pay running expenses; that in borrowing this it has sold our government bonds to foreign syndicates at prices far below their actual value; that it has disregarded the Monroe doctrine and has lowered the United States flag in an un-American attempt to overthrow a republic and restore a monarchy in Hawaii.

All this is chargeable to the Cleveland administration and no amount of argument or apology can clear the record. There may be some satisfaction in the claim that the doctrines of the party in power differ as widely from the Democracy of Jefferson, Jackson and Tilden as do the leaders. These worthies are long since dead and with them were buried most of the principles that made the party great. Were they alive today or had their principles survived, no such serious blunders would have been made.

All the damage cited above has been done by living Democrats who have left the moorings of their ancestors, and no amount of professions of higher statesmanship and promises of more patriotic legislation in the days to come will restore the party they have shipwrecked to the confidence they have justly lost or the opportunity, through continued power, to push the country further along on the road to ruin.

Editors, here and there, are engaged in giving good advice to the summer girl. We suppose by "summer girl" is meant those young women who are "now on pleasure bent," and who in this gladsome summer time let their minds wander in directions indicated by love's finger-board. Some of the advice of our contemporaries is worth accepting but a good deal of it will pass without notice. There is only one bit of advice the Journal has to offer and that is: Don't talk about people unless you have something good to say of them. "Thinketh no evil" is a splendid motto for the summer girl or the winter woman, to say nothing about the old man. If you think no evil of anybody, you will not talk scandal or circulate malicious gossip. The shoe is regular size, and will fit many feet. Try it on.

Some papers, among them the Journal we confess, have been disposed to laugh at Senator Hill because he said that the outlook was growing "better for the Democrats." But, on second thought, we are forced to the conclusion that he was right.

The Democrats, equally with their political opponents, have had to suffer from the costly and badly constructed legislation which the party has forced upon the people, but now with a Republican congress coming in, much of the mischief may be undone and Democrats as well as Republicans will benefit by the change. In this aspect of the case the outlook is better for Mr. Hill's party. Things really are looking better for us all.

President Grant vetoed the Democratic greenback inflation bill of 1874, and President Hayes vetoed the silver coinage bill of 1878, and it may be put down as a certainty that the Republican president elected in 1896 will veto any essentially vicious and dangerous financial legislation that congress might be deluded into enacting. But the next congress, as well as the next president, will be Republican and so no fear need be entertained that any free silver heresies will gain foothold.

The country will anxiously wait to see if Richard Olney, the "recently discovered" secretary of state, is competent to fill the shoes of Clay, Webster, Seward and Blaine; also if Judson Harmon, the Cincinnati lawyer, can fill the seat honored by such men as William Wirt, Nathan Clifford, Caleb Cushing and William M. Evarts.

THOMAS B. REED.

It is pretty generally conceded that the choice of the Republican masses, at this time, for presidential nominee rests between McKinley, Harrison and Thomas B. Reed. The party will make no mistake in selecting either one of them. Probably the last mentioned gentleman is the least popular in the west although his ability and strength is nowhere questioned. The probability of his nomination will be affected by the conditions of the next congress. He will of course be elected speaker of the house, and this position is really second only in importance to that of the presidential office. He will step into the speaker's chair entirely untrammelled, and as he is master of the situation, will form the committees with an unfettered judgment and from an experience and knowledge equalled by no man in the nation. In this position his influence upon legislation will be incalculable, for while he may not be able to bring about exactly such legislation as he would desire he can prevent that which he does not approve. The ability which he will have to serve his country in this position, and his incomparable genius for the work, will have its effect upon the public mind and in the nominating convention, contributing to lessen his chances of nomination for the presidency. If he does not receive the nomination it will not be because he would not be a suitable choice for president, but because the people desire to retain him as speaker of the house.

His qualifications for leadership are undeniable. He believes in his party because he believes the Republican party has a mission to perform.

His knowledge of parliamentary law, his fertility of resource, and his courage, coupled with broad statesmanship and patriotism combine to make him one of the foremost men in the nation and a leader whom we all delight to honor.

The righteous wrath of many women, advocates of equal suffrage has been heated, to the boiling point by the discourteous, not to say brutal, attack upon their purposes and plans by Bishop Doane. Before he hears the last of it the eminent divine will conclude that while vituperation may excite many, it will convince none.

Whatever may be said for or against the woman's suffrage movement, the phillipic of the reverend gentleman was as ill conceived as are the assertions of some on the other side to the effect that there is a diversity of interest, a natural or cultivated antagonism between men and women which lead the former to combine for action against the interests of the latter. Unbalanced minds in one sex or the other may hold to these absurdities, but the common sense of the enlightened race knows better.

In 1871 the gold product of the United States amounted to $43,500,000, while that of silver was $23,000,000. In 1881, ten years later, the gold product was $87,400,000 as against $43,000,000 in silver. Ten years later, in 1891, the gold product had dropped to $33,175,000, while the silver product of the country was increased to $78,416,000. If the same ratio of increase of silver production over gold production is maintained, as no doubt it will be, even with no unlimited coinage legislation, the silver output in 1901 will exceed $130,000,000. Now then, with this natural increase, the question is, should this country still further overshadow gold by inviting the mine owners to dump unlimited millions of their silver upon the government and demand the dollar stamp thereon? Query, where would gold go to?

If the white minority of South Carolina succeeds in disfranchising the black majority, it may be a question for congress to settle whether South Carolina should be represented in congress by three men or by seven as at present. It is unfair to other states to allow a limited number of citizens in South Carolina, to have as much power in our national legislation as the entire voting population of one of the other states. It may be constitutional; we doubt it, at any rate it is unjust.

It seems incredible, that the distance between crime and punishment is as great as facts recently gathered would indicate. The number of murders committed in 1894, as shown by the records was 68,000 while the number of legal executions was only 110 and 194 lynchings. If these figures are correct it looks as though justice was on a vacation or asleep during last year.

The greatest need of the country is more Republican prosperity to offset Democratic deficits.—St. Louis Globe Democrat. Have patience, brother, it is coming out all right. Don't you hear 'dat hummin', hummin', as the reserve climbs "dat golden stair?"

It is admitted generally that the metal used for money should be the one that changes least in value. Gold is that metal, and the primary reason why silver fails of answering all the requirements of sound money is because its value fluctuates.

Secretary Carlisle shows by his speeches that he is rapidly gaining an understanding of financial matters. When he is backed by a Republican congress he will be in a position to accomplish something.

About the best Republican campaign literature for 1896 that we know of will be, Cleveland's tariff letter, Carlisle's financial speeches and Don Dickinson's note of warning against Great Britain.

Mr. Olney's attention should be called to the fact that this country is patiently waiting for that "ample apology" from Spain.

CITIZENSHIP.

The National Citizenship league of Chicago has requested ministers of every denomination and belief, in all parts of the country, to devote the Sunday immediately preceding the Fourth of July to sermons on "Christian Citizenship," and from responses received it is believed that 100,000 pulpits will ring with that subject on June 30. The trouble is that many of the people who most need such sermons will not be at church to hear them.

That such sermons are needed there is no doubt. No nation can long endure, no people can permanently prosper, that neglects to recognize an ever-ruling providence and a divinity that guides and directs the thoughts and ambitions of mankind. A nation is great only when it bows to the authority of God as revealed in the human conscience of right, and frames its laws by His laws. Without that, wealth is but a quicker means of self-indulgence and the degradation which springs from it. Without that, intelligence is but the more potent instrument of personal and social wrong. Without that, social ties are powerless as spiders' silk to bind the human will.

One of the many reasons why the average Republican may be proud of his party is the fact that it contains so many men who are judged by all the people to be amply qualified for the Presidential chair. Almost every state has its favorite son and not one who is not worthy and well qualified. Plenty of good material should not, and will not hinder the choice of the best. The Journal contends that a man to be chosen as standard bearer of so good a party should be the best one of the lot regardless of minor considerations. It was Warner Miller who said: "This is not a question of geography."

Business conditions continue to improve. The slide down the toboggan chute is invariably followed by the rising of the elevator again. Things cannot always stay at the bottom. And this natural tendency to recover, which would have to come some time in some degree anyway, has been assisted by the evident wise determination of the people to have no more to do with the party of free trade. This rising condition will continue if the same wise people relegate to the rear the party of unsound money which is now clamoring to be heard.

Treasury officials are expecting the treasury will show a surplus this month. Ever since Cleveland commenced giving the country object lessons in finance the administration has been hoping against hope and it certainly would break the monotony to witness once more the nation's income larger than its outgo.

The Democracy are making much ado about the "harmony" dinner given by Chauncey Depew. It would be an amusing spectacle to see a score of Democrats "harmonize" at any political feast that could be gotten up. Can you think of 20 prominent Democratic statesmen whose views harmonize?

During the recent visit of ex-President Harrison to New York he attracted a good deal of attention. His rooms at the hotel were besieged with callers and it looks as though eastern Republicans were still very much interested in Indiana's candidate for president.

Japan is setting the world an example of reform in various ways. She has just issued an order to all Chinamen who wish to remain within her borders to cut off their cues and quit binding their feet. She evidently intends genuine reform, by commencing at both ends.

Summer schools for teachers are quite the fad in several of the states. The teacher who does his or her duty during the school year needs the summer for rest and recreation rather than for added work. All work and no play makes Jack and Jane both dull.

Every speech like that of Carlisle's last week fixes more firmly the determination of the people to keep every dollar equal in purchasing power to every other dollar, and also widens the breach, now almost a chasm, between the two wings of Democracy.

Why is it that a woman will hesitate, higgle and finally not buy the pair of two-dollar kid gloves that she will the next day eagerly pounce upon at $1.99, after waiting for an hour in the crush before a bargain counter?

One of the Journal's far west exchanges keeps these lines at the head of its editorial page: "Don't tell the editor how to run his paper; just let the poor devil find out for himself."

Uncle Sam's dollar has always been as good as gold. He turned his back to the greenback paper mill years ago, and he is too wise now to be led astray by the sirens of the silver mine.

It is positively denied that President Cleveland went fishing a week ago Sunday. So much has been said upon the subject we wonder why he didn't go.

Someone has defined news to be the truth concerning men, nations and things. That is, truth concerning them which is helpful, or pleasant, or useful, or necessary for a reader to know.

The people who have paid their income tax will have to wait till congress assembles before they can get their money back. O, that last congress was a great body.

The South isn't solid for silver, that's plain enough.

It is a relief to humanity to learn that Oscar Wilde is insane. Not that we wish him ill, but it mitigates his case to suspect that he has been out of his head for a long time.

Senator Hill, the Democrat of Democrats, does not seem to favor free silver, after all. He had better come over into the party of sound money and keep in good company.

Do you ask why the leaders of the Democratic party have so much of sympathy for the Chinese? It is because neither party has won a victory.

The price of wheat went up so high that it carried several Chicago commission firms with it, much to the dismay of their creditors.

Will the new Bible, as translated by the women, eliminate the 22nd verse of the fifth chapter of Paul's epistle to the Ephesians?

Several New York papers want to change the old ticket of Harrison and Morton, and have it in 1896, Morton and Harrison.

Certain mugwump writers claim that Cleveland will be the Republican presidential nominee in 1896. Perish the thought!

President Cleveland has appointed two Ohio men, but it will have no effect upon the 137,000 Republican plurality in that state.

If the president has advanced Richard Olney to the head of the cabinet table, we repeat that he might have done worse.

The husband of the woman who bought "a perfect dream of a bonnet" had the nightmare when the bill came in.

The only consolation that the rise in the price of flour permits, is the fact that it has been abnormally cheap.

Leaderless and issueless the Democratic party is a good one to leave at this juncture.

BRIGHTER LIGHT AHEAD.

There is an indication of recuperation throughout the country. A few mills are being opened, and all want to open. Wages in a few instances have been raised, but in no case to more than one-third the amount of the reduction which was one of the first results of this Democratic administration. Bankers are no longer hoarding their money, as they have been doing for the last two years, but are cautiously seeking remunerative investments. Money would be still more free if it were not for the free silver agitation. But it must be remembered that all of these good omens and pleasing indications are in view of a great Republican victory in 1896. The people feel that hard times are nearly over, because the period of Democratic domination is coming to its close. It is a matter of history which no Democrat can deny that hard times in this country and Democratic control have always gone together.

In view of the better light and the clearer comprehension which come to the American people out of this dark period of Democratic supremacy, the Republican party stands again upon the threshold of an era of political power and national responsibility.

There are several gold cures around the country. The next fortune is in store for the man who invents a silver one.

Norway and Sweden seem to be bent on a war of the rebellion. Our experience, alas! is of no avail as a warning.

The sun never affected Mr. Cleveland on a reviewing stand on Memorial day; but then the sun never had a chance.

It is proposed to raise the tax on tobacco 2 cents a pound. If this is done most of us will have to give up smoking. The average cigar is just on the dead line. Make it cheaper and its only use will be the disinfection of green houses.

Money in Colleges.

President C. F. Thwing, who is good authority on nearly all matters pertaining to our higher educational institutions, says that the putting of money into colleges is today the safest kind of financial investment, and that if a man now living could return to earth a thousand years hence he would be likely to find that trusts reposed in colleges had been guarded with the greatest care of any. It is certainly true that college finances are, as a rule, well managed, and rich men who give money to increase the usefulness of those institutions have every reason to believe that their gifts will be used in such a way as to do the greatest possible amount of good. In its connection it is interesting and satisfactory to note that there seems to be less and less disposition to found new colleges, and instead to give to those already established and which have demonstrated their ability to carry out the purposes of those who built and equiped them. There are now few, if any, sections of this country where new colleges are needed, and men who have money to spare for the higher education will best serve the public by strengthening those which have already earned recognition. Something besides fine buildings and elaborate equipment in the way of apparatus, etc., is needed to make a successful college. This country is not without illustrations which prove the truth of this statement, and there is little reason to doubt that the time has come when money spent for the purpose of increasing the number of colleges might better be devote to the development of those which are now doing good work.

Advanced Woman's Needs.

Lady Violet Granville says: "The advanced woman needs a code of honor. If she is to compete with men in men's work she must adopt the code which men have found effective and practical. She must learn to hold her tongue, to respect other people's business, other people's secrets and other people's letters. She must not pry or tell white lies, or do little mean, underhand actions. In fact, a man's honor must be a woman's. This will necessitate a complete change in womans' prejudices, opinions and conduct.

UNRAVELING A MYSTERY.

The Discerning Detective Thinks He Has a Clue.

"Look here," she said defiantly, as she strode into the detective's office, "my husband's missing."

"You don't say so!"

"I don't say so, don't I? Well, I'd have you to understand that I do say so, and what's more you heard me say so. And I don't propose to stand here and be contradicted by any man that lives."

She paused for breath and the officer murmured:

"I didn't mean any offense."

"If that ain't like a man! What difference does it make what you meant? You don't suppose I care what you meant? You've got your business to attend to, haven't you? All I ask is that you mind it, and not ask fool questions and make silly remarks. Where's my husband?"

"Why—how do I know where your husband is?"

"Of course you don't know where he is. You're not paid for knowing where he is, are you? I haven't been up to the tax collector's office twice a year for the last twenty—I mean ten years—paying my share of your salary to look after just such cases as this."

"Well, ma'am, I don't know where he is, but I've got a clew."

"You don't say so."

"The first thing we do is to look for a motive. I think I've found out why your husband left home. If I learn any more I'll let you know." And he dodged into his private office and bolted the door.—From the Washington Star.

The New York Morning Journal, now conducted by that stalwart Democrat, John R. McLean, is disappointed because Mr. Cleveland has not taken its advice and appointed Mr. Whitney as secretary of state. Mr. Whitney is a patriot and a bimetalist and The Morning Journal had a notion that such a man would help to correct some of the administration's blunders. With a sigh of despair, it says:

Had the president seen fit to modify his cabinet as The Journal advised the country would understand that the president made a patriotic effort if not a personal sacrifice; and the president's party would again actively realize the honorable regard in which it has held him. It is no mere rhetoric to say that there is serious danger of its abeyance, even of its obliteration. With the cabinet changes suggested by us the cause of a worldwide monetary equilibrium would have taken the longest stride it can at present achieve.

Boston has a unique exhibition in the shape of a display of lilacs which is probably the largest ever seen in this country. The collection contains from 125 to 150 varieties of the syringa vulgaris, which have been obtained from all parts of the world. The display includes every known species of this fragrant flower in cultivation.

Yawns are now subject to copyright in England. A lecturer on natural history, who photographed a tiger's yawn and had it copyrighted, recently sued a London periodical who reproduced it. The yawn, it seems, was identified by a cancerous growth in the tigers' mouth, which was mistaken by the artist for a normal part of the beast and accordingly reproduced.

Cuticura SOAP

The most Effective Skin Purifying and Beautifying Soap in the World.

The Purest, Sweetest, and Most Refreshing for Toilet Bath and Nursery.

For Pimples, Blackheads Red, Rough, Oily Skin and Baby Blemishes,

For Red, Rough Hands, with Shapeless Nails and Painful Finger Ends,

For Irritations of the Scalp with Dry, Thin, and Falling Hair it is wonderful.

Sale greater than the Combined Sales of all other Skin Soaps.

Sold throughout the world. Price, 25c. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK,

Hip, Kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

VITALIS

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely removes Nervousness, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Wasting Disease and all effects of Self Abuse or excess and indiscretion. Restores lost Vitality, Power and Full Memory. Wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per pack, six for $5.00 with a guarantee to CURE or REFUND THE MONEY. Circular free. Address CALUMET MEDICINE CO., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale in Racine by WM. R KIRKBY' DRUGGIST.

Ely's Cream Balm THE CURE FOR CATARRH HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD

Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels diseases, giving the patient health and happiness where sickness, gloomy feelings and lassitude first prevailed.

For primary, secondary and tertiary syphilis, for blood poisoning, mercurial poison, malaria, dyspepsia, and in all blood and skin diseases, like blotches, pimples, old chronic ulcers, tetter, scald head, boils, erysipelas, eczema—we may say, without fear of contradiction, that P. P. P. is the best blood purifier in the world, and makes positive, speedy and permanent cures in all cases.

Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due to menstrual irregularities, are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., Aug. 14th, 1893.—I can speak in the highest terms of your medicine from my own personal knowledge. I was affected with heart disease, pleurisy and rheumatism for 25 years, was treated by the very best physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, tried every known remedy without the least relief. I have only taken one bottle of your P. P. P., and can cheerfully say it has done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I can recommend your medicine to all sufferers of the above diseases.
MRS. M. M. YEARY, Springfield, Green County, Mo.

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES AND OLD SORES CATARRH, MALARIA, KIDNEY TROUBLES and DYSPEPSIA

Are entirely removed by P.P.P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., July 22, 1891. MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours, JAS. M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P. for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON, Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893. MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: *Gentlemen*—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief: it purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST, Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

LIPPMAN BROS. PROPRIETORS, Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." 'TIS VERY EASY TO CLEAN HOUSE WITH SAPOLIO

G. MARTINS. FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Open at all hours Day or Night. Morgue in Connection. Always on hand.
Telephone 784. 234 Main St.
Residence 1432 N. Wisconsin St.

EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL

For the relief of BLINDNESS, DEAFNESS, DEFORMITIES and all diseases of the EYE and EAR.

Send $1.00 for a bottle of our celebrated Eye Water for sore, inflamed and weak eyes of every kind.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

An assortment of eyes sent to any address allowing purchaser to select one or more and return the balance, thus assuring a perfect fit.

THE EAR and its DISEASES and DEFORMITIES are much better understood now than in former years, and yield more readily to proper treatment. Head noises, deafness and offensive discharges from the ear cured.

Address all letters carefully to
DR. B. A. CAMFIELD, 126 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

UNITED STATES AND FOREIGN PATENTS. JOHN E. WILES. TRADE MARKS. COPYRIGHTS & C. EXPERT IN PATENT CAUSES. 107 WISCONSIN ST. MILWAUKEE WIS.

McNULTA HOLDS ON.

His Deputy Sheriffs Guard the Shufeldt Distillery at Chicago.

Attacked by an Invading Party But Repel the Invaders.

A Sharp Conflict Ensues But no Damage or Loss of Life—More Trouble Expected and Matters Look Serious.

Chicago, June 17.—The anticipated attack on the Shufeldt distillery, one of the whisky trust plants, occurred early this morning, when a dozen armed men attempted to take possession. The attacking party was met by deputy marshals on guard by order of Receiver McNulta. After a harmless exchange of 25 or 30 shots the attacking party retired. Trouble has been expected at the trust distilleries ever since the recent decision of the state supreme court, declaring the trust illegal as it was held under the decision the distilleries reverted to the original owners.

In anticipation of another attempt by these owners to get forcible possession, Receiver McNulta as officer of the court put them under guard. Last night's attacking party secured a large scow and when first seen by the guards were gliding across the river toward the distillery, the marshals passed at the landing and when the scow approached the men on board called on them to surrender. They replied with a volley of revolver shots, which the deputies returned. The scow then dropped down the river and disappeared. Guard has been doubled today in anticipation of further trouble. The distillery formerly belonged to the Lynch family and the attack is supposed to be under the direction of Thomas Lynch, Jr.

That serious trouble at the Schufeldt's and the Calumet distilleries is feared is evident from the warlike preparations being made. Receiver McNulta, it was said, has arranged for immediate help from the United States troops at Fort Sheridan and in case of need a large additional force of troops is practically under orders to be moved, whenever they are wanted. The chief fear is from the action of the mob in case of a riot, getting to the distilleries and helping themselves to liquor, with a probably dangerous result. For that reason the police as well as the other officials are alert.

HARLEM SHIP CANAL OPENED.

Thousands of People Watch the Great Parade in New York.

New York, June 17.—The Harlem ship canal which connects the Hudson river with Long Island sound, was formally opened this afternoon with a monster aquatic and land parade in which the United States army and navy, state militia and naval reserves, city police, and fire department and numerous civic bodies were represented. Great crowds were stationed along the line of march. The ceremony of pouring two barrels of water from the Great Lakes into the canal, symbolizing the union of the lakes with the sound was accompanied by the firing of cannon by the United States cruisers Atlanta and Cincinnati.

CAPTURED A TRAIN.

Rebels Make a Big Haul in Silver, Guns and Ammunition.

Key West, Fla., June 17.—Private advices state that 7,000 rebels under General Maceo and other leaders captured a train loaded with 125 Spanish troops near Bibaro, Cuba, together with $80,000 in silver, 1,100 rifles and 50,000 rounds of ammunition.

Looking For Peace.

Havana, June 17.—A commission of influential private citizens is endeavoring to bring about a conference with General Gamez. They hope to secure the restoration of peace.

British Steamboat Ashore.

Bombay, June 17—The British steamer Ajmir is ashore at Bassein, and is probably a total loss. The crew and passengers are safe.

Fighting in Formosa.

Shanghai, June 17.—Fighting is in progress at Taiwan, Formosa, where 10,000 black flags have assembled. The Japanese are attacking the forts and the British war ship is removing foreigners.

Threat of Anarchists.

Paris, June 17.—A report is current in Hamburg that anarchists will attempt a great outrage on the occasion of the fetes at Kiel.

REPORTORIAL NOTES.

A regular meeting of the city council will be held this evening.

A child of A. P. Anderson, No. 1245 Herrick avenue, fell and broke its arm Saturday afternoon. Dr. Sorenson attended the case.

Mrs. John Hanley, of Villa street, became suddenly insane Saturday evening and it was necessary to call the officers to take care of her. Mrs. Hanley has been insane before and her case is certainly sad and the family have the sympathy of their many friends.

The Home school commencement exercises will be held at the Y. M. C. A. hall Thursday evening, June 20, at 8 o'clock. No invitations issued. Tickets for reserved seats may be obtained Wednesday, June 19, at Mrs. McMurphy's residence, 920 Park avenue.

There are some people who make even work a dissipation.—San Francisco Call.

TAYLOR WILL SURRENDER.

South Dakota Will Lose Nothing by Taylors Defalcation.

Deadwood, S. D., June 17. — State Treasurer Phillips was advised today that W. W. Talyor the defaulting ex-treasurer would be surrendered at Pierre tomorrow. Governor Sheldon is authority for the statement that the state will lose nothing; that property of sufficient value to more than cover Taylor's defalcation has been turned over to the state by Taylor and his bondsmen and that notwithstanding this case against him he will be punished with as much severity as though it had been undertaken against a less prominent prisoner.

OFF FOR GRAY GABLES.

President Off For Gray Gables on the U. S. Yacht Oneida.

Washington, June 17.—The president left in his private car this morning for Buzzards bay, arriving at Jersey City shortly before noon and went on board the yacht Oneida and proceeded at once for Gray Gables. It is not expected the president will return to Washington before next fall. Executive business will be transacted at Gray Gables, but the announcement of all action taken will be made at the White House.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith entertained a large number of their friends at their new home on the west side. The evening was pleasantly spent with music and dancing and fine refreshments were served.

J. Tygesen, of Chicago, was in the city Saturday, the guest of Paul Ottergaard, of the Central hotel.

One of the West side whist clubs enjoyed an outing at Pike's woods yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lucas, who have been at the Merchants hotel the past several months, departed for Fremont, Neb.

Miss Barker of Chicago, is a guest of Miss Mattie Sinclair of Main street.

E. C. Teetonlons has returned from Texas, where he has been attending the convention of the T. P. A. He reports having had an excellent time.

Mrs. Harris of Milwaukee, and Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong of Fox Lake, were guests of Mr. T. H. Harnett Saturday.

Frank Holderness, manager of the Park City base ball club of Kenosha, was in this city yesterday.

William R. Tate is reported much better today and is out of danger, which news will be cheerfully received by his host of friends throughout the city.

Samuel Bowerman, who was a printer in this city 25 years ago, now representing a prominent Chicago commission house, is in the city calling upon the different strawberry growers. Sam is one of the hustlers and will get his share of the berries.

George Eastman was stricken with paralysis at the corner of Villa and Eleventh streets this afternoon and was removed to St. Lukes hospital.

Louis Johnson, a milk peddler, was overcome by the heat on Forest street this morning and was taken to his home in a wagon.

J. P. Logue, superintendent of the knitting and shoe department at Waupun prison, is in the city today. He says that all of the Racine prisoners are doing well. Minnie Harvey, who burglarized the house of Peter Nelson, is working in the knitting department and does not show the slightest indications of being insane. Louis Purcell is working in the shoe department and appears to be fat and healthy.

Mr. B. B. Northrop left this noon for Madison to meet with the board of visitors of the State University. Mr. Northrop has just received the appointment upon this important committee.

T. M. Kearney has gone south and east for a two weeks business trip.

William Gillen departed for Sturgeon Bay to inspect government work.

Mrs. W. W. Evans and son of St. Joseph, Mo., are visiting in the city.

Mrs. W. W. Pugh and Mrs. G. O. Jones after a brief visit in this city left for a trip to eastern resorts.

Dr. F. R. Garlock and Prof. R. C. Hindley will attend the meeting of the state Medical Society to be held at West Superior this week.

Found a Horse and Buggy.

On Saturday morning a light bay mare and buggy was found in a field near Ive's Grove. The top of the buggy was broken, a front wheel broken off, and the animal looked as if she had been driven hard. The beast is at the barn of James Green, at Ive's grove, awaiting identification. There is some belief that it is the horse and buggy of A. McAvoy, and an investigation is being made.

INCENDIARIES AT WORK.

Greenville, Ohio, Visited by a $225,000 Conflagration.

Greenville, O., June 17.—Fire broke out early this morning in a stable surrounded by business houses, and spread rapidly destroying the wholesale house of Westerfield Bros.; Daily Tribune and Courier offices, Methodist church, Deutsche Unschan, Davis livery stable, five dwellings and other property to the value of $225,000. The fire is the work of incendiaries and in the excitement the thieves looted the town. Two ineffectual attempts were made to fire buildings in other parts of the town.

TWO LINES OF BOATS.

Goodrich and Hurson Steamboat Lines Begin Excursion Business.

The Steamers Nyack and Chicago and Tug Gillen in a Jam.

An Official Notice Sent Out in Reference to the Sunken Kate Kelly—Arrivals in Port—General Marine News.

Opposition in the excursion business between the Hurson and Goodrich Transportation lines of steamers has commenced and during the remainder of the season Racine people can ride to and from Chicago and Milwaukee at very cheap rates. Saturday morning the Hurson steamer Nyack came into port with a brass band on board and flags flying landing at Kelley, Weeks & Company's docks. She took out nearly 60 passengers for Milwaukee. Shortly after the Goodrich boat Chicago arrived and took a number. Both boats arrived back in the evening on time and there was a very sick crowd on board, as quite a heavy sea prevailed from the northeast and shifted to the southeast. The Goodrich boat Chicago landed at her dock and the Nyack farther up at the Kelley, Weeks & Company dock. The Nyack in leaving port attempted to pass the Chicago on the north and ran hard aground on the bar that has formed just opposite the Goodrich dock. The tug Gillen pulled at the stranded steamer for over an hour and failed to release her. In the meantime the Chicago had winded about at Main street bridge and made an attempt to get out but failed and the two steamers and tug virtually blockaded the entrance to the harbor for over half an hour. The Chicago squeezed past and steamed into the lake and a few moments after the tug released the Nyack and she also cleared. This is only another illustration of the condition of the harbor.

Yesterday the steamer Indiana of the Goodrich company was the first one to put in an appearance and took quite a crowd to Chicago. The steamer City of Fremont of the Hurson line, arrived later and had a large number on board. When she cleared there was nearly 75 Racineites on board and they were brought back last evening.

It is evident that the Hurson line of steamers is bound to do a good business. They will continue to land at Kelley, Weeks & Cos'. dock until prevented by the owners. In such an event it is presumed that the City of Racine will declare the dock at the foot of Lake avenue, now controlled by the C. M. & St. Paul Railroad company, vacant. When the city gave the railroad company the right of the dock in question it was with the special agreement that the large elevator which was burned down should occupy it and that the dock should be kept in good repair. Both agreements have been grossly violated by the railroad company and they have lost all right to the dock. If this is done for the benefit of the Hurson company, the line of boats will not only do an excursion business here, but will engage in the freight business and build large freight and passenger offices. Of course this could not be done unless the harbor is dredged and this will be accomplished in a short time, the dredges of the Racine Dredge company being expected daily, they having received the contract to do the dredging and digging a 16-foot channel. The following notice has been sent out from the office of the lighthouse inspector, Ninth district, at Chicago, Ills., under date of June 15:

Notice to Mariners.

Notice is hereby given that the wreck of the schooner Kate Kelly, in nine fathoms of water, off Wind point (Racine point) lighthouse Wisconsin, until further notice, shall be marked every night by a white light attached to one of the masts projecting from the wreck. Angles from the wreck: Wind point lighthouse to Racine lighthouse, 55 degrees 50 minutes; Racine lighthouse to Kenosha main light, 22 degrees 12 minutes. Bearings: Wind point lighthouse, w¾n, 1¾ miles; Racine lighthouse, sw¼s, 4 miles.

By order of the lighthouse board.
Commander J. H. Dayton, U. S. N.,
Inspector Ninth Lighthouse District.

General Marine.

The steamer Edward Buckley arrived in port yesterday with a cargo of timber.

The schooner Belle arrived in port with a load of wood for William Pugh.

This morning the schooner Rob Roy arrived with wood for H. Fellows company.

Captain Griffin of the steamer Lawrence states that search for the hull of the lost Chicora is still being prosecuted between St. Joseph and South Haven without result, and its abandonment may soon be decided upon.

ACCIDENTS.

A child of Mr. and Mrs. Kohlmann, residing near the corner of Grand avenue and Fifteenth street, was fooling with a loaded revolver, when the weapon exploded and the bullet passed through the palm of the hand. Dr. Kitte was called and attended the case.

MAYOR HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

Judge Gaynor Holds That City Councils Have Sole Power to Refuse Licenses.

Brooklyn, June 17. — Judge Gaynor granted a mandamus to compel Mayor Schieren to issue a license to the Seaside Athletic club. He holds that the power to refuse license is vested in the common council, not the mayor.

ENJOYED AN OUTING.

Hamlet and Dania Society Saengerfest—Junior League Picnic—Racine Malleable Iron Co.—Other Picnics.

The Hamlet and Dania Society saengerfest tendered at the Lincoln park yesterday was largely attended. They were assisted by Schulte's band of 22 musicians and soloists and there were 50 trained voices in the singing societies. The programme was made up of marches, overtures, glees, solos, etc., by both the band and singers. Henry Fish played a trombone solo and Floyd Jackson a cornet solo. The instrumental concert was in the open air and the vocal concert in the pavilion. The park was lighted by electricity last evening and oriental lanterns gave the surroundings a pleasing effect. Refreshments were served on the grounds.

Union Junior League.

There was a merry crowd at Murray's grove Saturday afternoon. It was a Union Junior league picnic. Over 350 little folks enjoyed an outing, and will never forget it as everything was carried out in a manner solely for their edification. In the city there are three of these leagues. They are the First M. E. church, Mrs. E. A. Bishop, superintendent; Second M. E. church, Mrs. Lane, superintendent, and the Trinity M. E. church, Miss Isaacs, superintendent. The first league has fully 150 members and Mrs. Bishop is a hard and energetic worker in the good cause. The first part of the day was devoted to a royal reception of the little folks. Then came the grand march about the grounds, in which 300 took part and it was a pretty sight to watch the little folks skip and hop about. A dinner was afterwards served fit for a king. Following was swinging, games, an entertainment consisting of singing, recitations, etc. At 4 o'clock a procession was formed and the 300 or more little folks marched up and received a choice box of candy, a present from Mr. Joseph Schroeder. This ended the day's fun and the crowd dispersed and went to their homes vowing that they never had such a time in their short lives.

At Lutz Park.

The Racine Malleable & Wrought Iron Company's Employes Benevolent association's picnic at Lutz's park Saturday afternoon and evening was a grand success. Many hundreds of people were present and enjoyed themselves to their heart's content. The reputation of the "Only genuine African dodger" was somewhat diminished as 30 dozen eggs were broken over his cranium. The tug-of-war between the machinists and moulders was won by the former easily. The association realized the snug sum of $200, which will be used for benevolent purposes.

Other Picnics Held.

The Wergeland society gave a successful picnic at Wolff's park yesterday. Lawson & Hyeck furnished the music.

The Employes' Benevolent association connected with the J. I. Case Plow works gave a successful picnic at Lincoln park Saturday. About $80 was cleared above all expenses. Dancing and games of all kinds predominated. Oscar Madson secured the $20 walking plow given away by the society.

THE Y. W. C. A.

First Anniversary Will be Observed Tomorrow Evening.

Tomorrow evening the Young Women's Christian association will give one of the best entertainments of the season in the hall of the Young Men's Christian association. Those who are to take part have labored earnestly to make the evening a pleasant and entertaining one and that they will succeed there can be no doubt. The entertainment is free to all and every one who attends will feel more than repaid for the effort. Below is the programme that will be given tomorrow evening:

Piano duett, Mrs. Knudson, Miss Jackson; "One Year in the Young Women's Christian association," Miss Nellie Sheldon; "The Story of the Merchant of Venice," Miss Sadie Harris; Act I Scene 2, "Merchant of Venice," Shakespeare class; tableau, "The Moor choosing the casket;" vocal solo, Mrs. O. Burlingame; scene, Launcelot and Jessica; tableau, giving the keys to Jessica; tableaux, from the court scene, Shakespeare class assisted by gentlemen from the Y. M. C. A.; music, selected.

Between the scenes Mrs. Erskine will read the parts represented. The following is the case of characters: Portia, Olive Roberts; Bessanio, Albert Link; Nurissa, Nellie Paddock; Antonio, Harry Poland; Gratiano, Harry Tickner; The Moor of Venice, Schuyler Van Raensaler; The Duke, H. H. Rettman; Jessica, Mrs. Geraldine Knudson; Shylock, Evan Morgan; Launcelot, Irvin Grant; Balthasar, Clarence Harney; court ladies, Miss Henderson, Mary Hazel.

MATRIMONIAL.

Bartos-Amundsen.

Married at the residence of Mr. Halverson, 1017 North Main street, Miss Annie Bartos to Mr. Andrew Amundsen, by Rev. Charles S. Lane. A large number of relatives and friends were present.

BICYCLE VS. HORSE.

Bicycle Prince Wins a Ten Mile Race with Horses.

El Paso, Tex., June 17.—J. S. Prince, professional bicyclist of Omaha, won the 10-mile horse-bicycle race, in 32 minutes and 17 seconds, on a one-half mile track. Three horses were used in the relays. Prince won by 30 seconds. He fell twice, losing a quarter of a mile in one fall.

STOLE A SINGLE RIG.

A Stranger Steals a Horse and Buggy From McAvoy & Sons.

Wanted to Drive Out in the Country But Fails to Return.

A Horse Thief Bound Over to the Circuit Court — Arthur Dishnau Captured—General Police and Justice Happenings.

There appears to be an epidemic of horse stealing prevalent in this state and Racine catches its share. On Saturday morning a fine looking and stylishly dressed young man arrived from Chicago on the Goodrich boat. He leaped to the dock before the gang plank was run out, accosted Billy Baumann, the bus man, handed him 25 cents, said no one else was on the steamer for Racine and asked to be taken to the Merchants hotel. At the hotel he registered as George Gardner, Chicago. He had no baggage, paid his bill in advance and instructed the clerk to call him at 7 o'clock, saying that he wanted to go into the country after a woman and his little girl. He was called at the hour named, went to A. McAvoy & Son's stables after a rig and tried to beat Frank McAvoy down on the price. It is a rule at the stables not to let a stranger have a rig unless he can give security or comes from a hotel. The fellow ordered the horse and buggy sent to the hotel. Frank McAvoy drove up and the stranger wanted to know if the buggy was heavy enough to carry three and was informed that it was. He said that he would be back at 11 o'clock and take dinner at the hotel.

The whole day passed and he failed to return and it dawned upon Mr. McAvoy that the rig had been stolen. The police were given a description of the rig and Mr. McAvoy went to Chicago and notified the officers of that place. Milwaukee and other cities were also notified, but no trace of the thief was found.

The horse is one of a team stolen two years ago last April and recovered in Chicago a long time after. The buggy is a Brewster and one of Mr. McAvoy's own make. The rig is valued at $150.

A Horse Thief Caught.

Several days ago a man came from the north with a horse and buggy and put up at the Asby house. He made an effort to dispose of the rig, but failed. Having no money to pay for the keeping of the animal at the barn Mr. Asby refused to let him take it away. He then disappeared and a short time after it was discovered that the animal was stolen from Milwaukee. The owner came down and recovered the property. The next day word was received from Kenosha that a horse and buggy had been stolen at that place of Mr. Melville. The thief was caught at Chicago and taken back to Kenosha. He gave his name as James Sammons, 53 years old and an old soldier. He was held to the circuit court for trial in bonds of $2,000. He has been identified as the same man who left the Milwaukee rig at the Asby barn. The identification is made complete by the fact that the thief has lost fingers on both the right and left hand and he admits that he stole the rig at Milwaukee.

No Trace of the Rig.

Jack Searles has found no trace of his pony and buggy and is sure it was stolen. He loaned it to Michael Cawley who came to the city. A tall farmer who had been working in Caledonia took the rig from a post where it was tied and that was the last seen of it. The police have not been able to find any trace of the thief.

Women at Horse Stealing.

Even women are stealing horses. Chief Johnson received a message from Green Bay yesterday instructing him to look out for a woman with a horse and buggy, a description being given, as she was headed this way with a horse and buggy that had been stolen.

Handy With a Brick.

Thomas Donovan is a bad man. Last week he got drunk and with another man came near killing a baby on Sixth street. When Chief of Police Johnson attempted to arrest him he showed fight and it required the services of four officers to land him in jail. He was sent up for five days. About 11:45 o'clock Saturday night he entered the saloon of Theodore Fagel, corner of Racine and Eleventh streets, in company with a young man named Horner. The latter called for the drinks and paid for them. Then Donovan set them up, but had no money to pay and was ejected. A few moments after a brick crashed through the large plate glass front. Fagel suspected Donovan and informed the police. Young Horner, his companion, was captured and squealed, saying that Donovan broke the window. A warrant was issued for his arrest and the officers captured him yesterday at the home of a man named Olson. He went to jail quietly.

Justice Morey fined the window smasher $25 and costs in default of which he was sent to jail for sixty days.

Dishnau Captured.

Arthur Dishnau occupied a cell at the county jail Saturday night and yesterday. A year ago Dishnau assaulted a man named Clement. A warrant was issued and Dishnau disappeared and went to California. Saturday he returned and engaged in a fight with a springmaker. The police heard of his actions and Sheriff Pugh armed with the warrant and accompanied by Officers Bassinger and Pederson, went to a Sixteenth street saloon to arrest the man. He attempted to escape by the rear door, but ran into the arms of Policeman Bassinger. The wagon was called and he was taken to jail.

This morning Dishnau was sent to jail for ten days by Justice Morey.

Tussle With an Officer.

Policeman John Ollerich had a lively tussel with a couple of drunken men near the base ball park Saturday night. The fellows had been at a picnic and were fighting. They were placed under arrest. A crowd gathered and interfered with the officer and tripped him up and he with the two men tumbled into a ditch and the prisoners escaped. It is understood that they are known and will be arrested today.

OBITUARY.

Converse.

John P. Converse died Saturday evening at the home of his mother, Mrs. Henrietta Converse, 1120 Wisconsin street, of liver complaint, aged 35 years. Deceased was born at Beloit, Wis., and was educated in the educational institutions of that city. For the past 12 or 15 years he had lived in Racine and was employed as a writer on both the Racine Journal and Times. During the past several months he has not been able to do any work and was a great sufferer. He was a young man of considerable literary ability and well liked by his fellow men. He was a member of the B. P. O. Elks. The funeral was held at the family residence at 12 o'clock today and was private. Rev. Arthur Piper of St. Luke's church, officiated. The remains were taken to Beloit at 12:30 via the C. M. & St. Paul R. R., for burial. The pall bearers were John Falvey, Wallace Ingalls, Charles Armstrong, Edward Hoernel, L. P. Munroe and W. J. Hopkins. There were many floral gifts, among them two pieces from the Elks and press. A mother and two sisters survive to mourn his death.

Embman.

Mrs. F. Embman died last night at her home, 1100 North Wisconsin street, of chronic pneumonia, aged 42 years. A husband and three children survive her. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from St. John's church.

Death of Miss Harriet Castle.

Special to Racine Journal:

Woodworth, Wis., June 17.—Miss Harriet Castle died very suddenly at her home here at 11 p. m., Saturday night, aged 65 years. She had been confined to her bed since Thursday, but was so much better on Saturday she expected to be up on Sunday. She came to Wisconsin with her parents in 1844 and has ever since resided here. Funeral on Tuesday from the Bristol and Paris Congregational church and interment in their cemetery.

WILDE AGAIN DOOMED.

London, June 17.—Application for the release of Oscar Wilde, pending steps for a new trial, was refused.

Waterproof collars and cuffs that you can clean yourself by simply wiping off with a wet sponge. The genuine look exactly like linen and every piece is marked this way:

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

They are made by covering a linen collar or cuff with "celluloid," and are the *only* waterproof goods made with an interlining, and the only goods that can stand the wear and give perfect satisfaction. Never wilt and not effected by moisture. Try them and you will never regret it. Ask for those with above trade mark and refuse any imitations. If your dealer does not have them we will mail you a sample direct on receipt of price. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. State whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

The Celluloid Company,
427-429 Broadway, New York.

Many men of many minds

say that

CLIMAX

Beats all other kinds

Climax Plug is much the best chewing tobacco made. It's **Lorillard's.**

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

USE BARNES' INK
A. S. BARNES & CO., 56 E. 10th St., N. Y.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED. My Tubular Cushions help when all else fails, as glasses help eyes. Whispers heard. No pain, invisible. F. Hiscox, 853 B'way New York, cor. 32d st. Send for book and proofs FREE.

WANTED--SALESMEN
Local and traveling. Good pay. Permanent. Experience not necessary. Apply quick. Established over 40 years. Phœnix Nursery Co., Box 1215, Bloomington, Ill.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1 at Druggists.

CONSUMPTIVES
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts.

CORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or BISCOX & CO., N. Y.

CANFIELD DRESS SHIELDS ARE UNRIVALED

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq. Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

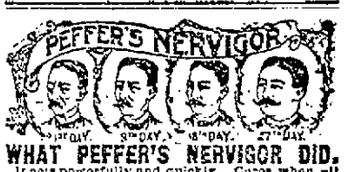
Get a Glass! Quick!

There's lots of snap and vim in this HIRES' Rootbeer. There's lots of pleasure and good health in it, too. A delicious drink, a temperance drink, a home-made drink, a drink that delights the old and young. Be sure and get the genuine

HIRES' Rootbeer

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.
THE CHAS. E. HIRES COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PEFFER'S NERVIGOR



WHAT PEFFER'S NERVIGOR DID.
It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with a Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address PEFFER MED'CAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by R. T. ROBINSON and W. R. KIRKBY

Lost Energy,

Fickle appetite, tired feeling, stomach sickness and weakness can be promptly remedied by using

Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial AND Blood Purifier.

It strengthens and builds up the enfeebled system, creates a good appetite and promotes digestion, clears the complexion and restores the body to perfect health.

Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

SHE WANTED TO DIE.

Mrs. Michael Raiser, of Lake Avenue, Creates an Excitement.

By Running to the Lake With Suicidal Intent.

Her Husband Catches and Carries Her Home— Says She Was Assaulted and That Her Husband Took Her Away, Etc.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Raiser occupy apartments on the second floor of dwelling house No. 432 Lake avenue. They were married last October, and are very poor people. Both go out and work. Between 12 and 1 o'clock today Mrs. Raiser ran screaming from the house and went direct to the lake at the foot of Fifth street with the intention of ending her life by drowning. She threw her hat into the water and lay down upon the shore and screamed. Her husband was not far behind and he stepped her from ending her existence and had a hard time carrying her home.

The woman was bound and determined that the police patrol should be called and take her to jail, as it was the only safe place in her opinion. But the husband went away and left her in charge of neighbors.

A reporter called at the house and ascertained that the old lady had been drinking pretty hard since last Saturday. Yesterday she and her husband cleaned out a saloon and earned some money. Last night she was on the way home when she claims a man attacked and choked her and attempted to take her money away.

She further said that she and her husband had saved about $10 and that her husband had taken all of the amount. This charge the husband emphatically denies. The wife also claimed that her husband abused her and he said that was false.

Taking everything into consideration it can be sized up as a bluff on the part of the woman to scare her husband. However the neighbors say that she meant to end her life and are afraid that if she is left alone she will succeed in her purpose.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Of Swedish Methodism in the United States.

On Sunday next the members of the Swedish Methodist churches in all cities in the United States will hold extra services. It will be the fiftieth anniversary of Swedish Methodism in America. History says that Swedish Methodism in the United States was founded by Rev. G. O. Hedstrom, now dead, at Newark, New Jersey, on board the good old ship John Wesley, who was the founder of the religion in the world. The members of the Swedish church in this city are preparing for the event. Professor Walinnes, of Evanston, Ill., will deliver the sermon.

THE KATE KELLY WRECK

Will Be Inspected by a Government Official.

It is understood that a government official will arrive in the city in a few days for the purpose of inspecting the wreckage of the schooner Kate Kelley, floating in the lake off North Point. Chicago papers say that a number of vessel captains have complained that it is a menace to navigation, being right in the course of sail and steam vessels. If such is found to be the case the government will contract to have it removed at once. In order to accomplish this feat it will be necessary for a diver to go down and attach lines.

MATRIMONIAL.

Rasmussen-Johnson.

James C. Johnson of this city, and Miss Adolphena Rasmussen of the town of Mt. Pleasant, were united in marriage at 7 o'clock last evening at the Trinity M. E. parsonage by the Rev. J. C. Tollefson. The bride was handsomely attired in a gown of light blue silk, and was attended by Miss Annie Johnson, sister of the groom. William Mark was the groom's best man. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nels Rasmussen in the town of Mt. Pleasant, where a wedding reception was held. The young couple were the recipients of many wedding gifts and hearty congratulations from the assembled guests. They will reside in this city, where the groom holds a lucrative position in one of the Junction factories.

Seven Graduated.

Schulte's orchestra of ten pieces played at the High school commencement exercises at Burlington last evening. It was a very important affair in Burlington society. The graduating class numbered seven, as follows: Grace E. Aldrich, Mary L. Wilson, Hester C. Wheeler, J. Ernest Brooke, Cora B. Choak, Margaret M. Hoyt. The field day exercises were held at Bushnell's park. Honors were carried off by M. Richardson, P. Richardson, Roy McCauna and Paul Foster.

Heirs Could Not Recover.

Elkhorn, Wis., June 14.—The suit of the Mahala Martin heirs to recover from Wallace Ingalls, the executor, the estate property purchased from them, as they claimed, at an insufficient price, has been decided by the circuit court in favor of the defendant.

REUNION OF SOLDIERS.

Caldwell, O., June 14.—The 31st annual national soldiers reunion opened today with a large attendance. Private Dalzell made the opening address.

POSTOFFICE BURGLARIZED.

Robbers Loot the Postoffice and Store of Macon, Ill.

Macon, Ill., June 14.—The postoffice was burglarized of a large amount of stamps last night. The burglars also secured cash and goods at the hardware store of Neschet & Gibson.

THE VICE PRESIDENT HONORED.

Degree of Doctor of Laws Conferred by the Chicago University Upon Him.

Chicago, June 14.—At the commencement exercises at the Chicago university the honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon Vice President Stevenson amid a storm of applause.

TRANSFERRED ITS PLANT.

Cleveland, June 14—The Brackes Wire & Nail company of this city, has transferred its plant to the Consolidated Steel & Wire company of Illinois. The Brackes company is the largest concern of its kind in the country. The price paid is $50,0000. The plant has been in the hands of a receiver for a year or more.

JERSEY PROHIBITIONISTS.

Newark, N. J., June 14.—The Prohibition convention nominated Henry W. Wilbur of Vineland, for governor.

STORM IN IOWA.

Des Moines, Ia., June 14.—A heavy rain storm occurred this morning accompanied by a severe electrical disturbance and hail.

WISCONSIN NEWS.

Pensions have been granted to residents of Wisconsin as follows: Additional—William H. Palmer, Janesville; Joseph Schmidt, Orihula. Renewals—Andrew Oleson, Arcadia. Renewal and Increase—Frederick Schwalm, Florence. Increased—Edward S. Donaldson, Waupaca; Patrick H. Sophy, Center. Reissued—William Gunter, Paris; Kryng Wolfert, Sheboygan; Moses P. Hartford, Spencer; William H. Gaspar, La Crosse; Henry Nelson, Unity. Original widow—James Saxton, Appleton.

The eighth annual convention and tournament of the Wisconsin State Firemen's association will be held at Juneau three days, commencing Wednesday, June 19. It is expected that this will be the largest meeting yet held, as the number of running teams entered is largely in excess of former years. Prizes valued at $1,300 have been offered, and in addition to the races there will be a big street parade of firemen.

Assignee Martin, of the defunct Seymour bank of Chippewa Falls, cannot make his report and close up the business because one single creditor refuses to accept the settlement of 40 cents on the dollar and stands out obstinately for full payment. Unless he comes to time soon the assignee will pay into the court the amount due him on the basis of settlement and ask to be discharged.

The jury in the case of C. S. Marsh, banker and blast furnace owner, of De Pere, declared the defendant insane. Marsh was once worth $500,000, which was lost by business reverses, and a short time ago he was arrested, charged with stealing hay from a neighbor. The burglary case was dropped and he goes to an asylum.

Ashland has fifty-six saloons, thirty-four of which have taken out licenses at $500 each and twenty-two have paid from $100 to $400 each into the city treasury, on license account. These places have been permitted to run as though licensed, but now the civic federation is after them for violating the laws in regard to the sale of liquor.

The Sparta Democrat says, that there will be a good crop of strawberries in that section and the output will be large. Early frosts pruned superfluous fruit buds and blossoms and the remaining buds developed into large berries. Prices will be unusually high and the berry grower will reap a rich harvest.

The State Federation of Labor elected the following officers, at Greenbay: Secretary-treasurer, J. Roth, Oshkosh; executive board, Jacob Hunger, William Vogt, Herman Obriecht, Milwaukee; J. E. Jenson, Green Bay; Charles Scheel, Oshkosh; state organizer, F. J. Weber.

Amos Devoe has returned to Boscobel from an eight weeks' hunt through portions of Burnett and Door counties and and Chisago county, Minn. He captured forty-three wolves and one wild cat, receiving in bounties for them $450.

The strike of the 300 cotton factory hands at Janesville is ended and the strikers will go to work next Monday at the old schedule of wages.

The Douglas county board of supervisors has adopted a resolution asking Gov. Upham to appoint Frank A. Flower deep waterways commissioner.

A New Company.

Articles of incorporation for the Zimmer Carpenter company were filed with the register of deeds this morning. The capital stock is $7,000. The objects of the company are to do a general carpenter and contracting business.

The peculiar and exceptional advantages of the South ought to attract capital from all countries For the water power of Lawrence, Mass, the manufacturers pay $20 per horse power annually. You can get the best water power in the world at $5.50 annually right here in Augusta, Ga. The hum of many millions of additional spindles and thousands of new looms will be busily employed inside the next few years, using up some of the thousands of bales of cotton which at present are shipped to other countries. The productions will be for the home markets and foreign markets such as South America, China, Central America, etc.. The Southern states deserve the attention of capitalists.

TO GIVE UP ALL.

Defaulting ex-State Treasurer Taylor Agrees to a Settlement.

Pierre, S. D., June 14.—It is learned that terms have been granted to defaulting ex-State Treasurer Taylor for a settlement in full for $344,277, due the state, and Taylor's surrender of the payment of a hundred thousand dollars in cash and all the property owned by Taylor, consisting of Chicago real estate, lands in southern Illinois and South Dakota, and New Mexico mining stock. Any deficit remaining is to be made good by his bondsmen. Taylor will leave Chicago for Pierre Sunday evening and it is understood that he will plead guilty.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Charles James, of Aurora, is spending a few days with his relatives in this city previous to taking a trip to the Mackinaw islands. He reports the weather extremely warm down in Illinois.

A party of Kenosha ladies and gentlemen came to this city for a carriage ride last evening. They took supper at Hotel Racine and started home about 11:30 o'clock. On Main street their carriage broke down and any amount of trouble was experienced in getting back to Kenosha.

A. C. Frank entertained the Social Whist club at his handsome home on College avenue last evening. It developed that it was the 67th birthday of Mr. H. T. Talyer, one of the popular members of the club, and the gathering turned into a sort of celebration in honor of Mr. Taylor.

Thomas Fuller, one of the oldest conductors on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, is visiting in this city.

Dr. M. A. Elliot is in Chicago today on professional business.

John Bacon has returned from an extended visit at Green Bay.

Miss Ella Klinkert is visiting friends at Milwaukee.

Dr. J. G. Menchem, Sr., who has been very sick with heart trouble, was able to ride out yesterday and is much better. His friends will join in the wish that he may speedily recover.

Captain Wilson of Chicago, was in the city yesterday visiting Mr. John Elkins and other old settlers. Mr. Wilson was one of the very earliest settlers in Racine and built a house on Chatham street now Lake avenue, 41 years ago.

Samuel M. Metcalf of Jacksonville, Ills., is in the city, a guest of Dr. Simms. The gentleman is a prominent woolen merchant of Jacksonville. He says that he never visited a prettier city than Racine.

Mrs. C. F. Kohlmann departed for Milwaukee yesterday to visit friends for a couple of weeks.

Louis Larson today departed for Ashland, Wis., to assume his duties as secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at that place.

Mrs. James S. Drysdale of Brainard, Minn., is a guest of her cousin, Miss Eva Hoyer on Seventh street.

Mrs. Jacob Price and daughter Miss Alleen Price departed today for a few weeks' visit with relatives at La Crosse.

John G. McMynn, Jr., of Chicago, is in the city today negotiating for the purchase of a gas engine to be used for running the Ferris wheel at Chicago.

Mrs. Edwin D. Bither of Pittsfield, Mass., is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. W. F. Priebe and children of Minonk, Ills., are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Adam Harcus.

William R. Tate is lying dangerously sick at his Main street home. Mr. Tate was taken sick while attending the grand lodge of F. & A. M., at Milwaukee. He was removed to the home of his brother and later brought to his home in this city. His ailment is an attack of paralysis. Drs. Buchan and Kleto held a consultation this morning and decided that he was a very sick man. At 4 o'clock the condition of Mr. Tate is much improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hanson have returned from Oshkosh where they attended the wedding of Mrs. Hanson's sister.

G. M. Grow, a prominent business man of Sheboygan, Wis., is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beemer of Lead City, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Elkins.

Mrs. E. D. Coxe of Chicago, is a guest of her brother, H. J. Smith.

Mr. Geo. M. Groh, of Sheboygan, is visiting Mr. S. O. Dixon today.

Thomas M. Kearney was at Burlington last evening, a guest of the school board and High school graduating class.

William R. Tate is lying dangerously sick at his Main street home.

The French mode of conducting auctions is rather curious. In sales of importance the affair is placed in the hands of a notary, who, for the time being, becomes an auctioneer. The auctioneer is provided with a number of small wax tapers, each capable of burning about five minutes. As soon as a bid is made, one of these tapers is placed in full view of all interested parties, and lighted. If, before it expires, another bid is offered, it is immediately extinguished and a fresh taper placed in its stead, and so on until one flickers and dies out of itself, when the last bid becomes irrevocable. This simple plan prevents all contention among rival bidders, and affords a reasonable time for reflection before making a higher offer than the one preceding. By this means, too, the auctioneer is prevented from exercising undue influence upon the bidders, or hastily accepting the bid of a favorite.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

A fig for your bill of fare, show me your bill of company.—Swift.

Jagson—"I see that your pretty typewriter is gone. What's the matter?" Hogson—"Married." Jagson—"The girl?" Hogson—"No; I."—Syracuse Post.

A company is organized in New Orleans to lay a system of refrigerator pipes, connecting hotels, restaurants, private dwellings, etc., and supplying air at a very low temperature, so that, if a person asks if it is hot enough for you, you can turn on a faucet and freeze him to death.—Mobile Register.

Mrs. Smallwort—"I see that hand-painted shirt bosoms are the very newest thing in London." Smallwort—"By George! The baby gets right in fashion every time he has a piece of bread and molasses, doesn't he?"—Cincinnati Tribune.

"Charley," she asked, as they sat looking at the game, "how many balls make a bat?" He looked long and suspiciously at her, then averted his face and slipped in another clove.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Sad is his lot who, once at least in his life, has not been a poet.—Lamartine.

The vacant skull of a pedant generally furnishes out a throne and temple for the vanity.—Shenstone.

First Amateur Poet (enviously)—"How did you get the editor to accept that poem?" Second Amateur Poet—"Oh, easy enough. I inclosed $3 for return postage"—Boston Home Journal.

There are many people who lie simply for the sake of lying.—Pascal.

PROVERBS.

True repentance never advertises.

It is easier to make history than write it.

The loudest bid isn't necessarily the highest.

A pessimist is a man with a near-sighted soul.

Weakness is a polite name for willingness.

Every man has a few opinions which he never expresses.

Fortunately not every man who has his price is able to get it.

The man who lives up to all his opportunities generally doesn't want more than one.

After a woman is married the vigilance

Boutelle's hot blast at the Rebellion couldn't have failed to affect the weather.

Revised version—Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also rip.—Yale Record.

Train up a hired girl in the way she should go, and the first thing you know she will go.—Rockland Tribune.

What a blessing it would be to the church-going public if ministers were obliged to preach first to a phonograph and then listen to what they had to say and their manner of saying it.—Albany Argus.

The Law of Self-Defense.

Reversing the rulings of Judge Parker, in the United States court for the Western district of Arkansas, in which a young man had been convicted and sentenced to eight years imprisonment for having dealt a fatal blow to a brother-in-law who had come upon his premises with two other brothers-in-law to claim a cow, and who was about to draw a revolver when struck over the head, the supreme court of the United States has ordered a retrial of the case. The decision is important as setting forth the higher law of the land on the question of self-defense. The supreme court said:

The defendant was where he had the right to be when the deceased advanced upon him in a threatening manner and with a deadly weapon; and if the accused did not provoke the assault, and had at the time reasonable grounds to believe, and in good faith believed, that the deceased intended to take his life or to do him great bodily harm, he was not obliged to retreat, nor to consider whether he could safely retreat, but was entitled to stand his ground and meet any attack made upon him with a deadly weapon in such way and with such force as under all circumstances he at the moment honestly believed, and had reasonable grounds to believe, was necessary to save his own life or to protect himself from great bodily injury.

During the trial of the case Judge Parker, in his instructions to the jury as to the law of self-defense, had said that the defendant was compelled by that law "to avoid danger by getting out of the way if he could; that the only place where he need not retreat further was his dwelling house." It is difficult to understand how the district court could have given such a narrow construction to the principle in question. Its attempted distinction between "dwelling house" and "premises" has been brushed aside by the supreme court as a mere triviality; and the broader interpretation given to the law by the higher tribunal will commend itself even to the layman as having been grounded on common sense, and as having been duly deferential to that first law of nature which makes the preservation of life one of the natural and instinctive rights of man.

As it May be Soon.

Pedestrian—See here what have you arrested me for?

Police Officer—Why, man, you're walking along the street right among all those bicycle riders, and you haven't either a bell or a license from the city officials.—Chicago Record.

A Cheerful Reflection.

"By not smoking cigars," said Uncle Allen, who was in a contemplative mood, "I suppose I have saved in the last fifty years not less than $5,000, and the young fellow that's going to inherit my money will probably spend that $5,000 for cigars inside of ten years."—Chicago Tribune.

To the Wisconsin Grand lodge of Odd Fellows Judge Fuller of Prairie du Chien presented in behalf of a member of his lodge a gavel made of black walnut taken from a window sill of the historic old Fort Crawford.

TATTOOED BY LIGHTNING.

Figure on a Bed Covering Impressed on a Little Girl's Arm.

During a thunder storm at Bridgeport, Conn., on Thursday night, lightning struck the house of James Barry. Almost immediately the roof burst into flames. Barry, his wife and four children were asleep on the lower floor. James McCall, his wife and five children were asleep on the second floor. The electric bolt shocked the thirteen into insensibility. The fire department turned out, but the house was almost totally destroyed.

Both families recovered from the electric shock. One little girl has a deep red mark on her arm, an exact representation of the figure of the embroidered bed covering under which she was lying. It is a vine and flower and runs from the elbow, up over the shoulder and across the neck.

AS YOU LIKE IT.

In nautical miles the distance from New York to Liverpool is: North track, 3064 miles; south track, 3139 miles.

Uncle Sam disbursed in pensions $140,772,168.78 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894. Ohio has more pensioners than any other state.

The length of injury service varies The sheriff notifies the jurors whose names have been drawn ten days previous to the time when their service is expected to begin.

The Bank of America, in Philadelphia, failed on May 1, 1890. Mary Anderson was married on June 17, 1890. The Great Eastern had both side-wheels and screw propeller.

The Philippine Islands embrace about 1200 islands, of which over 400 are inhabited. The greatest length of Scotland, from Dunnet Head to the Mull of Galloway, is 287 miles.

Diana was the Goddess of Hunting. Dryades were nymphs who inhabited the woods. Ceres was the Goddess of Harvests; Minerva was the Goddess of Wisdom; she never married.

The Order of Knights Templar was founded in the twelfth century at Jerusalem, for the protection of pilgrims to the Holy Sepulchre. The Order was suppressed throughout Europe in 1312.

Before the time of Brian, King of Munster (978-1014), every Irishman took the name of his father or grandfather as a surname. The prefix "Mac" stood for "son of," and the prefix "O" for "grandson of."

The United States contain about 70,000,000 inhabitants; the available arms-bearing population number 9,144,500. United States Ambassadors assigned to Great Britain, France, Germany and Italy receive annual salaries of $17,500. Vermont has 14 counties.

"P. J. Malthusianism was the doctrine of Rev. Thomas R. Malthus, who declared that the population of the world will ultimately outgrow the food supply, and who advocated laws for the restriction of marriage.

Some people affect to give Senator Quay's name the pronunciation "Kee;" but most people, including the Senator himself, pronounce it exactly according to the phonetic value of the letters composing the name, thus: Kway.

Russia comprises one-seventh of the land of the globe; coast line, 25,000 miles. The State religion of Norway is Lutheran, and the government offices are open to members of the established church only.

In the Dred Scott case the supreme court of the United States decided that any person "whose ancestors were imported into this country and held as slaves" had no right to sue in the courts of the United States.

The attire of a clergyman at his own wedding is entirely a matter of taste. There could be no possible objection to evening dress nor would the clerical attire be unusual. The same applies to the best man. The gentleman who gives the bride away should wear evening clothes.

Tobacco received its name from Tabaeco, a province of Yucatan. It is said to have been first observed at St. Domingo, in Cuba, in 1492; and to have been used freely by the Spaniards in Yucatan in 1520. It was introduced into Europe about 1559 by a Spanish physician who carried a small quantity from America to Spain and Portugal.

The custom of strewing flowers on the graves of soldiers originated among the women of the South, who, during the civil war, annually decorated the graves of soldiers in that way. The custom was gradually adopted throughout the country; and in 1868 and 1869 General John A. Logan, as Commander-in Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, fixed May 30 as the day on which to pay homage to the nation's dead.

Old Times and New.

Here is just a feather to show which way the wind blows. Twenty-five years ago the practical application of electricity was unknown. Today untold millions are invested in electrical machinery and steam is creeping out of sight to make way for harnessed lightning. If our great-grandfathers were to make an excursion of a couple of weeks to their old homes they would grow so dizzy that they would hardly be able to find their way back to heaven.—New York Herald.

Harper's Weekly, in discussing the material growth of the country between 1873 and 1894, gives those figures: "In 1873 the net deposits in that national banks of the United States were $673,400,000; in 1894 they were $2,015,300,000. In 1873 this country exported cotton goods of the value of $2,947,528. In 1894 its exports of cottons, in quantity, had multiplied more than four-fold and their value had increased to $14,340,886. In 1873 the country produced 264,314,148 gallons of crude petroleum, and in 1894 its production had increased to 2,033,331,972 gallons. In 1873 the total product of cane sugar in this country was 134,832,493 pounds; in 1894 it was 610,825,618 pounds. In 1873 our wool product was 158,000,000 pounds; in 1891 it was 398,057,384 pounds; in 1874 we manufactured 2,401,202 tons of pig iron; in 1894 we made 7,124,502 pounds.

FAME CREATED BY A BUG.

By Alighting on a Prima Donna's Neck It Made Her Scream.

"I am lost!" the prima donna sobbed. "My years of hard study have gone for nothing."

"Alas! what is the matter?" asked her maid.

"My prospects are ruined all through a wretched accident. Just as I was approaching the end of my aria a horrid bug flew on the stage and lit on my neck."

"And you screamed?"

"I did. What else could I do? It was my last scene and I had no chance to redeem myself."

The bell sounded and the maid announced a man from the theatre.

"Show him in," said the prima donna. "I may as well meet my fate at once. It is my dismissal from the company."

"'Scuse me, ma'ma, fur disturbin' ye," said the visitor, "but de manager wants to know did you run away from your curtain recall 'cause you was took sick."

"No, I am perfectly well."

"All right. That'll ease his mind. He says that screech you let out at the windup was the finest high C he's heard in years and you've got the town crazy over you."—Washington Star.

Realized Its Truth.

"Well, muttered the collector, as he sunk weartly into a chair and turned to his employer, "there is one old saying that I can vouch for."

"What is it?"

"The one that says, 'You never find a man out till you trust him.'"—Atlanta Constitution.

Men's Weddings and Women's Weddings.

When a man is married he wants to rush off to a justice of the peace and get through with it as soon as possible, but a woman wants a church wedding and a procession to which all her kin follow her to the altar. Every time there is a big wedding a woman is responsible for it.—Atchison Globe.

A REMARKABLE CURE.

A Case of Piles of Eighteen Years Standing.

Cured by the Pyramid Pile Cure.

There are plenty of pile cures which give relief and sometimes cure a mild case of piles, but there is only one which can be depended upon with certainty to cure obstinate, long standing cases, and that is the Pyramid Pile Cure.

Endorsements and testimonials are received daily from men and women whose integrity and reliability are above question and in this connection a letter received from the Rev. Jas. H. Wesbrook of Bowne, Mich., may be of interest to pile sufferers who have sought in vain for a cure. He says:

I have used the Pyramid Pile Cure and I know that it is all that is claimed for it I had been troubled with piles more or less for about 18 years and I had tried other remedies, but the piles grew worse until about ten months ago I used the Pyramid Pile Cure. It gave almost instant relief and I have been free from piles ever since. Rev. Jas. H. Wesbrook.

The remedy seems to act equally well in every form of piles, blind, bleeding, protruding or itching. It stops all pain almost immediately, allays irritation and removes constipation, and anyone who has suffered the annoyance and pain of a rectal trouble will appreciate the excellent results which invariably follow the first application of the Pyramid.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is prepared by the Pyramid Drug company of Albion, Mich., and for sale by druggists everywhere.

Two sizes, 50 cents and $1. Sold by all druggists.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, and POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES { A.A.—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation. B.B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism. C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges. D.D.—Worms or Grubs. E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia. F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache. G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages. H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases. I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange. J.J.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - 1.00

Sold by Druggists or sent prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 6 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

MAGNETIC NERVINE is sold with written guarantee to restore Lost Manhood. Cures weaknesses, Nervous Debility and all the evils from early or later excesses, the results of overwork, worry, sickness, etc. Full strength, tone and development given to every organ or portion of the body. Improvement immediately seen from the first box. Thousands of letters of praise on file in our office. Can be carried in vest pocket. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price. One month's treatment in each box. Price $1.00, 6 boxes, $5.00, with Written Guarantee to refund money if not cured. Send to us for the Genuine. Circulars Free.

For Sale by W. R. KIRKBY Druggist.

ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

Dr. Wm. Hall's Pennyroyal Pills

are the most powerful, safe, sure and reliable Pill of this Kind in the Market. Most effective remedy in suppressed menstruation and all female troubles arising from it. Beware of Imitations and see that you get the Genuine Winchester's English White Lily Circle Brand Pennyroyal Pills, with White Lily in center of circle. Our box bears our signature, Winchester Chemical Co., on every side. Ask your Druggist. If he don't keep them he will get them for you. Don't take any substitute with similar sounding name, which some dishonest dealer will say is "just as good," on which he makes twice as much, or write direct to us and we will send them upon receipt of price, $2 by Mail, Postpaid. Send 6c. for Particulars.

WINCHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
17 to 21 Quincy St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale by ROBINSON'S DRUG STORES, and SCHULZE'S PHARMACY

MADE ME A MAN
AJAX TABLETS

Positively CURE ALL Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by Self-Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. Quickly and surely restore lost vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement, and effects a CURE WHERE ALL OTHERS FAIL. Insist upon having the genuine AJAX TABLETS. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price.

—FOR FREE PAMPHLET ADDRESS—

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 DEARBORN ST. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by G. D. MARLOTT, Druggist.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad.

Depart for Milwaukee.	Arrive from Milwaukee.
7.25 a m	8.17 a m
9.30 a m	10.30 a m
12.35 p m	11.50 a m
3.50 p m	1.40 p m
7.35 p m	5.05 p m
	8.35 p m
Depart for Chicago.	**Arrive from Chicago.**
7.25 a m	10.30 a m
10.55 a m	1.40 p m
12.35 p m	5.05 p m
3.50 p m	8.35 p m
7.35 p m	
For the West.	**From the West.**
12.35 p m	5.05 p m
3.50 p m	8.17 a m

SUNDAY TRAINS.

For Milwaukee.	From Milwaukee.
7.25 a m	8.17 a m
10.00 a m	12.10 and 5.05 p m
7.35 p m	8.35 p m
For Chicago.	**From Chicago.**
7.25 a m	12.10 p m
10.00 a m	8.25 p m
7.35 and 3.50 p m	5.05 p m
For the West.	**From the West.**
3.50 p m	8.17 a m
8.35 a m	

Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Trains leave Racine as follows:

Going North.	Going South.
1.05 a m daily	5.38 a m daily
4.25 a m ex. Sunday	7.50 a m daily
8.47 a m Sunday only	8.25 a m ex. Sunday
9.06 a m ex. Sunday	9.35 a m daily
10.13 a m daily	11.35 a m daily
1.05 p m ex. Sunday	2.20 p m ex. Sunday
3.50 p m ex. Sunday	4.35 p m daily
4.22 p m daily	7.52 p m daily
6.35 p m daily	
9.40 p m daily	

RACINE AND MILWAUKEE TRAINS.

Leave for Milwaukee.	Arrive from Milwaukee.
8.10 a m daily	7.55 a m ex. Sunday
12.45 p m daily	12.25 p m daily
4.35 p m daily	4.20 p m daily
	8.05 a m Sunday only

C. S. HENRY, Ticket Agent.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mails leave the postoffice as follows:
7.40 a m North, South, East and West
9.20 a m South and West.
9.45 a m North.
10.30 a m South and East.
11.05 a m South and East.
12.20 p m West.
12.35 p m North.
1.30 p m South and East.
4.00 p m South, East and West
6.10 p m North.
7.30 North, South, East and West.

Mails arrive at postoffice:
5.50 a m North, South, East and West.
8.35 a m North and West.
10.35 a m South, East and West.
11.50 a m North and West.
1.15 p m South, East and West.
2.15 p m South.
2.35 p m South.
4.50 p m North and South.
5.15 p m North and West.
6.45 p m South, East and West
8.00 p m North.

ANDREW SIMONSON, Postmaster
WALTER EASON, Mailing Clerk

OPPORTUNITIES

Come and go like the seconds of time. Don't miss the golden opportunity of getting an education in youth. Young men and women should build solidly for the future. A commercial education is the best one for those of few opportunities. Get a thorough education in either Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship or English by attending the

E. L. Casterton Commercial School,

Where nothing but the actual business methods of teaching are employed. Investigate. Visitors welcome. Night school the year round at 7 p. m. Summer term begins July 8th. Call or write for Circulars.

Y. M. C. A. Building. E. L. CASTERTON, Principal.

MAY BE A MURDER.

Charles Cole May Have to Answer That Charge.

Mrs. Elbe, His Victim, in a Very Critical Condition.

A Man Becomes Insane and Wants to Kill His Wife and Child—Horse Stolen—Tom Cline in Trouble—Other Crimes.

It has been many years since Racine had a murder case. The last one was that of Captain William Pugh, who was shot by the Milwaukee gambler, Hartley Clifford, at the Merchants hotel. Charles Cole, the colored man confined in the county jail on charge of assaulting and attempting to kill his mother-in-law, Mrs. Edward Elbe, may have to answer to the crime of murder. It will be remembered that about 10 days ago he assaulted Mrs. Elbe, breaking her jaw and injuring her internally and at the same time struck and severely injured Mrs. Elbe's little girl. He had made threats that he came to Racine from Iowa and Indiana, where he had committed crimes and been shot four times, for the purpose of killing his wife and the whole Elbe family and he intended to do so as he had a razor and revolver. His wife escaped by running. The excitement occasioned by the officers chasing Cole and capturing him in a barn are known.

Yesterday afternoon was the time set for the preliminary examination of Cole and he was brought into court. Mrs. Elbe was brought down town in a hack to testify. When in the justice office she was taken violently ill, a result of her injuries, and it was feared that she would die before the officers could get her down stairs, into the hack and home. In view of the serious circumstances Justice Morey adjourned the examination to June 21 and increased the bonds of Cole to $500. Mrs. Elbe is in a critical condition and liable to die at any moment and should her injuries terminate fatally Cole will be held on the charge of murder.

Chief of Police Johnson wrote letters to Indiana officers from whom Cole escaped and informed them that the man was under arrest here. They wrote back that when he escaped he had only two days more to serve and all they wanted was for him to keep away from that place.

Wanted to Murder.

About 6:30 o'clock last night the police received a telephone message that a Bohemian residing on North Chatham street had become suddenly insane and attempted to kill his wife and baby with a knife. Policeman Ollerich and another officer were delegated to look into the case. An investigation revealed that the man in question had gone home and a short time after his wife was observed running away from the place pushing a baby cab containing the baby. She said that her husband was crazy and wanted to kill her. The husband had also emerged from the house with a knife in his hand and started on a run north. He was traced to High street, then west to the Milwaukee road and north outside of the city limits. A brother of the man secured a horse and buggy and started out to look for the apparently insane brother. The probabilities are that he imbibed too freely and became wild on that account. It is said that he is all right today and sorry for what he did.

Serious Charge.

Thomas Cline was arrested and lodged in jail last night on charge of criminally assaulting Alice Yochum, a 14-year-old girl. It is alleged that Cline went to the Yochum residence near Lincoln park on Wednesday evening under the influence of liquor and and was allowed to sleep there. In the morning the mother and other relatives of the girl went away. The girl was ironing when Cline assaulted her in a brutal manner. The girl fought and struck him with a flat-iron burning his hand. Cline has been in the hands of the police on numerous occasions. Recently he served six months for assaulting a woman and was then tried on charge of adultery with one Minnie Kilmer, but was not found guilty.

Cline was arraigned before Justice Morey this morning. The charge was changed to simply assault and battery and he was sent to jail for a term of six months.

Horse Stolen.

Under Sheriff Harkins of Kenosha, was in the city last night looking after a horse and buggy supposed to have been stolen. A stranger hired the rig of A. Brown, and his actions aroused the suspicions of the officers. He was traced to within a mile of Racine, but evidently did not enter the city and put up at a stable, as nothing was found of the rig although a thorough search of the town was made. The horse is a black one with white star in forehead. The vehicle is an end spring top buggy. A message from Kenosha this morning says that no trace has been found of the property and in all probability it has been stolen.

Held For Trial.

William Terry, the traveling man who had an examination in Justice Morey's court yesterday afternoon, on charge of lewd and lascivious conduct with a little girl who was at the house of his divorced wife taking care of a sick child, was held to the circuit court in bonds of $500. Not being able to secure bonds he was remanded and it is surprising that he should treat his wife as he did and assault a little girl. It is claimed that liquor is at the bottom of his downfall.

General Crimes.

Gus Benson was arraigned before Justice Wentworth on charge of being drunk and disorderly and fined $1 and costs. He is the young man who ran against a pedestrian on Main street and was thrown into the ditch, striking his face on the pavement. His nose and forehead are badly bruised.

Marie Zimbalwich, the woman arrested on charge of vagrancy, was sent to jail for ten days by Justice Wentworth. Recently she was sent to the county house by Justice Wentworth but evidently preferred to visit Racine, get drunk and make herself a general nuisance.

Frank Koch was arrested on complaint of his father, who charges that he cannot control the boy; that he remains out at night and is a tramp. The object in arresting him was to have him sent to the industrial school, but he is too old. An uncle says that he will take care of the boy and no doubt he will be allowed to do so.

The residence of Tom McManus, six miles north of the city, was entered by burglars this week. Two suits of clothing were stolen and also other property. Tramps are suspected.

A young man appeared at Justice Morey's office last night and wanted a warrant for the arrest of two north side young men whom he charged had attempted to throw him into the river. As the complainant was under the influence of liquor, Justice Morey refused a warrant and told him to come around when sober. He departed and promised to do as requested.

Nothing has yet been heard of Fred Bryan, the man who conducted "The Doctor," a Main street saloon. The last seen of him he was on an early train en route to Chicago and told a friend that he was going down to borrow $200 with which to pay his saloon license. Alderman Kammerer, who was "done up" for $150 and had a mortgage on furniture which disappeared, states that if he can locate Bryan he will have him brought back and prosecuted.

A PRETTY WEDDING.

Miss Louise Snoeberger and Mr. Firman Mills United in Marriage Last Evening.

At 8 o'clock last evening Miss Louise Snoeberger, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Snoeberger, and Mr. Firman Mills were united in marriage. The wedding was at the pretty little home of the bride's parents, 1304 Milwaukee street, and was an extremely modest and attractive affair. At exactly 8 o'clock the ceremony was performed in the presence of some 60 relatives and friends. The interior of the home was prettily decorated with ferns and white blossoms. The bridal party entered the parlor to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played upon the piano by Miss Carrie Johnson. They took positions under a canopy of smilax and other beautiful flowers. There were no bridsmaids or groomsmen. The bride, a very pretty and stylish girl, wore a gown of white albatross trimmed with silk lace and carried bridal roses. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. R. Anderson of Oconomowoc, formerly pastor of the First Congregational church of this city.

After the ceremony the newly wedded pair received congratulations standing under the canopy. They were the recipients of a large number of handsome and costly presents. Among those noticed was a parlor set from the parents of the bride and a range from the parents of the groom.

A wedding supper was served in the dining room which was decorated with ferns, carnations and other flowers and the menu was prepared by Mrs. Thompson.

During the evening sweet music was discoursed by Prof. Gilman on the violin and Miss Carrie Johnson on the piano.

Mr. and Mrs. Mills did not leave on a wedding tour, but will at once settle down to housekeeping and be at home to their friends after July 10, at 1012 Superior street.

The bride is a lovely young woman. She is a prominent member of the Congregational church, has a very sweet and amiable disposition, is a musician and popular in the circles of society where she mingles.

The groom is a valued employe of the Journal Printing company, a young man of noble qualities and held in the very highest regard in both business and social circles.

To the newly wedded pair the Journal extends congratulations and hopes that their married life will be full of happiness and prosperity.

WELL DIGGERS KILLED

An Explosion of Gas Causes the Death of Two Men.

Bemont, Ill., June 14.—A man named Cornell and another, digging a well on a farm near here, struck a flow of gas which exploded killing them both instantly.

AMERICAN WOMEN INTERESTED.

London, June 14.—H. T. Naylor Leyland, husband of Jane Chamberlain of Cleveland, O., will contest for a seat in parliament with Hon. Geo. N. Curzon, husband of Mary Leiter of Washington. It is reported the wives will take an active part in the campaign.

HANGED FOR MURDER.

Mobile, Ala., June 14.—Philip Goodwin, colored, was hanged for the murder of John Poole, a railroad section boss, who had discharged him.

TEN BURNED TO DEATH

By a Boiler Explosion at Fall River, Mass.

Employes of the Langley Harness Works the Victims.

One End of the Building Blown Out and the Fourth Story Dropped—The Debris Took Fire and the Unfortunates Were burned to Death.

Fall River, Mass., June 14.—A frightful catastrophe occurred here this morning. While some 30 operatives were at work in the Langley harness shop, mostly girls and women, the 50-horse power boiler in the basement exploded, tearing out the end and allowing the upper floor of the building four stories high, to tumble in a mass of ruins, which at once took fire. Spurred on by the cries and groans of those buried in the ruins the fire department worked heroically and managed to get the flames under control while every effort was being made to rescue the wounded.

In a short time the following injured were taken out alive: Henry J. Langley, proprietor; Foreman Warren, Engineer Tripp, Geo. E. Davol, Ida Lefage, Adele Dube, Leah Horton, Mattie Berosiers, Alice Trombly.

Langley is in a critical condition. The offices and houses in the vicinity were turned into hospitals where physicians cared for the wounded. At 9 o'clock the body of a woman charred almost beyond recognition was taken from the ruins. The next body recovered was that of Robert Murray, also badly burned. Later an unrecognizable body of a woman was brought out, and a fourth followed shortly after. At 11 it is known 10 were killed. Three are still missing. Several of the injured may die.

Later—3 p. m. It is now known that only four are dead and only two of the injured are badly hurt. Sixteen were in the building when the accident occurred.

The Dead and Injured.

The other dead taken from the ruins are as follows: Adelia Dube, Lolia Horton, Adolf E. Bellefuille and Robert Murray.

Fatally injured: Thomas Barry and Mattie Buroches.

Badly injured: William Russell, Alice Trembley and Ida Lehago. Twelve others escaped with slight injuries.

CHINA IS WARNED.

Not to Misunderstand the Intervention of European Powers.

Victoria, B. C. June 14.—Letters from Shanghai say the Russian, German and French ministers at Pekin on May 23 presented the following statement to the Chinese parliament: "The course taken by the powers in giving advice to Japan by suggesting that she should not permanently occupy Liao Tung peninsula was dictated merely by the desire for lasting peace in the orient but not to promote any interests of the Chinese government or on account of sympathy with China. The Chinese government is therefore warned not to misunderstand the object of the powers and thus rely on them in the future in connection with the affairs of settlement which are now pending.

LOOKS LIKE A MEETING.

Missouri Democrats Will Probably Hold a Convention to Discuss Silver.

Lebanon, Mo. June 14—Chairman Tarris of the Laclede county Democratic committee, says he has 52 signatures from chairmen of Democratic county committees in the state, only four short of the necessary majority to call a state convention on the silver question. The other four will be secured this week.

RACE WAR THREATENED.

The Governor of South Carolina Orders Militia to the Scene.

Mount Carmel, S. C., June 14.—A race war is threatened here. A few days ago "Doc" Sanders, a colored desperado, was killed while resisting arrest. The negroes threatened retaliation and in response to an appeal from the authorities the governor ordered the Abbeyville rifles to the scene.

AND STILL THEY COME.

Racine Captures Another Convention, That of the Wisconsin Universalists.

A dispatch from Oshkosh states that the 48th annual state convention of the Wisconsin Universalists closed there last evening. Among the most important business accomplished by the delegates during its last day's session was to select a place to hold the next meeting, and Racine, the Belle City of the Lakes, was unanimously agreed upon. The convention will bring to this city many delegates and visitors, including some of the most noted Universalist divines in the country. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, W. H. Rogers, Fort Atkinson; vice president, Dr. H. B. Laflin, La Crosse; secretary, the Rev. A. C. Grier; treasurer, Thomas Jacobs, Neenah; committee on fellowship discipline, the Rev. C. C. Conner, La Crosse; the Rev. C. E. Varney, Monroe; B. F. Skiff, Elkhorn. Delegates to the general convention, the Rev. F. W. Millar, Whitewater; the Rev. O. B. Willis, Racine; J. M. Hurn, Oshkosh; L. J. Sawyer, Columbus. Visitors to Lombard the Rev. E. E. Hammond, Oshkosh; Mrs. Nellie M. Opdale, Racine.

A fund of $5,000 was established to be used in state missionary work.

FEARS OF A STRIKE.

Binders at Washington May go Out on a Strike.

Washington, June 14. — Trouble is threatened in the public printing office. The binders complain the tasks set for them are too great, and threaten to strike. The matter has been referred to Public Printer Benedict, who has instructed the foreman to give only such tasks as would amount to a fair day's work for a good quality of work. The foreman declined to reduce the tasks and suspended two men for loafing. The grievance committee is now consulting on the question of ordering a strike. It is not believed that one will be ordered, but if it is, it is understood the public printer will put in binding machines.

CAUGHT IN CHICAGO.

The Horse Thief Who Stole a Rig in Kenosha Yesterday.

Kenosha, June 14.—Yesterday afternoon a stranger stole a horse and buggy tied to a post on Main street and drove off with it. A report was received that the thief had made for Racine and officers searched in that city but failed to find the thief or horse. This afternoon a message was received from Chicago that the thief had been captured at that place and the horse and buggy recovered. The chief of police left for Chicago after the thief and property. The horse and buggy belonged to George M. Melville.

MISSISSIPPI TRAGEDY.

A Murderous Character Kills Three People and is Killed Himself.

Natchez, Miss., June 14.—At Natchez island plantation below the city this morning R. W. Dawson, a fisherman and a tough character, shot and killed Frank Macklin, who ordered him off his place. He also killed a negro woman and negro boy. He then made his escape, but William Conti, brother-in-law of Macklin, pursued and overtook him and shot him dead. The negro whom Dawson killed lived with him in Natchez for a time, and left him and went to work on the plantation.

ST. PAUL RAILROAD CHANGES.

Clark A. Place the Veteran Paymaster to Retire From the Service.

Milwaukee, June 14.—After an active service of 30 years, Clark A. Place, the veteran paymaster of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, will retire on July 1 next. He is to be succeeded by G. G. Scott, who has been for several years assistant paymaster and who has been in the office 10 or 12 years. W. H. Hayden, who has for some time been traveling auditor for the St. Paul company, will be made assistant to Paymaster Scott with the title of cashier.

REUNION OF THE 19TH WIS.

La Crosse, Wis., June 14.—The reunion of the Nineteenth Wisconsin regiment is attended by forty-five members. Capt. Ellinwood of Reedsburg is president and W. H. Blyton of Sparta is secretary and treasurer. There were 216 known survivors of the regiment one year ago, scattered over the country. A history of the regiment has been written by W. O. Pietzsch of Baraboo which it is proposed to publish in book form.

FIGHT AMONG TRAMPS.

One of Them Rolls From the Top of a Moving Train and is Killed.

South Bend, Ind., June 14.—Information was received from Terre Coupe that a fight occurred in a box car last night between a number of robbers who attempted to rob other tramps. One of the men attempted to swing off the roof of the car but slipped and fell to the cattle guard and was killed.

ALPHONSO ALLARD TALKS.

He Says the Demonetization of Silver Caused the Depression.

Brussels, June 14.—Alphonso Allard, the Belgium delegate to the monetary conference of 1892, declared the fall in prices of commodities is not due to an over production, but to a scarcity of money, caused by the demonetization of silver. The only remedy, he declared, for the industrial and commercial depression is the rehabilitation of silver.

HIT WITH AN ICE PICK.

"Shadow" Maher, the Pugilist Runs Against an Italian.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 14.—"Shadow" Maher, the pugilist billed to fight young Corbett tonight, during an altercation at Coney Island today, received a painful but not dangerous wound in the left breast with an ice pick handled by an Italian. The wound was dressed and he was locked up for being drunk.

AN AGED AUTHOR.

The Writer of Uncle Tom's Cabin Celebrates Her 84 Birthday.

Hartford, Conn., June 14.—Harriet Beecher Stowe completed her 84th year today. There was no formal celebration, but it was observed by her relatives and many friends throughout the world. She is in receipt of numberless telegrams and cables.

BIG LOSS BY FIRE.

The Victoria Warehouse and Contents at Berlin, Destroyed.

Berlin, June 14.—The Victoria warehouse and contents burned with a loss of a million and a half marks.

GAIL HAMILTON IMPROVING.

Washington, June 14.—Representative Hitt is still confined to his bed and there is no marked change in his condition. Gail Hamilton continues to improve.

NO HOPES FOR SPAIN.

Glowing Reports Sent Out by Cuban Insurgents.

They Claim There is Absolutely no Hope For Spain.

The Proclamation Sounds Like a Last Effort to Arouse the Hopes of the Revolutionists—Strength of the Cuban Forces.

Tampa, Fla., June 14—The revolutionary committee of Havana, has issued a proclamation to the Cuban people saying that General Gomez is in command with two thousand men and Marquis Santa Lucia has joined him with 1,500 men, including 20 of the most noted sentries of Puerto Principe and that Raloff with 280 men, ammunitions of war, and 10,000 pounds of dynamite has landed as have also Yero and Serappino Tanchoz and that Santa Spirito has seven armed bands; that General Maceo with 6,000 men is burning everything he finds; that the Spanish troops are dying off from hunger and pestilence, the loss already having reached 10,000; that famine is spreading through the province of Cuba; that in two provinces there are 18,000 insurgents and that there are no hopes for Spain. Cuban advises state that 11,000 Spanish troops will land at Neuitas today.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

Albert S. Moore Speculated in Cotton—Forgery Was the Result.

New York, June 14.—Albert S. Moore, whose forgeries were disclosed yesterday, made a confession today. He says the first forgery occurred three years ago when he was speculating in cotton and forged a note to save himself bankruptcy. The market kept going against him and he continued to forge paper to save himself. He says the aggregate is not over $75,000.

JOHN PATTISON DEAD.

Dropped Dead at His Home in Bay View Today.

Milwaukee, June 14.—John Pattison, the veteran iron master, who was foreman of what is now the Illinois Steel Company's works at Chicago, 20 years ago and who took charge of their puddle mills here in 1879, dropped dead at his home in Bay View from apoplexy. Deceased was 72 years old.

LAST CABINET MEETING.

Held Today Until Grover Returns From His Annual Outing.

Washington, June 14.—Probably the last cabinet meeting before the president returns from his summer outing, was held today. Nearly all business needing immediate attention was cleared up. It is expected the president will leave for Buzzards Bay early next week.

GOLD FOR EUROPE.

London, June 14.—The steamship Campania will take out tomorrow $247,000 in bar gold for the account of the United States bond syndicate.

OLD SETTLERS PICNIC.

Gov. Harvey Post Accept an Invitation to Attend.

President A. P. Dutton of the Racine County Old Settlers' society, is working hard to make the annual reunion and picnic to be held at Union Grove on June 20, a big affair and his efforts will in all probability prove successful. At a meeting of Governor Harvey post, No. 17, G. A. R., held last evening the following cordial invitation was read.

Racine, Wis., June 13, 1895.
Commander E. W. Fisher, Post No. 17, G. A. R.

Dear Sir:—If it is proper I wish you would extend a hearty invitation to the soldiers of Racine county, who fought to protect the homes and liberties of our people, to meet the old settlers at Union Grove on June 20, 1895, and share the pleasures of the day with the old settlers of Racine county.

Respectfully yours, A. P. Dutton,
President of the Old Settlers' Society.

The invitation was unanimously accepted and every member of the post who can get away will in all probability be at the picnic.

IN paint the best is the cheapest. Don't be misled by trying what is said to be "just as good," but when you paint insist upon having a genuine brand of

Strictly Pure White Lead

It costs no more per gallon than cheap paints, and lasts many times as long.

Look out for the brands of White Lead offered you; any of the following are sure:

"Southern," "Red Seal," "Collier," "Shipman."

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

A good many thousand dollars have been saved property-owners by having our book on painting and color-card. Send as a postal card and get both free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.
Chicago Branch,
State and Fifteenth Streets, Chicago.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

BRIGHT HOUSEWIVES USE NO OTHER

Sold everywhere made by THE N.K.FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

RACINE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Permanent advertisers create the impression of strength and soundness. People at least feel that those who keep their names before the public are solid and substantial.

Attorneys.
Thompson, Wm. D., Room 6, N W corner Main and Fourth streets.
Cooper & Nelson, 436-438 Main St.
Wallace & John Ingalls, rooms 1 to 4 Baker block.
Owen, John W., 532 Monument Square.
Hand & Flott, 510 Monument Square.
Palmer & Girdings, over Manfg. Nat'l. bank.
Lee, W. E., Manfg. Nat'l. bank block.
Ritchie & Heck, over Com'l. & Savings bank.
Wentworth, John T., 437 Main street.
Kearney, Thomas M., 524 Monument Square, over First National bank.
Judd, A. Cary, 339 Main street.

Architects.
Flegel, A. L., 220 Fifth street.
Chandler, J. G., room 4, Baker block.
Davis, D. R., 205 Sixth street.

Bakery and Confectionery.
Schulz, O. E., 232 Main street.

Bicycles and Gasoline Stoves Repaired.
Hall, Spencer, 409 Main street.

Boots, Shoes and Rubber Goods.
Hanson, C. P., 407 Sixth street.

Banks.
Commercial & Savings Bank, 207 Sixth street.
Union National Bank, 500 Monument Square.

Carpenter, Contractor and Builder.
Hocking, Josiah, shop 330 Wisconsin street, residence 106 Tenth street.

Cigars, Tobacco, Confectionery and Toys.
Hess, Geo. A., 507 Sixth street.

Crockery, Glassware, and Lamps.
Hinrichs, B., 523 Monument Square.

Dentists.
Clifford, F. L., 534 Monument Square, over U. S. express office.
F. B. Washburn & Son, 502 Monument Square.
Armitage, J. E., 200 Sixth street.

Druggists.
Kirkby, W. R., 400 Sixth street.
Robinson Drug Co., 205 Sixth street, 1315 Washington avenue, 600 State street.

Dry Goods, Cloaks, Etc.
W. J. Flood & Co., Agts., 330 Main street.

Engravers.
Lange, O. E., 568 State street.

Fire Insurance.
Glens Falls Insurance Co., L. C. Klein, Agt., 512 Wisconsin street.

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
Thronson-Hansen Furniture Co., 311-313 Main St.

Graduate Optician, Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Connor, P. M., 504 Wisconsin street.

Hotels and Restaurants.
Wagner House, 416 Main street.

Horse Shoeing.
Wood, Charles S., trotting and road horses a specialty 222 Fifth street.

Harness.

A LOBDELL,
Wholesale manufacturer,
Fifth street.
Send for a $12.00 single harness, subject to approval.
Patent check hooks and terrets, if desired.
See what we can do for you.

Insurance, Loans, and Real Estate.
Billings, W. F., 417 Main street.
Miller, Wm. Henry, 213 Sixth street.
Fellows & Co., G. D., 614 Wisconsin street.
Thiesen, C. J., 220 State street.
Nelson, H. P., 800 State street.
Dietrich, Chas. M., Postoffice block.
John S. Larson, 1014 Hamilton avenue.

Jewelers, Watch Repairers and Engravers.
Underwood, C. B., 418 Main street.
Spence, J. W., corner College avenue and Sixth street.

Laundries.
Hagman's Steam Laundry, 413 Main street.
Parisian Steam Laundry, Buse & Williams, Props., 411 Main street.

Life Insurance.
Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co., M. C. Gray Dist. Agt., 1425 West Sixth street.

Livery Stables.
McAvoy, A., 215 Fourth street, telephone 61.
Allen, A. H., 1206 N. Wisconsin street.

Loans and Investments.
Burbeck Edward, 1534 College avenue.

Machine Repairs and Bicycle Work.
Fish, Ed W., 413 Main street, 2nd floor.

Machinists and General Repairing.
Gauntlet Co. The, 600 Sixth street.

Meat Markets.
Rowley Bros., 336 Main St., and Columbia Corners.
Gorton & McCoy, 403 Main street.
Bolton & Jones, 211 Sixth street.
Cudahy Bros., State street and Columbian Corners.

Merchant Tailors.
Olson, F., 511 Monument Square.
Field, A., 503 Monument Square.
Hetzel, D., 316 Sixth street.
Ritter, H., 322 Main street.
Sieger, L., 503 Sixth street.

Office Supplies and Rubber Stamps.
Racine Specialty Co., 215 Sixth street.

Plumbing.
Morris & Co., Harry, 322 Sixth street.
McTavish, Duncan, 521 Wisconsin street.

Photographers.
Easton & Co., 509 Monument Square.
Billings, E. T., 501 Monument Square.

Pianos and Organs.
Proehl, H., 426 Main street.

Plumbing and Steam Fitting.
Smallen & Schoenlaben, 412 Wisconsin street.

Real Estate.
Boyd, R. M., 1611 College avenue.

Restaurants.
Goetz, Mrs. A., cafe, 508 Monument Square.

Safety Deposit Vaults.
Commercial & Savings Bank, 207 Sixth street.

Singer Sewing Machines.
Husting, Max R., city and county Mgr., 327 Main St

Savings Banks.
Commercial & Savings Bank, 207 Sixth street.

Teas, Coffees, Spices, and Extracts.
Grand Union Tea Co., 408 Main street.

Wall Paper, Paints, and Oils.
Tate, W. R., 435 Main street.
Langlois & Co., 419 Main street.

Wholesale Wines and Liquors.
Hyman Bros., 242 Main street.

The Elkins . . .
JEWELRY and MUSIC STORE
. . . . 437 Main Street.

WATCHES. DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE, CANES, CUTLERY, At Greatly REDUCED PRICES.

DECKER BROS. PIANOS, ESTEY PIANOS ORGANS, SCHAFF BROS. PIANOS, DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES. THE ABOVE ON EASY PAYMENTS.

OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT IS IN CHARGE OF Dr. Webster, A Graduate Optician Who Will Correctly Fit SPECTACLES. Consultation Free Satisfaction Guaranteed Prices Reasonable.

Try an "Ad" in The Journal.

50 YEARS IN THE U. S.

Founding of Swedish Methodism Commemorated Yesterday.

Services Conducted at the Church on Superior Street.

Communion at the St. Rose Church—Childrens Day at the Trinity M. E. Church—Services at the Churches Yesterday.

Yesterday the congregation of the Swedish M. E. church of this city fittingly commemorated the 50th anniversary of the founding of Swedish Methodism in this country. Appropriate services were held at the church on Superior street, both in the forenoon and evening, Prof. C. G. Wallonius of the Evanston Swedish seminary, officiating. Large congregations were present. The interior of the edifice was handsomely decorated for the occasion with flowers and potted plants and in the background the American and Swedish flags hung side by side. A large portrait of the late Rev. O. G. Headstrom, founder of Swedish Methodism in this country, hung between the flags as was also a portrait of the bethel ship John Wesley, in which Rev. Headstrom preached his first sermon in the Swedish language, May 25, 1845. The professor took for his morning text the 8th verse of the 16th chapter of Luke, and in the evening he spoke of the founding and progress of church work in this country. A good sized collection was taken for the seminary fund and the church choir rendered many beautiful hymns.

First M. E. Church.

Rev. J. E. Farmer preached an able sermon at the First Methodist church yesterday morning, a large congregation being present. He took for his subject, "Night Watch," text Luke 12:35-36, "Let your loins be girded about and your light burning and ye yourselves like unto men that wait for their Lord." There were three thoughts. After showing that this passage is a picture of a christian painted by Christ himself, the pastor said that we have in this picture, first, a suggestion of power; second, we have also a suggestion of illustration and third, a suggestion of watchfulness. The sermon was eloquent throughout. In the evening he preached a sermon on the subject of "The Whereabouts of the Soul," from the passage, "What doeth here Elijah?"

Communion at St. Rose.

The children of the St. Rose church, to the number of about sixty, received their first communion at the 8 o'clock mass yesterday morning. They were prettily attired and presented an attractive appearance. Rev. Father Johnson delivered an excellent address to the little ones. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there was an address of instruction and the total abstinence pledge was administered to the boys. The interior of the church was decorated and the altar was beautiful, white flowers and palms predominating.

Trinity M. E. Church.

Children's day was appropriately observed at the Trinity M. E. church on LaSalle street last evening. It was a highly interesting service and the programme presented was an attractive one. Rev. Rosness, who is filling the pulpit during the absence of Rev. J. C. Tolofson, preached two able sermons in the morning and evening and his address to the children was particularly fine. This church is rapidly growing and especially the Sunday school.

Congregational Church.

Rev. Charles Percival delivered an excellent sermon at the Congregational church last evening, taking for his subject "Science of Rebuke."

Baptist Church.

Large congregations assembled at the Baptist church yesterday morning and last evening, and listened to a couple of good sermons by Rev. David Cheney. The morning subject was "Triumphant Saints," and the evening "A Young Warrior."

Good Shepherd Church.

Services at the Good Shepherd church were interesting yesterday morning and last evening. Rev. A. C. Grier occupied the pulpit and in the morning preached upon the subject "By the Grace of God." In the evening he answered the following questions in a clear and logical manner. (1) Will a Christian become a millionaire? (2) What church is most Christianlike? (3) Why have the workingmen left the church? One of the features of the evening sermon was a piccalo solo by William Hendrie.

Presbyterian Church.

The pulpit of this church was supplied yesterday by Rev. Harvey B. Knight, general secretary of McCormick Theological seminary, Chicago. The morning [theme was:] "Sin and Salvation," text Romans 3:22, "There is no difference," and Mark 16:16, "He that believeth shall be saved." The evening theme was Christ symbolized by the rainbow, Genesis 9:13, "I do set my bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth." Mr. Knight is a thoughtful and scholarly man, and his discourses were listened to with much interest. He was 12 years pastor of the Presyterian church at Ottumwa, Ia., and 13 years professor of mathematics in Parsons college, Fairfield, Ia. Mr. Knight is endeavoring to secure a fellowship endowment from Racine for McCormick seminary, which will sustain a student for one year in that institution.

Second M. E. Church.

Large congregations greeted Rev. C. S. Lane yesterday morning and evening. The evening service was in memory of Miss Libbie Sorenson, the popular Sunday school teacher who died so suddenly last week. The church was crowded with sympathetic friends.

ANOTHER BOILER EXPLOSION.

Frightful Havoc in a Cotton Press in New Orleans.

The Union cotton press was the scene of a terrible explosion today, resulting in the death of one man and the wounding of a dozen and seven or eight are missing. The Union press is one of the largest in the city. At the time of the explosion the boiler was being tested by W. J. Hammond. Without warning one boiler exploded, scattering scalding water and steam in every direction. The walls around the boiler room collapsed and it is believed several are buried in the ruins. S. B. Penrose, horribly burned and maimed, was picked up dead. Workmen are clearing away the ruins. At least a half dozen mostly laborers are burned beneath them. Penrose is a prominent citizen.

Union City, Tenn., June 17.—The city was thrown into excitement this afternoon by the explosion of the boiler of the water works. Engineer Carman was killed instantly. Others were badly hurt. It was caused by letting cold water in the boilers. The city is without water and light.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Milwaukee today sold a $700,000 issue of bonds for $1,1237.

At Coal Valley, Ills., George Buck, a farmer, becoming despondent last night suicided by cutting his throat, shooting himself and then jumping into the well.

Gov. Clough of Minnesota, says the report circulated about the grasshopper invasion is much exaggerated. The territory affected is about 60 miles square around the Dalles of the St. Croix; far from the wheat country. The state entymologist is on the ground and expects to crush the pestilent.

The ninth annual meeting of the British Woman's Christian Temperance union opened this morning. The principal feature was the annual address by the president, Lady Henry Somerset.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton were found by the roadside near Oakville, Ont. Both were poisoned through suicide.

The Montgomery, Ala., postoffice was robbed Saturday of a $10,000 package mailed by a local bank. Charles Armstrong, an employe, has been held for the crime.

SHREDS AND PATCHES.

Some men have no tomorrow. They have borrowed it all today.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It does not take long to find out just how little talkative people know.—Exchange.

Love listens to flattery; friendship is never given the opportunity.—Detroit Free Press.

It is always pleasanter to give than receive, especially when the thing transferred is an opinion.—Boston Transcript.

It occasionally occurs to a man not burdened with conceit that his wife wouldn't have married him if anything better had offered.—Atchison Globe.

Two Philadelphia Mysteries.

There are many places in this city occupied by business firms which furnish a standing puzzle to the community. The puzzle is not so much that these places exist, as how they exist. Take, for instance, an imposing-looking haberdashery on Chestnut street. At all times the window is filled with neat neckties and the finest kind of hosiery and linen. Yet no one, so far as the general community is concerned, ever saw a customer enter the store and make a purchase. The store is itself a fine property and is well located. The same firm has been there for years, and how expenses are met is the puzzle. A certain restaurant in the heart of the city has an apartment set aside for ladies exclusively. The room is quite large and richly carpeted. The furniture is of the best, and the linen and crystal ware are of the finest. A colored waiter stands with towel across his arm at the end of the room, but no man, so far as can be ascertained, ever saw a customer of either sex eating there. It has been conducted in the same manner for years, and why it continues to exist is also a puzzle.

There is no reason why the dead shouldn't be perfectly happy; they are no longer obliged to hear what their neighbors say about them.

"Kathleen Mavourneen" was written by Mrs. Crawford, an Irish lady, whose songs ninety years ago were in high repute. The music was by Crouch, an eccentric genius, who in his old age and poverty begged his way into a concert given by Titiens that he might hear his own compositions fitly sung.

Southward Ho!

FARMERS who are seeking to better themselves should go South. The Queen and Crescent Route offers a million acres of farms at $3.00 to $5.00 an acre (on easy terms); and low round trip land rates to principal points. Go and see. No blizzards. No cold waves. Fine schools and churches. Hospitable people. Send for books and information.

W. C. RINEARSON,
G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

—Experiments made in France show that the reason the sapwood in timber is wormeaten is because it contains starch.

When traveling, always take a cake of Johnson's Oriental Soap with you; diseases are often caught from using hotel soap. W. R. Kirkby.

—Leon Valliant describes more than 300 species of fish, heretofore unknown to naturalists, as inhabiting the lakes of Borneo.

Johnson's Magnetic Oil cures cramps and colic and internal neuralgia and headache and backache instantly. 25 and 50 cts. W. R. Kirkby.

WON A GOOD GAME.

The Racines Defeat the Globes of Milwaukee.

The Score Was Close and the Game Was Well Played.

The High Schools Defeated at Milwaukee Saturday Afternoon by the South Side High Schools—Score 6 to 8—Other Base Ball Games.

The Racine Base Ball club defeated the Globes of Milwaukee yesterday afternoon at the North Side park by a score of 5 to 3. The game was close and exciting throughout, abounding in many brilliant plays and was hugely enjoyed by the spectators. The Racines clearly demonstrated that they can play the game and that they are fast getting down in a condition to play ball as it should be played. There is a marked improvement in their playing over that of two weeks, the team work being particularly noticeable.

Johnson and Herman were again in the points for the home club, and did some effective battery work. Johnson pitched a fine game and batted well. He struck out twelve men, made a two bagger and fielded everything that came his way. McCue in center field gathered in some difficult flies that ventured into his territory and the balance of the club played good ball and few errors were made.

Langley, an old time Racine pitcher, twirled the sphere for the visitors, and pitched a good game. The following is the score by innings:

Racines	0	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	—5
Globes	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two base hits, Krist, Blatz, Johnson, Waters; three base hits, Casey; bases on balls, off Langley, 2; hit by pitched ball, by Langley, 2; by Johnson, 1. Struck out, by Johnson, 12; by Langley, 2. Errors, Racines 4, Globes 3. Time, 2:00. Umpire, Fisher.

On next Sunday the locals will cross bats with the Park City's of Kenosha at the North side park. It is said that the Kenosha's will secure a first class Chicago twirler, and in this way will endeavor to get revenge for the crushing defeat administered to them a week ago.

High School's Defeated.

Saturday afternoon the Racine High school base ball club was defeated at National park, Milwaukee, by the South Side High school team in a well played game. The score was 8 to 6. Heizel and Smieding were in the points for the Racine boys and did good work, while Estes pitched a good game for the South Side high schools. The score was as follows:

South Side	3	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	*—	8
Racine	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4—	6

Other Base Ball Games.

On Saturday afternoon an exciting game of base ball was played at the Exposition grounds between the Howell school nine and the Columbian ball club, in the presence of a large number of people. The Howell boys won the game by a score of 10 to 7. Harper and Welbert were in the points for the winning club, and Jones and Mason for the defeated nine.

Yesterday the West End Juniors defeated the Lafayettes by a score of 24 to 12.

An exciting game of base ball was played at Conley's grounds yesterday afternoon between the Racine Grays and North ends, the Grays defeating them by a score of 14 to 7. The feature of the game was a throw from the short stop, Willie Lutz, to Fred Bauman, and he not seeing the ball it hit Jacob Gaiser, Sr., in the head, knocking him senseless, but after a short time he was all right again. Batteries for the Grays, Matt Longenfelt and Frank Seweitzer.

The Washington school nine defeated the Garfield school club Saturday by a score of 24 to 6. The Garfields were not in it at any stage of the game. Batteries—Garfields, H. Kosterman and F. Kosterman. Washingtons, Williamson and Louie. The Washingtons would like to hear from the High School Juniors.

The First and Second ward ball clubs played a game Saturday. Score 29 to 17 in favor of the Second ward.

In a game of ball between the Plumbers and Barbers the former won by a score of 19 to 17. One of the Plumbers named Murphy had his shoulder dislocated by a fall.

The Racine Wagon & Carriage Company shippers and trimmers played ball yesterday. Score 7 to 6 in favor of the shippers.

Smoke Stack Completed.

The large brick smoke stack of the Belle City Street railway is completed and is a beauty. The trossel work is being torn down today. It stands 135 feet high, weighs 700 tons, contains 150,000 brick and costs about $2,000. Connections with the boilers will be made as soon as possible.

—The Book of Job, written about 1520 B. C., describes accurately several processes of smelting metals.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—A new penny-in-the-slot machine scares away tamperers by sounding an alarm and shocking them with a strong electric current.

Inflamed, itching, burning, crusty and scaly skin and scalp of infants soothed and cured by Johnson's Oriental Soap. W. R. Kirkby.

NELS JENSEN DEAD.

Died at Chicago Yesterday—Body to be Brought Here for Burial.

About 11 o'clock last night Chief of Police J. W. Johnson received the following telegram from Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., June 19.—Chief of Police, Racine, Wis.—Notify relatives of Nels Jensen, of No. 1620 West street, your city, that he was shot and died here today. Body is at Kennedy's morgue. Inquest tomorrow. Answer. J. J. BODENOCK,
Gen'l Supt. of Police.

Chief Johnson immediately notified the parents of the young man. The father of the dead man had doubts as to whether it was his son, and to make sure sent his son and daughter, Chris Jensen and Clara Jensen to Chicago to identify the body. They left on the steamer Indiana yesterday morning and came back in the afternoon and said it was their brother.

The father was at the police office this morning and notified the police that he desired to have the body sent to this city for burial. He said that his son had been a good boy until several months ago when he got in bad company at Libertyville, Ill., and had engaged in robbing a man. He remonstrated with his son and thought he had done better since that time. He felt very badly over the affair, and could not understand how the boy had allowed himself to commit a burglary and get shot. However, he said Nels was a smart boy and he would give him a decent christian burial. Relatives left this morning for Chicago, and after an inquest is held will bring the body here.

WISCONSIN NEWS.

In a letter received from Edward Quinn son of P. R. Quinn of Neenah, who is now in Alaska, the writer states that seals are worth only $6 each in the Sitka market, almost the lowest price on record. The Indians are allowed to hunt seals at the present time, but the seas are closed to white men until the first of September. Mr. Quinn states that everyone is leaving Sitka for Cook's inlet, where there have been marvelous discoveries of gold. Sitka, the chief city of Alaska, contains only 200 white people of Russian descent, in addition to the civilized Indians.

Pensions have been granted to residents of Wisconsin as follows: Original—Elam S. Frazer, Florence; Robert Wah-Sha-Kah, Kamick Keshena. Increase—Thomas Cochrane, Eau Claire; Baley S. Waldo, Friendship; Jason L. Glenn, Viroqua; Charles Hyde, Spooner; Charles H. Mullen, Peebles; J. L. Ballou, Oxford. Reissue—Edward Gordon, Reserve; Amos S. Smith, Juda; Patrick O'Brien, Stanton; Joel Boughton, Fall River. Original widows — Delilah Beaver, Spring Green.

Three hundred members of the Wisconsin State Medical association are expected to attend the convention at West Superior June 19, 20 and 21. The Minnesota association will be in convention at Duluth at the same time, and the two associations will entertain each other on two different occasions.

James Spencer of Somers, was looking out of the window towards his barn watching the recent electric storm and so saw the first appearance of smoke which indicated that the barn had been struck by lightning. He ran out and stopped the flames with a few pails of water, thus saving the building and its contents.

J. E. H. Stinson, an Appleton photographer who was charged with photographing a stamp for advertising purposes, was acquitted by the jury in the federal court at Oshkosh, it being shown that he had no intention of doing wrong.

The Keystone Lumber company of Ashland has purchased from John Canfield of Manistee, Mich., all the standing pine owned by him in the Fish Creek valley, about 50,000,000 feet.

Alvin S. Wood of Monroe, a conductor on the Illinois Central railway, fell between the cars at Galena and lost his right foot.

The bodies of Frank Eldred, John Cowie and Clay Millard, the three boys who were drowned at West Superior, were recovered Saturday afternoon.

Miss May Harmon, the 18-year-old daughter of Mrs. P. C. Harmon of Berlin, took a dose of paris green and died.

One thousand car loads of potatoes were shipped from Plainfield last week.

Dry weather prevents the planting of tobacco in Dane county.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

—Boiled alligator flesh tastes very much like veal. It is much eaten in India.

Relieves in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by John Schultz, druggist; Racine, Wis.

—Newark, N. J., is a great place for corkscrews. One firm in that city made last year 100,000,000.

Cases of forty years' standing where operations have failed have been cured by Japanese Pile Cure. W. R. Kirkby.

OLD FASHIONED BUT GOOD.

From Yenowine's Illustrated News:

Honest error is to be pitied, not ridiculed.

In heaven's arithmetic nothing counts but love.

When you give others advice, take some of it yourself.

Infidelity never wrote a line that was comforting on a death-bed.

A baby sin has no more right to live than one that is old enough to vote.

All truth is nonsense to the man who has let a lie make its home in his heart.

No money can buy so much as the dollar that has been honestly earned.

Do not lose faith in mankind. He who doubts everybody is himself to be doubted.

The devil is proud of a grumbler, no matter whether he belongs to church or not.

Helpful Hints For Bicyclists.

From Harper's Round Table:

1. A good bicyclist is careful of his roads, therefore when taking a header be careful not to hit the road too hard with your forehead. You might make a dent in the pavement.

2. In falling off your wheel do not fall on both sides at once. Failure to observe this rule will result in dividing you against yourself.

3. Always be courteous. If a trolley-car has the right of way over the track do not dispute with it. A boy in Massachusetts who broke this rule broke his right arm and his cyclometer at the same time.

4. Be cautious. In riding from New York to Brooklyn keep to the driveway. Don't try to wheel over the suspension-cable. You might slip and fall into the smokestack of a passing ferry-boat.

5. Keep your lamp lit when riding at night. The boy who thought he was safe because he had a parlor-match in his pocket came home with a spoke in his wheel that didn't belong there.

6. Do not be rough with ice-carts and furniture trucks. If you must run into one of them do it as gently and tenderly as if it were a baby-carriage.

7. A merciful rider is merciful to his wheel, so do not force a bicycle beyond the point of its endurance, unless you want to walk back with your wheel on your shoulders.

8. Keep cool. If in the course of a ride you find yourself in a tight place, with a skittish horse to the left and a steep ravine to the right, and a bull-dog directly to the fore, take ravine. You'll go into it anyhow, and if your take it alone without dragging the dog or the horse after you your chances will be improved.

9. Never use spurs on the pneumatic tires of your wheel. The use of spurs in this manner is likely to leave your bicycle in a winded condition. Spurs are not comfortable, either, in case of a throw.

10. Do not be stubborn with a balky wheel. If the front wheel gets in a rut going east, and the hind wheel in another going west, dismount and argue the matter standing, unless you are tired, and want to lie down by the roadside without making the effort to do so unassisted.

The Bride's Family.

From Harper's Bazar: A pretty fancy this season arrays the mother, the dear grandmother, the little sisters of the bride, and also some of the favorite maids of the household in snowy white. If, the mother is young-looking, with auburn hair, her white silk gown is dotted or striped with green or rose, or interwoven with threads of gold, and she appears at church in a white chiffon bonnet, with a white collet to match. For a more elderly mother accessories of violet, mauve, or purple mirror velvet tone down the too brilliant whiteness. And the grandmother quits her beloved black for once to wear white silk striped with black or all white, with trimmings of rare old black Chantilly lace. Immaculate muslin is worn the by little fairies in short frocks. It may be soft silky mull, organdy, or embroidered Swiss muslin, but it must be made with full short French skirt, bamboo elbow sleeves, and a bebe waist tied in with a great sash ribbon of the color which dominates the scene. Their large Leghorn hats have towering plumes, and they wear white gloves, and either black or white shoes, with hosiery, to match. The housemaids and the brides own maid look picturesque in gowns of white China silk made with shirt and skirt of the simplest fashion.

To Make Pure Blood

There is no medicine before the people equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the standard spring medicine and blood purifier and it possesses peculiar merit which others try in vain to reach. It really makes the weak strong. Do not neglect to purify your blood this spring. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c. per box.

"Idleness is as fatiguing as repose is sweet.—De Levis.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by John Schultz, Druggist; Racine, Wis.

—The first hatmakers who plied their trade in England were Spaniards, who went to that country in 1510.

Johnson's Oriental Soap is the most delicate facial soap for ladies' use in existence, absolutely pure and highly medicated. W. R. Kirkby.

CURES OTHERS

A prominent clergyman of Mississippi recommends "Golden Medical Discovery" to suffering humanity everywhere. The "Discovery" builds up the strength and solid flesh when reduced below a healthy standard.

DYSPEPSIA AND GENERAL DEBILITY.

Rev. A. H. Mevs.

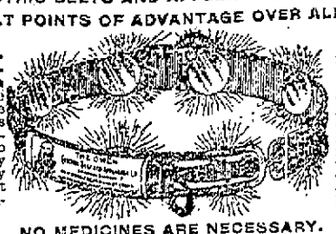
Rev. A. H. Mevs, of *Friar's Point, Coahoma Co., Mississippi*, writes: "Having suffered for a number of years with dyspepsia, torpid liver and general debility, and having tried several physicians with little or no benefit, I resolved, as a last resort, to consult your specialists at the World's Dispensary. Being advised by them to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, I did so, and after using several bottles, I feel entirely restored to health. Now, I take great pleasure in recommending your medicines to suffering humanity everywhere."

WHY NOT YOU?

GUARANTEE

THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELTS AND APPLIANCES INSURE TO THE SICK THESE GREAT POINTS OF ADVANTAGE OVER ALL IMITATORS

The Electric Current can be immediately felt, although soothing to the most sensitive. The strength of the current is under the complete control of the wearer, so much so that a child may be treated and cured by the same power of Belt necessary for the strongest man.



It can be changed from positive to negative current in an moment. They have cured thousands of cases of **Rheumatism, Chronic Diseases and Nervous Ailments** in man and woman (from any cause) where long continued medical treatment failed to cure.

NO MEDICINES ARE NECESSARY.

Avoid all cheap (so-called) Electric Belts and fraudulent imitations of our Electric Belts and Appliances, as these are an **imposition**, upon the suffering.

THE OWEN ELECTRIC TRUSS is the most retentive and curative Truss made for the radical cure of Rupture.

Inclose six cents and send for our **Large Illustrated Catalogue** in English, German, Swedish and Norwegian languages; containing medical facts, sworn statements of cures made and descriptions of Belts and Appliances. Address

THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT AND APPLIANCE CO.,
295 to 211 State Street, Chicago.

A Change of Style.

"Woman is still far from her ideals."

"Oh, I don't know. We don't wear them as loose as we did."—Detroit Tribune.

More Reliable.

"Sayin' de right thing at de right time," said Uncle Eben, "am er great gif'. But not sayin anything at de right time am mos' ez good an' er heap mo' reliable."—Washington Star.

Piety With a Purpose.

"Do you go to church to hear the sermon or the music Maude?"

"I go for the hims," said Maude.—Harper's Bazar.

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Sheriff—John Pugh, Racine.
District Attorney—Peter H. Nelson, Racine.
Clerk—John Dixon.
Register of Deeds—F. M. Roberts.
Clerk of Court—Otto Ahrens.
Superintendent of Schools—Elmer A. Morse, Franksville.
Coroner—Chris H. Stripple, Racine.

TOWN OFFICERS.

Burlington—
Chairman—A. M. Aldrich, Burlington.
Treasurer—Chas. P. Sawyer, Burlington.
Town Clerk—L. A. Rauschlieu, Burlington.

Caledonia—
Chairman—John Beres, Racine.
Treasurer—Q. P. Sand, Racine.
Town Clerk—F. Renak, Racine.

Dover—
Chairman—J. H. Smith, Union Grove.
Treasurer—W. G. Edwards, Waterford.
Town Clerk—H. J. Spriggs, Kansasville.

Mt. Pleasant—
Chairman—J. E. Rowlands, Racine.
Treasurer—T. C. Roberts, Western Union.
Town Clerk—J. H. Crane, Racine.

Norway—
Chairman—Ole Hansen, Waterford.
Treasurer—Thos. Overson, Waterford.
Town Clerk—Jas. L. English, North Cape.

Raymond—
Chairman—G. Schenk, Union Church.
Treasurer—Chas. Mickleson, North Cape.
Town Clerk—Benj. West, Kneeland.

Rochester—
Chairman—Geo. Ely, Rochester.
Treasurer—Geo. Waller, Rochester.
Town Clerk—Wm. Bell, Rochester.

Waterford—
Chairman—Wm. Schenkenberg, Waterford.
Treasurer—H. Halback; Waterford.
Town Clerk—C. Berger—Waterford.

Yorkville—
Chairman—H. Skewes, Union Grove.
Treasurer—A. G. McElhron, Union Grove.
Town Clerk—R. R. Russell, Union Grove.

(First publication Wednesday, May 8, 1895.)

CIRCUIT COURT, RACINE COUNTY, WISCONSIN. In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Francis Henson.

Upon reading and filing the application of Francis Henson, an insolvent debtor for discharge from his debts, and it appearing to the court that the said Francis Henson made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of his creditors, on the 9th day of January, 1895, and that said assignment was duly filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for Racine county, Wisconsin, on said 9th day of January, 1895; that the name of the clerk with whom said assignment was filed is Otto E. Ahrens, whose post office address is Racine, Wis.; that the assignee named in said assignment is Charles M. Dettrich, whose post office address is Racine, Wis.

It is therefore ordered that all of the creditors of the said Francis Henson show cause if any they have, before this court at the court house in the city of Racine, Racine county, Wisconsin, on the

24th day of June, 1895,

at the opening of court on said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the said Francis Henson should not be discharged from his debts.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the Racine Weekly Journal, a newspaper published at the city of Racine, in said county, for six successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

It is further ordered that a copy of said application and this order be, within five days from the date hereof, deposited in the postoffice, postpaid, directed to each of the creditors of the said Francis Henson, whose address is known to the said Francis Henson.

Dated May 2, 1895 A. D.

By the court,
FRANK M. FISH,
may9t7 Circuit Judge.

[First published May 23, 1895, A. D.]

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY—IN PROBATE. In the matter of the last will and testament of Margaret Wynne, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Jane Davies, executrix of the last will of said deceased, representing, among other things that she has fully administered the estate of said deceased and paid all debts due from said deceased, her funeral expenses, and expenses of administration, and praying for the adjustment and allowance of her final account of her receipts, and disbursements for and on account of the estate in this matter and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to such person or persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed by this Court at a special term thereof to be held on

Tuesday, the 25th day of June, A. D. 1895,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the office of the Judge of said Court, in the City of Racine in said County; and that thereupon the residue of said estate will be at said time and place by the further order or judgement of said Court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day in the "Racine Journal" a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County of Racine.

Dated May 21st, 1895.

By the Court,
14 E. B. Belden, County Judge.
Palmer & Gittings, Atty's.

[First publication Thursday May 23, 1895]

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY—IN PROBATE. In the matter of the last will and testament of Soren Jenson Hanson, deceased.

On reading and filing an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of Soren Jenson Hanson, late of the town of Raymond in the county of Racine and state of Wisconsin, deceased, and also the accompanying petition of James Peterson, representing, among other things, that the said Soren Jenson Hanson lately died; that said instrument in writing is the last will and testament of said deceased, and that he, the said petitioner, is the identical James Peterson, named and appointed in and by said last will and testament as executor thereof; and praying that a time and place be appointed for proving said will.

It is ordered that said petition and proofs of said instrument be heard before this court at a special term thereof to be held on

Tuesday the 25th day of June, A. D., 1895,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the office of the County Judge of said county, in the city of Racine in said county.

And it is further ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by the publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to the time herein appointed for proving said will, in the Racine Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county of Racine.

By the Court,
Dated Racine, May 17, A. D., 1895.
14 E. B. BELDEN, County Judge.
John W. Owen, Attorney at Law.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
RACINE WIS.

The Citizens of Racine and vicinity are informed that

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK

Has opened a Savings Department in connection with its general banking business.

The Savings Department

Will be in continuous operation during the summer months between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. daily and upon the evenings of

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays,

between the hours of 7 o'clock and 9 o'clock P. M.

In this department deposits of $1.00 and upward will be received. Savings pass books issued and interest paid on the same at the rate of three per cent. per annum after three months.

This plan for saving is particularly convenient for young people and those desiring to deposit small amounts frequently.

F. K. BULL, Prest. H. E. SMEIDING, V. P.
H. J. ROGERS, Cashier.

NEWTON'S HEAVE, COUGH, DISTEMPER and INDIGESTION CURE.
(GUARANTEED.)

Positively Cures HEAVES, COUGHS, COLDS, DISTEMPER, Indigestion, Skin Eruptions, (Worm Expeller), and a grand conditioner. Used for years by Doctors J. V. Newton and O. J. Carter, Veterinary Surgeons, Toledo, O. Price $1.00 per package.

Sold by J. B. Anderson, 1124 Lake Ave., Racine, Wis. Also Marshall's Hoof Cure. The best known to veterinary science. Cures all hoof troubles. Relieves at once. It is a fine hoof dressing.

H. G. UNDERWOOD,
Successor to STOUT & UNDERWOOD
SOLICITOR OF
PATENTS
AND ATTORNEY AT LAW.
107 Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee, Wis

IMPORTANT
Family Secret. Indispensible to the happy home. 2c stamp for particulars to Lock box 320, Lansing, Mich

$100.00 Given Away Every Month

to the person submitting the most meritorious invention during the preceding month.

WE SECURE PATENTS FOR INVENTORS, and the object of this offer is to encourage persons of an inventive turn of mind. At the same time we wish to impress the fact that :: :: ::

It's the Simple Trivial Inventions That Yield Fortunes

—such as De Long's Hook and Eye, "See that Hump," "Safety Pin," "Pins in Clover," "Air Brake," etc.

Almost every one receives a bright idea at some time or other. Why not put it in practical use? YOUR talents may lie in this direction. May make your fortune. Why not try? :: :: :: ::

Write for further information and mention this paper.

THE PRESS CLAIMS CO.
Philip W. Avirett, Gen. Mgr.,
618 F Street Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The responsibility of this company may be judged by the fact that its stock is held by nearly two thousand of the leading newspapers in the United States.

[First publication May 23, 1895, A. D.]

COUNTY COURT—RACINE COUNTY, IN PROBATE. In the matter of the estate of Fred H. Thomas, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Levia Thomas, representing, among other things, that Fred H. Thomas, late of the town of Yorkville in the County of Racine and State of Wisconsin, deceased, died intestate, on or about the 2d day of April, A. D. 1895, leaving personal property situated in said county; that said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that said Levia Thomas be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court at a special term thereof to be held on

Tuesday, the 25th day of June, A. D., 1895,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., of that day, at the office of the Judge of said County court, in the city of Racine in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the "Racine Journal," a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county of Racine.

Dated May 16th, 1895.

By the Court,
14 E. B. BELDEN,
Hand & Flott, Attorneys.

Advertise in the Journal

The Racine Journal.

PART TWO.

VOLUME XLIII. RACINE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1895.---TWELVE PAGES. NO. 25.

DEBS DID NOT AWAKE

Eugene V. Debs Surrenders Himself to the U. S. Marshal.

States That He Overslept at a Friend's House Last Night.

Deputy United States Marshals Made a Thorough Search But Could Find no Trace of Him—Will be Taken to Woodstock Jail.

Chicago, June 12.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the A. R. U., surrendered himself at the United States marshal's office shortly before noon. He said he slept at a friend's house and did not awake until this morning.

Could Not be Found.

Deputy United States marshals have been searching for the missing president all night, but could find no trace of him. He surrendered to the marshal yesterday afternoon and was paroled until 5 o'clock but when the time came to take the train for Woodstock jail, he could not be found. He was to have begun his term of imprisonment last night.

SALOON KEEPERS QUARREL.

One Shot and Killed Another at Iron River This State.

Iron River, Wis., June 12.—Mick Flynn, a restaurant keeper here, shot and killed Wm. Sullivan last night. Sullivan is also a restaurant and saloon keeper. The trouble is over Flynn's saloon being closed on complaint of Sullivan. Flynn fired four shots, three of which took effect and Sullivan died within a few minutes.

WILL FRANCES MARRY?

A London Paper Has It That She is to Marry a Wealthy Englishman.

London, June 12.—A local paper repeats a report, which is denied by her friends, that Miss Frances E. Willard president of the W. C. T. U., will be married this fall to a prominent and wealthy English reformer.

Denied by Miss Willard.

Miss Willard telegraphs the Associated Press that there is no truth in the story of her coming marriage.

WIPED OUT BY FIRE.

Flames Entirely Destroy a Thriving Little Indian Town.

Ft. Wayne, Ind., June 12.—It is reported that Gonova, a thriving little town 38 miles south of here, was entirely destroyed by fire last night. The loss is very heavy. Particulars have not been received, owing to the destruction of the telegraph office.

Over thirty business houses and dwellings were burned and the loss is $75,000.

OHIO VETS IN LINE.

Distinguished Visitors at the G. A. R. Encampment.

Sandusky, June 12.—The annual state reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic assembled here today. The chief event was the parade during the afternoon. The distinguished visitors are Governor McKinley, Senator Brice and General Asa Bushnell, Republican candidate for governor.

INCREASED 10 PER CENT.

Crane & Co., of Chicago, Raise the Wages of Hundreds of Men.

Chicago, June 12.—Crane & Company, manufacturers of iron pipe and brass goods, employing 2,500 men, as the result of improvement in business today announced an increase of 10 per cent in wages.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

The Raising of an Umbrella Causes the Death of an Iowa Lady.

Albia, Ia., June 12.—As Mrs. Robert Steele was driving to Albia today she raised an umbrella, which scared the horse, causing it to run away, throwing her out. Her foot caught and she was dragged some distance and killed.

COLD WATER AND SILVER.

Wrangle Over the Financial Plank in the Ohio Prohibition Convention.

Springfield, O., June 12.—The Prohibition state convention wrangled all this morning over the money plank in the platform and took a recess without deciding it.

FORGED MANY MORTGAGES.

London, June 12.—It transpires that L. A. Wooley, a prominet lawyer who committed suicide last March, forged mortgages on property of others, covering the same property two or three times, amounting in the aggregate from £50,000 to £140,000. The discovery was accidental. Many well known lawyers were victimized and hundreds of families will suffer.

IDA B. WELL TO MARRY.

Chicago, June 12.—It is announced that Ida B. Wells, leader of the anti-lynching crusade, who has presented the cause of her people on the platform of this country and Europe, will on June 27 become the bride of F. L. Barnett, a well known colored attorney of this city.

CONDEMN AN APPOINTMENT.

The Wisconsin Federation of Labor Does Not Like Richard Jardeaus Appointment.

Green Bay, June 12.—At today's session of the State Federation of Labor a resolution was adopted condemning the appointment by Governor Upham of Richard Jardeau as a representative of labor on the state arbitration board. The resolution declares Jardeau as having been on the railway lobby in opposition to the black list bill in the last legislature. A resolution was also adopted expressing sympathy for strikers at Sheboygan and another in sympathy with Debs and his associates and condemning the supreme court's decision in the Deb's case.

TAYLOR WILL RETURN.

The Defaulting ex-State Treasurer of South Dakota Tired of Travelling.

Sioux City, Ia., June 12.—The Times Sioux Falls, S. D., special says that Attorney General Crawford and Taylor's lawyers have issued a statement that the defaulting ex-state treasurer will return in 10 days. The statement gives an account of his travels since his disappearance but does not say where he is now.

WE WILL DEMAND DAMAGES.

China Will be Asked to Recompense Missionaries For Destroying Property.

Washington, June 12.—Confirmation reports have been received that American missionary property in China has been destroyed, which makes it possible that the United States will require China to make suitable indemnity when the facts are officially established. A precedent for such recompense was made when the United States paid China for the mob deprecations on the Chinese in the far northwest.

CITIZENS DEMAND FOOD.

Suspending Operations on a Railroad Causes Destitution.

Midland, Mich., June 12—Twenty-four citizens of Hubbard and heads of families marched into Midland this morning and besieged the county officers demanding food. Thirty Hubbard families are destitute. The railroad is not running and they have no buyers for their wood and tanbark. Food will be given them.

ONEIDA INDIANS QUARREL.

Green Bay, June 12.—In a quarrel between Fall Leaf, Cornelius and Martin Summers, Oneida Indians, the latter's head was chopped open. Cornelius was arrested.

BREWERS CONVENTION.

Milwaukee, June 12.—The National Brewers' association convention listened to the president's address and the reading of reports.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

New York, June 12.—Sigmund Schneider shot his wife fatally and then blew out his own brains.

STUDENT OHL EXPIRES.

Princeton, N. J., June 12.—Frederick Ohl, the student shot by the negro Collins Saturday night, died this morning.

A VALUABLE HORSE BURNS.

Cleveland, O., June 12.—The racing horse Don Juan, with a record of 2:15, was burned to death in a stable today.

OBITUARY.

Lux.

An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Lux died at their home, near North Point. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Richards.

Samuel J. Richards died at 10:30 o'clock this morning, at his home, No. 1521 Franklin street, of stomach complaint, aged about 40 years. Deceased was born in New York state, and came to Racine some twenty years ago. He lived here ten or twelve years and was engaged in the manufacture of carriage poles. During the past six years he lived at St. Louis, returning here last fall. At one time he was a member of the Knights of Pythias order. A wife, one daughter, a mother, sister and brother survive to mourn his death.

Bement.

Eliza, the wife of O. C. Bement died at her home, 1130 School street, Chicago, June 7, 1895, of pneumonia after an illness of five days. The remains were brought to this city and interred in the Catholic cemetery Sunday afternoon, the services being held at the St. Rose church. Deceased was born in Ireland, September 21, 1873, and was married to O. C. Bement August 15, 1893. A husband and one child survive to mourn the death of a loving wife and mother.

Who Fired the Shots?

About 12 o'clock last night two gun shots were heard in the vicinity of State street bridge. Officers Erickson, Pansch, Under Sheriff Rohn and our reporter hurried to the locality and made a thorough investigation, but nothing was discovered and no person could be found who could tell anything about the strange incident. The shots were in rapid succession. It is believed that some person placed cartridges on the tracks of the St. Paul Co., and that a freight train passing over them caused the explosion

A TERRIFIC STORM.

Was the One That Visited This City Yesterday Afternoon.

Lightning Cripples the Belle City Street Railway.

Scaffold About the Smoke Stack Damaged—Many Persons Shocked—Houses and Churches Struck—Cow Killed, Etc.

The storm which visited this city yesterday afternoon and last evening developed into one of the most severe electrical disturbances experienced in this vicinity for a long time. Rain came down in torrents and the peals of thunder and flashes of lightning were terrific. Torrents of water flowed down the gutters and into the catch basins and in many places the streets were flooded for a time. Pavements on the main streets were washed as clean as if brushed with a broom. It is estimated that nearly one and a half inches of water fell. At each crash of thunder and lightning people were fairly raised from their feet and momentarily stunned in nearly every part of the city and the supposition that many places were struck proved correct.

Damaged Scaffold.

One bolt struck the scaffold surrounding the new 135-foot brick smoke stack being erected by the Belle City Street Railway company. It passed down from the top to the bottom at the northeast corner and splintered the boards and planks, scattering pieces in every direction, but not wrecking it and in fact only weakened the east side a trifle. A teamster of James Cape named Christopherson was unloading sand at the bottom of the shaft and the pieces of the scaffold fairly covered him, but luckily he was not injured and got out of the vicinity in a hurry. An investigation revealed that the stack was not injured and where the lightning entered the earth was not discovered. The power house was not injured in the least.

Girls Shocked.

A short distance southeast of the immense stack are the shops of J. Miller & Company. The shock from the lightning knocked some 10 or 15 girls from stools upon which they were sitting to the floor and excitement was high for a considerable time, but none of them were injured and in a few moments had fully recovered. However they were very nervous until the factory closed and they went home. A number of men in the shop were more or less shocked and describe the bolt that struck the scaffold as resembling a large ball of fire and that when it exploded there was a blinding effect for some time. Twenty or 30 people who happened to be in the locality state that they could feel the electricity pass through their bodies, and James Oliver was certain that a horse had been struck and ran out to see how bad the animal was injured.

Street Car Traffic Stops.

Shortly after the scaffold was damaged the street cars throughout the city refused to run and it was evident that there was a bad ground somewhere. For five hours the employes of the road made an effort to discover where the trouble was, but failed and cars stood all along the lines with lights burned out and perfectly dead. The machinery and wires were all right at the power house. The trouble was located either on the north or west sides and connection was cut off at the State and Main street bridges, practically suspending traffic on State street and Northwestern avenue, St. Clair street and Douglas avenue and North Main and High streets and the cars were out all night. Travel was resumed on all of the south side lines at 10:30. This morning an effort was made to connect the north and west sides, but the fuses at the bridges burned out as fast as put in. The motormen tell funny stories of their experiences during the storm. How the lightning entered their cars, burned out the lights and gave them severe shocks and when passengers were in the cars there was a general scattering and efforts made to get out. No one was injured, however.

Off the Track.

On St. Clair street, directly in front of the Platz & Sons' Leather company, the rain washed the earth down and filled in the tracks. Motorman Harry Flynn came down the hill with a car and failed to see the fill. In a jiffy the wheels of his car struck the earth and jumped the track and the car stands almost directly across the street. On account of the accident to the line it was impossible to again right the car and it stood in the road all night and this morning.

Church Damaged.

During the worst of the storm a bolt of lightning struck the spire of the Second Methodist church at the corner of North Wisconsin and St. Patrick streets. Shingles were torn off and some other damage done and the electric light wires entering the church were burned out. John Sleb stood a short distance from the church when the lightning struck and felt the shock considerably.

Houses, Trees, and Other Damage.

A Jersey cow, the property of Jens J. Holm, residing on Herricks flats, was struck and killed by lightning.

An electric motor at the Times office and also several others were burned out about the city.

The cause of street lights not burning on the north side was occasioned by an open circuit. Repairs were made today.

The home of John Lonergan on Center street, was struck by lightning. The roof was damaged considerably and the shock was felt by the family.

Manager Korst of the Badger Electric Light company, states that the lightning burned out a number of fuses and crippled some of the incandescent lights.

Lightning did much damage to the mould press in the cigar factory of Peter Verhalen on Main street, opposite the street car barns during the storm.

A barn of Mr. Linderman, located on the Pratt farm opposite to Mound cemetery, was considerably damaged by lightning. Mr. Linderman says that $50 will cover the loss.

About 20 feet of the foundation wall of Holm Bros'. new building on State street was washed out by the storm and this morning the cellar was well filled with water.

The residence of a Mr. Brinkman on Milwaukee avenue, was struck and somewhat injured about the roof and chimney. None of the family were effected by the bolt.

A tree in front of the residence of Mr. Phelps on Racine street, was struck and shattered. A large number of people in the vicinity were shocked and badly frightened.

Some 25 telephones were burned out and made useless by the lightning and the lines between Milwaukee, Burlington and Racine were crippled for a number of hours.

Up at the Mitchell & Lewis Company's shops the insulation was burned off two wires. A young man named Smith, engaged in the paint department, received a shock and was prostrated for half an hour. He was all right last night.

A double residence of William Scott, located on Wisconsin street, occupied by Rev. A. C. Grier, was struck by lightning. The chimney and roof were slightly damaged. The occupants were badly frightened.

The cause of the north and west side street cars being crippled was discovered this morning. It was at the Main street bridge. A double insulator was burned out. The damage was soon repaired and traffic resumed before 10 o'clock on the entire system.

Policeman Schumacher was standing on No. 3 fire engine house when a ball of fire came in on a wire and circulated about the floor. The boys at No. 3 say that the officer danced a horn pipe and swore the ball of fire was following him about the room.

The house of Herman Butts, in the vicinity of Baumann's brickyard, was struck. A portion of the roof was torn off and the bolt passed down and tore off plastering, wrecked the parlor stove and stunned Mrs. Butts and a child, but they have fully recovered. The damage to the house will amount to $100 with no insurance.

Yesterday afternoon lightning struck the barn of J. H. Kelley in Somers, Kenosha county. The structure was consumed together with hay and farm machinery. The horses and cattle were rescued. Loss about $1,000, with a partial insurance. The same barn was struck by lightning and destroyed some years ago.

Yesterday afternoon in a pasture near Horlicksville, lightning struck and killed a horse belonging to Morris B. James. This animal was once a valuable one, having been for 12 years the prized family horse of Mr. Henry Mitchell.

A large oak tree in the yards of Johnson & Field, at Racine Junction, was shattered by lightning.

The house of Adam Horn, in Paris, Kenosha county, was damaged $100 by lightning and the house of John Linderman in Kenosha was damaged $100.

THE DOCTOR CLOSED,

Fred Bryan Leaves the City and Creditors are Looking for Him.

Main street merchants were surprised this morning to notice that "The Doctor," a sample room on Main street, conducted by Fred Bryan, was closed. It was ascertained that Bryan was missing, having left the city yesterday morning, stating to a young man whom he left in charge that he would be back. Seven cigars, a small amount of liquor and half a keg of beer was found in the place. What became of the balance of the stock is not known. The business never paid and Bryan contracted many debts which he was unable to meet and his creditors are out.

Alderman Kammerer is out $150; another party $35 and a third person $48. Possibly $300 would pay all bills.

FREE SILVER THE CRY.

Hundreds of Delegates Attend the Convention at Memphis.

People From all Walks of Life Are Delegates.

Speeches by Hon. Alex. Delmar and Senator David Turpie, of Indiana An Address of Welcome by Colonel Young.

Memphis, June 12.—The free silver counter demonstration to the "sound money" convention of May 23 assembled here this afternoon.

Delegates arrived by every train yesterday and all night, and continued coming today. Over 1,000 were on hand when the convention was called to order. It embraced all classes from the tiller of the soil to representatives of the bench and bar, artisan and merchant, and from all political parties. The representation includes almost every state south of the Ohio river and west of the Mississippi river from Puget sound to Florida Keys and from the Mexican boundary to the Potomac river. It is more in the nature of a mass meeting than a convention, there being no fixed basis of representation and it is not held under the authority of any political organization. The turnout far exceeds the expectation of the leaders.

The convention was called to order at 2 p. m., by W. N. Brown, president of the Bimetallic league, of Memphis.

Col. Casey Young, in a flowery address, welcomed the delegates as the advance guard of a mighty army to overthrow the power of a more ruthless, rapacious, hurtful to human happiness and prosperity than any despot ever shackled liberty and oppressed mankind.

Senator Turpie of Indiana, was made permanent chairman and on taking the chair delivered an address. He gave a history of the United States precious metals as coin; referring to the coined "sound money" advocates that money is not honest whose intrinsic value is not equal to its coin value. He declared there was not a single honest coin in the United States. Gold and silver dollars had one-tenth of them taken from their intrinsic value by the substitution of alloy, and fractional money was debased to a greater extent as it decreased in value until the copper cent commercially is worth only about one-third of its coin value.

Hon. Alex. Delmar, commissioner to the monetary commission of 1876, reviewed the history of the demonetization of silver at length. He declares the movement originated in Europe for the purpose of fixing the value of money in which a great amount of bonds issued by the United States during the rebellion should be redeemed in silver than at a premium over gold.

It was seen the United States would oppose the demonetization of gold, as it would force the United States to pay in the dearer money, silver. This gave rise to resolutions adopted by a later monetary union and this was followed by a course of intrigue in this country which led to surreptitious demonetization of silver in 1873, with demonetization in this country, Great Britain and other countries. Delmar declares this plunged the commercial world into a long train of disasters.

CRIMINAL NOTES.

From the Police Office and Justice Courts.

Peter Bully was found on Main street last night in an intoxicated condition. He was arrested by Policeman Jorgenson and sent to jail today for five days. His wife appeared at the police office before the arrest and desired to have him blacklisted. She said that he had not been drunk in a year and feared that he would come home and smash things.

Matt Amstedder and Thomas Donovan, the two men who made such trouble on Sixth street Monday night and came near killing a baby, were up before Justice Mercy yesterday afternoon. The former was fined $3 and costs and five days in jail and the latter got five days with Sheriff Pugh.

Yesterday afternoon a young man entered the Salvation Army barber shop on Sixth street and stole a razor. Officer Bassinger captured the thief and accused him of the crime which he denied. He finally confessed and went home and got the razor. He will not be prosecuted.

The case of the State of Wisconsin against Mr. Wilson, charged with using abusive language against James Frederickson, occupied Justice Wentworth's court yesterday afternoon. The parties are Caledonia farmers.

Frank Cawley, an inmate of the county insane asylum, escaped from that institution a few days ago and wandered about the surrounding country. Yesterday the demented man put in an appearance at Western Union Junction, having boarded a milk train at Wadsworth. He was taken back to the asylum by Clinton Putnam.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Miss Libbie Sorenson Expires Suddenly of Heart Trouble.

Miss Libbie Sorenson, who rooms with a family on North Wisconsin street, left her home well and hearty last evening and went to the residence of Mrs. J. B Hunter of North Main street, for a brief visit. She was taken suddenly sick with heart trouble and Dr. J. G. Meachem was called and prescribed. She grew worse during the night and died at 11 o'clock this morning. She was about 32 years of age and a member of the Second M. E. church. Her mother lives in Norway and she has two sisters in Milwaukee and a brother in Kenosha county.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. Ellen Martin and her daughter, Miss Thompson, departed today for an extended visit in Michigan. Their friends will wish them a pleasant time.

Misses Velma and Alice Schumacher and Miss Due, who have been attending the deaf and dumb institute at Delavan, arrived home today to spend the summer vacation.

Grand Chancellor Joseph Schroeder of the Knights of Pythias of Wisconsin, paid Beloit lodge, No. 4, an official visit last night and the advantage was taken of the event to present Past Grand Chancellor P. H. Craben of that city, with a magnificent jewel of his office.

The forty-eighth annual convention of the Wisconsin Universalists is being held at Oshkosh. Last evening Rev. A. C. Grier of this city, preached the convention sermon, his subject being, "The Obligations Upon Us," in which he discussed civil and religious duties.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Taben have returned from a visit in the east.

Mrs. White of Milwaukee, is visiting her sister Mrs. Cran.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Collar of Morrill, Wis., spent Sunday with Mr. C's. father and mother.

Children's day exercises will be held next Sunday.

Mrs. Colonel R. T. Pugh and sons, Harry L. and Charles L., and daughter, Jennie, departed for Milwaukee to attend the marriage of Miss Hattie Owen to Mr. Wm. D. Hooker, a prominent lawyer of Milwaukee. Miss Owen is a niece of Col. Pugh.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Seramor of 1235 Grand avenue, a daughter.

Fred McDonald was called from Chicago on account of the dangerous sickness of his wife.

Mrs. B. S. Hatherell of Green Bay, is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. M. James.

Mrs. J. M. James left for Milwaukee today to attend the Jones-Lloyd wedding.

Mrs. C. E. Stickney of Cleveland, O., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. E. Lockwood on Mound avenue.

James Beaugrand, Mrs. Frank Carrier and Mr. and Mrs. K. W. Jenson are in Milwaukee today.

P. H. Loftus and Mr. Hooker, of Milwaukee, are in the city today.

Among the arrivals at Hotel Racine are D. F. M. Martin, Ed. Maddan, A. Tallman, T. M. Martin, Delavan; F. W. Bassett, Union Grove; C. E. Brown, Madison; Mrs. M. H. Moore, Tomah; A. Carpenter, J. W. Wolff, Milwaukee; J. R. Burnell, Boston; G. S. Osborne, L. Lemmel, E. W. Pratt, N. Alpa, Chicago.

Arrivals at the Merchants hotel: Charles Hoffman, Chicago; W. C. Hea, Freeport, Ill.; B. F. Timmes, H. H. Greene, Milwaukee; J. L. Shanks, Ashley, Ohio; T. J. Sullivan, A. F. Rittsch, A. O. Thayer, Portage; W. H. Sheldon, J. F. Jasks, Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Mills have returned from an extended visit in New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Miss Susie Lyons and Mr. John Peters were united in marriage by Justice Morey on May 31.

At 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon a brilliant wedding occurred at the St. Matthew's Episcopal church, Kenosha, the contracting parties being Miss C. Pettit, daughter of Hon. M. H. Pettit of that place, and Mr. Harry Rockwell Griswold, of Chicago. Rev. H. Thompson performed the ceremony.

Bitten By a Dog.

Mr. and Mrs. John Braid of Savannah, Ill., are visiting his father south of the city. A savage dog attacked Mr. Braid's little son yesterday lacerating the wrist in a frightful manner. Dr. F. R. Garlock was called to attend the case.

Six persons who applied for land upon which to plant potatoes will be permitted to plow and plant on the cemetery land owned by the city. The poor agent has plenty of potatoes which were donated. The plan will cost the city nothing.

A little son of O. D. Jones captured a carrier pigeon yesterday. There was a band around the leg of the bird with the number marked 5594 and several letters.

The Racine Shoe company has commenced operations and expect to produce their first goods about July 1. They have over $3,000 worth of orders up to date.

DELIGHTFUL WHIST

Party Tendered by Mrs. Frank M. Fish Yesterday Afternoon.

One of the most enjoyable and delightful entertainments of the season was give yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Frank M. Fish, at her elegant home, 1003 Lake avenue. It was a progressive whist party and reception in honor of Mrs. Charles Tingley of Boston, Mass., a sister of Judge Fish. The lovely residence was tastily decorated with palms, American beauties and Iceland poppies, brilliantly lighted, and presented a scene of beauty and grace seldom witnessed. The guests were received by Mrs. Fish, assisted by Mrs. Tingley. There were ten tables and handsome prizes were awarded. The first prize, a pretty Austrian bon bon dish, was won by Miss Florence Hambright, and the second prize, a cut glass vase, was taken by Mrs. Lucius Elliott. Most delicious and toothsome viands were served during the afternoon. Mrs. Fish, wife of Judge Fish, is immensely popular, possesses a lovely disposition and entertains with queenly dignity and grace.

Those present were: Misses Bates, Warner, Hall, Hurlbut, Hambright, Deane, Morrison, Sinclair, May, and Mesdames A. C. Fish, Chicago; Joseph Dyer, J. K. Fish, Milwaukee; Hoy, Bull, Elliott, Dietrich, Snyder, Wallis, Reiley, Miner, H. Hurlbut, Wackerhagen, Redman, Guilbert, Kellogg, Carpenter, Reynolds, W. M. Lewis, Dickson, A. Weed, Dickey, C. Adams, Ward, Kelley, Moore, Collins, Smith.

MATRIMONIAL

Hawkins-Murdock.

Married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Callen, Thursday evening, June 6, Miss Edith Hawkins to Mr. Albert Murdock, Wm. L. E. Osgood of Union Grove, tying the knot. Only the immediate relatives were present to witness the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Murdock received many beautiful gifts. They will reside at the old homestead where they will be pleased to receive their many friends.

Pritchard-Price.

At 8 o'clock last evening Miss Margaret C. Pritchard and William Price were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Catherine Pritchard at 839 Grand avenue. Rev. R. T. Roberts pastor of the Welsh Presbyterian church performed the ceremony, in the presence of only a few relatives of the contracting parties, the affair being a very quiet one. A wedding supper was served and the newly wedded pair were the recipients of many beautiful gifts. Amid a shower of rice Mr. and Mrs. Price departed on the 9:45 Northwestern train for a brief wedding tour in the west, after which they will make their home in this city at 924 Villa street. The bride is a highly respected and honored lady of our city, being held in the highest esteem by a large circle of friends and acquaintances, while the groom is a trusted employe of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company at Racine Junction. The Journal unites in the heartiest congratulations for a long and prosperous wedded life.

Kannaly-Burns.

The marriage of Miss Alice Kannaly, of this city, to Mr. P. E. Burns, of Milwaukee, which occurred at the St. Rose church at 9 o'clock this morning, was an extremely pretty occasion. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Johnson, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. The bride, a handsome young lady, was gowned in an ivory white satin costume, trimmed with lace and carried bridal roses. She was attended by her sister, Miss Lizzie Kannaly, who was attired in white henrietta. The groom's best man was Lawrence Hamilton, of Milwaukee. After the ceremony a reception was held for relatives at the home of the bride, Mrs. John Squires, No. 1128 Racine street. The presents were many and costly. Mr. and Mrs. Burns departed on the noon train for their new home at Milwaukee and a shower of rice and old shoes were hurled after them as they boarded the cars. The bride is an estimable young lady and popular with those who know her. The groom is a deserving young man and the best wishes are extended to the couple for a long and happy wedded life.

Elected Officers.

At a meeting of the Wergeland society held last evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months:

President—Ollie Gullie.
Vice President—Carl Johnson.
Secretary—S. Hanson.
Asst. Secretary—A. Sordahl.
Treasurer—C. Anderson.
Asst. Treasurer—C. Schriever.
Door Keeper—F. Schriever.
Librarian—J. Moe, one year.
Trustee—A. G. Eye, 18 months.

Mr. Jones Not to Blame.

There has been much discussion in regard to the pavement on Third street and comment is general in regard to the grade, etc. It can be said, in justice to Mr. John Jones the contractor, that he has done his work well and laid the pavement exactly in accordance with the plans and specifications. If any of the pavement comes up he is certainly not to blame.

Monster Military, Civic and Industrial Street Parade!

FOURTH OF JULY, 1895.

FOURTH OF JULY, 1895.

—4—

SUPERB BANDS!

—4—

—25 STRONG.—

THE

MILWAUKEE . .
. . DRUM CORPS.

—25 STRONG.—

Six Miles of Parade, Representing the Various Military, Benevolent and Workingmen's Societies and Every Trade, Profession and Business Interest.

A Positive Novelty---Grand Balloon Ascension

And Daring Jump from the Balloon at a Height of 5000 Feet, Using a Parachute.

$500 IN CASH PRIZES FOR VARIOUS RACES AND ATHLETIC SPORTS.

—Novel Evening Parade of all Craft in the Harbor Brilliantly Decorated and Lighted.—

TO CONCLUDE WITH A GLORIOUS DISPLAY OF

$2500 WORTH OF FIREWORKS IN THE EVENING.---$2500.

25 HOURS OF UNINTERRUPTED PATRIOTISM.

The Grandest and Most Extensive Celebration Ever Attempted in the State of Wisconsin.

THIRTY YEAR SLEEP.

THE RIP VAN WINKLE LIKE SLUMBER OF A NEW JERSEYMAN.

Since His Wedding Night, In 1865, John Stipple Has Been Apparently Dead, but Still Lives—Occasional Brief Periods of Semiconsciousness.

In the Flemington river valley, two miles from the little town of Ringoes, N. J., lives a man of the name of John Stipple, who has slept almost continuously the last 30 years.

The case is a remarkable one, and it has puzzled a good many physicians, who have visited the little farmhouse in which Stipple does his slumbering from time to time for the purpose of making a study of his case. The man is now about 50 years old, and but for the fact that he looks haggard and pale his face has the same appearance that it had 30 years ago.

Stipple's long sleep began under peculiar circumstances. It was in the winter of 1865. He had married the daughter of a farmer who lived in the vicinity of Copper Hill, and the wedding party, consisting of a dozen or so young friends of the couple, decided to take a sleigh ride on the Flemington river, which was frozen over and supposed to be safe.

During the trip Stipple's horse stepped into an airhole, and in floundering around broke up the ice so that the sleigh containing the bride and groom went into the water. The young woman was saved with some difficulty, and Stipple was at last got out, but he was unconscious and to all appearances dead.

He was taken to the home that he had prepared for his bride, and after a couple of physicians had worked over him several hours in the hope of restoring him they declared that he was beyond human aid, and in less than 12 hours he had apparently ceased to breathe. Stipple was supposed to be dead, and he was prepared for burial.

The night before the man was to be buried Henry Wilcox and Jason Dalton, two of his friends, were sitting up with the corpse. They had a euchre deck and were doing their best to pass the time pleasantly with the cards. About 1 o'clock in the morning Wilcox had picked up the cards to shuffle, when a voice in the room where Stipple's remains lay shouted, "Whoa, there!"

That was all, but it was enough to bring Wilcox and Dalton to their feet with their hair up in the air and their eyes hanging out. They finally braced up and went into the room with the purpose of finding out where the voice came from. There was nobody in sight but Stipple, and to the amazement of the two men he had turned over on his side. He was apparently dead, and after trying all the ways with which they were familiar to discover if the man breathed, and failing, the watchers straightened Stipple out on his back, covered his face again and left the room to talk it over. No more sounds came from the room that night, but in the morning the supposed corpse was found lying on his side again. The story of what the watchers had heard and seen was told, and Mrs. Stipple refused to allow her husband's body to be buried.

The physicians tried every means known to the profession to restore Stipple to his normal condition, but without avail, and at last they gave up the undertaking, declaring again that the man was dead. This, however, the wife refused to believe, and she could not be induced to consent to the interment of the body.

Six weeks Stipple lay without manifesting signs of life, and then one morning, while his wife was attending to household duties in the adjoining room, she heard somebody shout, "Whoa, there!" She hurried into the room where her husband was and found him sitting up, with his arms extended, as if he were driving a horse.

Overjoyed at the sight, Mrs. Stipple threw her arms around her husband and fell to weeping. Stipple showed no signs of recognition, but called for something to eat and drink. His wife brought him some meat and a glass of milk. He refused to eat the food, but drank the milk and called for more. He eagerly swallowed several glasses of milk, and then, lying down, resumed his apparently breathless sleep.

It was two months before Stipple was again heard from. One day a preacher, who had a wide reputation for being able to cure obstinate diseases through prayer, came to the Stipple residence at the request of the sleeper's wife, and kneeling by the bedside began to pray. When he had reached a point in his appeal for the restoration of Stipple to health, he was interrupted by the man crying out, "Whoa, there!" The preacher stopped praying. Stipple sat up in bed as before, and with an expression of great anxiety on his face appeared to be struggling with a horse. He soon fell back on the pillows and feebly called for food. As before, meat and milk were brought to him, but he swallowed only the milk. He drank nearly a gallon of it before he was satisfied and then became unconscious again.

One day, about 20 years ago, Mrs. Stipple was engaged in sweeping out the room in which her husband lay, when he suddenly cried out, "Thank God, Susie, you was saved!"

Mrs. Stipple was wild with joy, believing that the spell upon her husband had at last been broken. He appeared to be in full possession of his mental faculties and talked with his wife about the occurrences of the eventful night ten years before. What had taken place since then was a blank to him, and he talked as if he had awaked from a night's sleep. He asked if the farmhand had milked, and how long before breakfast would be ready. Fearing the effect that the knowledge might have on her husband, Mrs. Stipple did not tell him how long ago it was that those affairs he had been talking about took place. She sat on the edge of the bed with her arms around her husband, when his head suddenly fell forward, and he was once more in a profound slumber.

At this stage of the peculiar case a remarkable change occurred. The next day Mrs. Stipple and the farmhand were in the room, talking over the affairs about the farm.

"Orrin Whiting wants to buy the Jersey heifer for $40," said the farmhand. "What shall I do about it?"

"Sell her," said Stipple before his wife could answer.

Mrs. Stipple rushed to her husband's side, thinking that he was awake again, but he appeared to be deeply asleep, and all efforts that she made to arouse him failed. He would converse with her, however, answer her questions intelligently and give her advice about the affairs of the farm, but no effort of hers could make him open his eyes or move a limb.

As before, at irregular intervals he awoke, sat up in bed and drank milk, but on these occasions he gave no evidence that he remembered what had transpired or what he had talked about while asleep. His spells of wakefulness never lasted more than three-quarters of an hour, and there were frequently ten weeks between them.

The peculiar power of foresight, clairvoyance, or whatever it may be, has grown upon the man, and he is now put to use by farmers and curious persons who are desirous of knowing what the weather is going to be or what the future holds for them. There are hundreds of men and women living within a radius of 25 miles of Ringoes whose faith in Stipple's ability to correctly forecast events is solid and firm as the hills. People come from far away to have the man tell what is in store for them, and the contribution of money from that source has enabled Mrs. Stipple to surround herself with all the comforts of living.

It is evident that Stipple knows nothing of what he does in this line, for when he is awake he takes up the thread of existence at exactly the point where he dropped it a few weeks before. He has now been in this condition 30 years, and whenever he becomes conscious he asks if John is doing the chores and inquires about breakfast.

Hypnotists, electricians, Christian scientists, herbalists, homeopathists and quacks have done their best to change the condition under which Stipple exists, but without effect. His life apparently stopped when he went through the ice with his bride, and there is no hope of his ever coming out of the trance, sleep or whatever it may be until he dies.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Her Request.

An elderly gentleman whose duties required his presence in Washington during the session of congress had taken quite a fatherly interest, as elderly gentlemen will, in a young woman who boards in the northwestern part of the town.

He had sent her books and flowers and had called on her until really, if he were not an elderly gentleman, people might have made remarks.

Not long ago he appeared in the boarding house parlor and asked for the young woman. She came in. Her face was a little flushed, and in one hand she carried an open note. She walked up to the elderly gentleman.

"Mr. So-and-so," she said distinctly, "you say you would do anything for me. Do you mean it?"

He looked somewhat surprised, but he stood to his colors.

"Certainly," he said. "What is it you want?"

The young woman looked him straight in the face, and then, as she turned to leave the room, she said, and everybody heard her:

"I want you to bring your wife to call on me."—Washington Post.

A Fitting Rebuke.

Workingmen not only have the sensitiveness of other people about their personal integrity, but sometimes may have a neat way of replying to an imputation upon it.

A carpenter, sent to make some repairs in a private house, entered the apartment of the lady of the house with his apprentice.

"Mary," the lady called to her servant, "see that my jewel case is looked at once!"

The carpenter understood. He removed his watch and chain from his vest with a significant air and gave them to his apprentice.

"John," he said, "take these right back to the shop. It seems that the house isn't safe!"—Youth's Companion.

THE HIGHEST SPEED.

Improved Bearings and Brakes Needed to Attain One Hundred Miles an Hour.

[Special Correspondence.]

ALBANY, June 17.—"If you know any one of an inventive turn of mind and desire to let him know how he may make a fortune," said a man who is connected with electric trolley interests to me here yesterday, "start him to experimenting with bearings or journals and brakes for railroad locomotives and cars. For many years steam railroad men have been working steadily at these things, and now they have brought the present forms nearly to perfection. For some time, however, there has been little improvement. Eighteen or twenty years ago a 60 mile rate was so rarely attained as to be thought worthy of much blowing of trumpets and exploitation, and such a thing as running a train regularly above 40 miles an hour was unheard of in America. Since then roadbeds have been gradually improved, the old type of journal has been brought nearly to perfection, the airbrake has come in, and the engines have been made heavier, so that today there are several railroads over which certain trains are regularly run at an average speed of 50 miles an hour. This means that during a portion of each trip the train must move at a much higher rate, say 60, 70 and sometimes even 80 miles an hour.

"The present journals will bear even the highest of these speeds for a considerable stretch, but as soon as more than 80 miles is reached the bearings get hot. Despite the almost ceaseless thought that has been devoted to the problem of producing a bearing that shall 'run cool' no matter what the speed, it has so far proved an insoluble one. Until it is solved the speed of railroad cars, whether propelled by steam or electricity, cannot greatly increase. After its solution railroad speed will surely take an amazing jump. Even with no other improvements save the bettering of the tracks in some instances a more perfect bearing would probably raise the average speed 25 per cent and the speed of the 50 mile an hour train to 70 perhaps. I should not like to name the rate at which I think electric motors might be run with perfect bearings. They could surely be shot along the rails much faster than I would care to ride. But for the imperfect bearings steam railroad trains could even now be propelled at the hundred mile rate regularly, providing the tracks were straightened here and there and the heaviest grades done away with. There are several locomotives now in service on American railroads that can do that speed for short distances and are only prevented from maintaining it for long runs by the fact that when their massive drivers begin to spin at such a rate the bearings heat. No. 999, the famous machine that daily hauls the Empire State express over a part of the line between New York and Buffalo, has actually been run for a short distance at a rate of 112 miles an hour, and I myself have repeatedly ridden over rather extended stretches at an 80 or 90 mile rate within the last two years.

"Once the proper bearing is invented, whether it be a new form or a new material does not matter, all other obstacles but one to great increase of speed will soon disappear. Tracks can be made more solid, bridges can be strengthened, lines can be straightened, and cars, engines and motors be made stronger by the simple expenditure of money. But there is one thing in the way of increased speed, and that is the inadequacy of all present brakes.

"With the very best existing appliances for stopping trains or cars it would be impossible to control them at a higher average of speed than 50 or 60 miles. It would be actually out of the question to stop a heavy train, running 100 miles an hour, within seeing distance of a danger signal, ordinarily speaking, no matter how perfect the airbrakes or how instant their response to the lever. All brakes are at present constructed on the principle of stopping the motion of the wheels, and the best brakes are now so efficient that they will stop the revolution of every wheel under a long train within a car length, but that is not enough to stop the train. The momentum of such an enormously heavy mass as a locomotive engine and long train is so great when moving rapidly that when the motion of its wheels is too suddenly arrested they slide over the tracks as though they were greased. The point of contact between each wheel and the rail is too small to arrest the movement of such a train in a short distance, and until some method of doing this is discovered it will not be safe to greatly increase the running rate. It is true that single electric cars can be stopped much quicker than long trains of heavy steam cars, and it is because of this, in my judgment, that as soon as certain improvements now being made in electric motors are perfected electricity will outrival steam in the matter of speed, although down to the present time no electric cars have ever been regularly run as fast as the fastest steam trains.

"The present tendency of brake inventors is in the direction of a track brake instead of a wheel brake—that is, the perfection of some apparatus by which a shoe or plate several feet long can be let down upon the rails. This would insure a much greater contact than that afforded by the periphery of the wheels upon the rails at present. At San Francisco they stop their street trolley cars much quicker than they can be stopped by any other means by the expedient of lowering a plank shield two feet wide to the rails. By this means the car can be stopped in less than its own length, even when running at the rate of 10 or 12 miles an hour, and there are street railroad men who think this device, when properly perfected, will save more lives than all the fenders in the world."

M. I. DEXTER.

Profit In Soda Fountains.

A New Orleans man named May says that his yearly profits from his soda fountain were $30,000. One Sanders, a Detroiter, who owns an $8,000 fountain, the finest displayed at the World's fair, does a rushing business, and his sales run from $300 to $700 per day the year round. In Buffalo Stoddard Bros. employ 30 girls to handle ice cream soda, and it takes 3,000 glasses to accommodate their trade. They sell it at 5 cents a glass, and there is a net profit of just 100 per cent. In Boston, Thompson's Spa, the greatest soda resort at The Hub, easily clears for its owner $50,000 a year. There are in the United States 100,000 fountains in operation, and manufacturers are getting more orders now than they ever got before.—Washington Post.

Had Too Much of Him.

Subscriber—What is going to be the policy of the new magazine?

Mr. Bluelines (the editor)—We are going to adopt the Wellington policy.

Subscriber—The Wellington policy? What is that?

Mr. Bluelines—The annihilation of Napoleonic rule.—New York World.

Fears Women Even After Death.

A well known old clubman has just died in Vienna. Among his papers was found a package inscribed, "Attempts of my relatives to have me enter the hated marriage bondage." The package contained 62 letters dated from 1845 to 1894. He detested women. His greatest amusement was the theater, and to avoid sitting next to a woman he bought three end seats. The end seat was left empty, the woman hater sat in the center, and on his right sat his old servant Franz.

In his will he left the following directions, which were carried out: "I direct my executors to purchase three burial places in the cemetery and to bury me in the middle one, as I am absolutely certain that I will not rest in my grave if I am buried next to the specimen of humanity called woman."—Chicago Tribune.

For a Monument to Father Marquette.

The citizens of St. Ignace, Mich., have decided to honor the last resting place of Father Marquette with a monument befitting the courage and enterprise of the explorer and missionary who in 1670 established his Jesuit college, military station and missionary headquarters there. Thirty years ago Father Jacker of St. Ignace, by a study of the records of Pere Marquette's career and exact measurements, located his grave in St. Ignace. A modest monument has since marked the spot. Arrangements are now being made for a state memorial service on Aug. 6 next. Following this it is proposed to erect a monument which shall suitably commemorate the distinguished explorer.—New York Tribune.

A Stock Farmer's Eight-in-hand.

Colonel Van Heupeuser of Dixbury, Venango county, N. Y., is a stock farmer, and he drives an odd eight-in-hand to and from the neighboring county town of Ledgeville every day for his mail. It is made up of a splendid Spanish mule, two Alderney bulls, a three-quarter bred Hambletonian mare, a young camel—which he bought from a traveling circus—two piebald Indian ponies and a tame moose, which he caught when it was but a few days old in the woods of northern Maine. These he drives to a sulky, and those who have seen the turnout say it is a very amusing sight.—New York Mail and Express.

Heavyweight Joke.

President Cleveland has his joke now and then. On being informed that Judson Harmon, his new attorney general, was a good man, weighing 225 pounds, the president said: "I am glad of that. After exchanging Bissell's 275 pounds for Wilson's 125 we had to do something to add weight to the administration."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Conditions Not Favorable.

A colony of Australians established themselves in Paraguay to run their community according to the teachings of Bellamy. Now they think they are "run by the devil." The conditions are not right for millennium living just yet.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

We Hope Not.

It is hoped that the new woman will not deny her husband a sealskin overcoat every winter.—Washington Star.

Fills a Long Felt Want.

Here's another word for the dictionary makers. A bicycle store is called a "wheelery."—Boston Globe.

SHE BEAT THE COMPANY.

This Woman Rode Free on a New York Road and Was Surprised.

A woman with red hair and black brows climbed the stairs to a Third avenue elevated station yesterday and searched through her purse for a nickel. She could find none, and the seller of tickets awaited with that impressive patience we learn to expect in every one who takes our money. Finally, after displaying everything in her wallet to the agent, so that he knew her possessions as well as she did, the woman took out a bill and laid it before him. He flipped the ticket through the wicket and shoved after it a handful of the smallest coins he had in stock. She swept them into her purse and had started forward when another woman approached from the street. That comforted the ticket seller. He had wanted an excuse for telling his first patron to "step lively." But before he could employ his amiable formula the second woman and the first woman discovered an acquaintanceship—not to say friendly regard.

"Oh, so glad to meet you," said the new woman.

"So am I," was the red haired lady's response. "Never mind your purse. I am just buying my own ticket." And she pushed back a dime and said, "One, please."

"That's Canadian. I can't take it," exclaimed the agent, losing most of the remnant of his temper.

"I just took it from you. I'd like to know"—

"Don't make any difference. I can't take Canadian dimes. The company won't take them from me."

"Neither will I."

"Come, come. You are blocking the way there."

"And I'll block it till midnight if you try to play counterfeit coin on me."

"Madam, I will call"—

"You better keep this Canadian money. You'll need it after a bit, when you run away for embezzlement."

He glared through his wicket, but her red hair conquered him. The crowd behind was impatient and siding against him. A train was coming, and the vitriolic lady seemed nearer and nearer the point of leaping through the window at him. He made an impatient sweep of surrender, and two tickets and a good dime lay before her.

It was only after she and her friend found seats side by side in the train that her dark brows unbent, and she discovered she was 5 cents ahead of the railroad company.—New York Herald.

Too Strict.

In Germany the police regulations are very strict, and any violation of them is promptly punished. The people have a holy terror of the law. Two gentlemen happened to meet in Berlin, and the following conversation took place:

"Have you heard the dreadful news about Miller?"

"No; what is it?"

"He was in a boat in the river. He fell overboard and was drowned. The water was too deep."

"Didn't he know how to swim?"

"Swim! Don't you know that all persons are forbidden by the police to swim in the river?"—Texas Siftings.

Interested Friendship.

Russia now proposes to take a friendly interest in China at 5 per cent per annum.—Washington Star.

BAREBACK RIDING.

AN OLD INTERVIEW WITH FISH WHICH IS INTERESTING.

What the Champion of the World, Recently Deceased, Had to Say of His Calling Away Back In 1880—The Value of a Good Horse—Dangers of the "Twister."

Charles W. Fish, the bareback rider, was probably the best known rider in the world and held the championship for years, doing many remarkable feats which the younger men in the profession never excelled. He was born in Philadelphia in 1839. He came of good old stock. The following interview with him, published in Philadelphia in 1880, will be interesting, especially to circus men and lovers of the tent show:

"What is necessary, Mr. Fish, to become a first class performer?"

"Well, there are a good many things necessary. To climb to the top of the tree—or on the back of the horse, properly—a child's training, boy or girl, should begin at the age of 5 or 6, not later than 7 or 8 years anyhow. The first steps are to give the body that elasticity so essential, and this is done by practicing all kinds of tumbling on the ground. Somersaults, backward and forward, handsprings or flipflaps—in fact, all that tumblers do in a circus. When a boy becomes thoroughly proficient in this sort of thing, the next step is to put him on the back of a horse and teach him how to keep his balance. There are two ways of doing this to keep a juvenile from mastering it at the risk of a broken neck. One is by the 'mechanic,' a modern invention, by which the rider is held suspended in the air if he leaves the horse's back while going around the ring. The other is to have a rope attached to the boy's waist, which passes through a ring on the side of the pad, the end being held by the teacher. As soon as the boy begins to topple and is seen going a strong pull on the rope brings him up against the side of the horse and keeps him there until he can clamber back again.

"I began riding when I was 9 years old at Spaulding & Rogers' old circus in Cincinnati, in 1848, but I've been all over the world since that. No, my family were not professional people. I yearned to become a rider the first time I ever saw a circus, like ninety-nine out of every hundred boys in America.

"American male riders are the best in the world, but we look for the best lady riders in Europe. In Europe, I have known Frenchmen, Englishmen and Spaniards to be billed as the 'Great American Horseman.' Some of these men never saw this side of the Atlantic. There is no reason why the riders there should not be better than American riders from the fact that they are six months in a place at a time, and learn to know their ring thoroughly. That is a more important matter than it seems at first sight. A foot's difference makes a very serious matter. The ring is usually 42 feet in diameter, and a rider counts on that. A single foot larger or smaller makes it necessary for the performers to strike a different angle, inclining more inward as the ring gets smaller and more perpendicularly if its dimensions are increased. Yes, bareback riding is the most difficult, of course. A pad rider generally requires four or five years' hard practice bareback before he can be trusted for a clean, finished performance. You see, on pad riding a man doesn't have to take into account the horse's backbone or the curve of the back. It is perfectly level on a pad, and just so much easier. A great deal depends on the horse.

"Value? Well, a first class horse is not for sale at any price. You've got to use a horse three or four years before you can depend upon him with absolute certainty. Reputation, living—life itself—depend upon a bareback rider having under him a horse on which he can positively depend to be just at the right place at the right time. The swerving of an inch, the quickening or slowing of the pace to the half length of a hoof, may mean a broken arm, perhaps a broken neck. Realize the danger? Why, of course we do. I've had a horse stumble on me when I was half way up in a somersault, and before I got down I could realize that I was in danger of never getting up alive. It only cost me a fractured arm, however, which is all right now.

"The most critical moment in my life was while I was doing a 'twister' in 1875. James Robinson and myself were with Montgomery Queen's circus on our way overland from San Francisco. We were billed as the rival champions, and at Muskegon, Mich., on the 14th of August, I first did the 'twister.' Now, I'll tell you what it is. There are three banners hold very close together. As I ride, with my face to the first, I jump, pirouette and come down again face forward, instantly up again—for it must be done in an instant—and half pirouette over the second, thus bringing my back to the horse's head, when I again alight, then, quick as a flash, up and turning a somersault, twist my body around when in the air, so as to reverse my position, and when I alight on my feet having my head in front, as the horse goes. I had practiced it on the ground for ten years, but on a bareback horse it's a very different affair. We were in Detroit, and among the audience were J. M. French and a number of other prominent circus men. All were anxious to see the 'twister.' The ring was wet and in bad condition, and I had only about one-third of the circle to work in. Three, four, five times I tried it and failed. The sixth time, with every nerve strung to its utmost tension, with my teeth firmly set and my hands clinched, I was determined to succeed. The audience rose almost en masse with excitement, and cries of 'Well done, anyhow! Don't try it again!' maddened me. The first step was all right, so was the next, but as I left for the final spring the horse stumbled slightly. It was too late. I was up in the air and came down with a terrific crash, head and shoulders, just dislocating my elbow. I didn't do the 'twister' just then."

"Ever try it again?"

"Oh, yes," was the winding up sentence of the interview, "I do it now!"

What He Wanted.

Young Joblots—Mr. Bullion, I have come to tell you that your daughter is all the world to me.

Old Bullion—You're another of those fellows who want the earth.

"I don't understand you, sir."

"Why, the world is the earth, isn't it, and as my daughter is all the world to you doesn't it follow that you want the earth?"

"Well, yes, if you put it that way."—New York Tribune.

Too Expensive.

Dr. Hyphee is suffering with a carbuncle and has called another doctor to prescribe for it.

"Why doesn't he prescribe for himself?"

"Great Scott! He can't afford it."—Chicago Tribune.

PESTS OF THE PLAINS.

The Rattlesnake's Sting and the Bite of the Hydrophobia Skunk.

Major Wilcox, a veteran surgeon from Fort Huachuca, told the other day of the red razor snake, a deadly foe of the rattlesnake and who fights the latter on every occasion. He cannot kill the rattler by a poisonous sting, but awaiting an opportunity seizes his victim behind the head and gives it a crushing squeeze in his powerful jaws. This severs the rattlesnake's spinal cord and causes death. The red racer then swallows the rattler, poison and all. Occasionally, when in the field, Major Wilcox treated soldiers for rattlesnake bites and found it easy to overcome the effects of the poison.

One day a private came to him with a wound from a rattlesnake's fangs in his index finger. The major hastily scarified the wound, broke open a rifle cartridge, poured powder over the wound and exploded it. This cauterized the injured part and so effectually dispelled the poison that only one-half the hand was swollen. The patient soon recovered. On another occasion a man cut off a rattlesnake's head, and, desiring to preserve it, packed cotton into the dead snake's mouth. The jaws closed upon the man's fingers, inflicting a wound from which he soon died.

Rancher Leonard, owner of a vast cattle range in New Mexico, in recounting his experiences on the plains, remarked that he feared the hydrophobia skunk far more than he did the rattlesnake. The snake gives warning of his presence; the skunk does not. This variety of skunk is not only vicious, but aggressive, while the rattlesnake seldom attacks unless disturbed. The hydrophobia skunk is probably the only animal, excepting the coyote, west of the Rocky mountains whose bite induces rabies. Besides this and because of its fondness for occupying the tents of frontiersmen at night, the animal is much dreaded.

Occasionally a coyote will "run mad" and bite another, and thus hydrophobia is communicated to large packs of the fleet footed animals and they rice over the prairies and mesas, making mad every living creature in their pathway that they happen to bite. One of the amusements of the cowboys is to capture a rattler alive and get the creature drunk. With a forked stick the snake's head is held down, its mouth is forced open and whisky poured down its throat in sufficient quantity to intoxicate it. The snake will then try to coil its body as if to go to sleep. The action of the alcohol makes it "groggy" and the coils won't coil. When a stick is shoved before the snake's nose, it tries to strike, but the head and body wabble from side to side much as does a drunken man in his attempt to reach a lamppost.—San Francisco Chronicle.

A Bit of Human Nature.

"Did you see that, mister?" said an elevated railroad guard to a man who stood with him on the rear platform of the first car the other night.

"Yes."

"Well, then," added the guard, "you saw my three little children. They were kneeling at a trunk in front of the window of that house we passed. Over them stood their mother. She was about sending them to bed, but before they go she teaches 'em to pray for me, and she brings 'em there so I can see 'em.

"And," he added, with a manly attempt to keep his voice from trembling, "she has told me what she tells 'em to say."

"What is it?"

"I hope you won't think me childish, sir; but, as I guess you are a married man and a father, you may care to hear it. You see, it's this way: The kids go to bed at 8. That's about the time my train goes by the house. So just then she brings them up to the trunk in their nightgowns and makes 'em kneel down, with their hands clasped on their faces. And then they pray that papa will be good and kind and keep sober and bring home all his money, and"— The big guard's voice trembled.

"I'm rough, tough and all that," he at length continued, "but I love my wife, and I love my children. They are the only ones on earth that keep me straight.

"Bleeck-e-e-er! Good night, sir." And the train proceeded, leaving at least one man with tears in his eyes.—New York Recorder.

Now at the Business.

Scene in a dry goods store which has lately added a cigar department:

Salesman (transferred from linen stock, to customer, an old smoker,—Ah, good morning, sir! What can I show you today? Here are some lovely Henry Clay perfectos—from the same house, sir, that sends us the Clay worsteds, which you will find at the cloth counter.

(Customer looks surprised.)

"Yes, sir, and just look at this pretty bunch of imported Manila cheroots! We have them in all shades and sizes, sir. And the ribbon around this bunch exactly matches your four-in-hand."

(Customer glares.)

"Or perhaps you would like this sweet meerschaum pipe? It is warranted not to change color or show smoke marks."

(Customer gets red in the face.)

"Chewing tobacco, sir? Yes, sir. Will you have a yard or two yards?"

(Customer explodes into violent language and salesman faints.)—Buffalo Express.

Shoes and Gloves.

As a rule, that old fashioned word "tidy" is reserved rigidly for commendation of a housegirl or housewife in the lowlier walks of life. Your fine lady would scorn to be called "tidy," why, no one can exactly say. But she is in no danger of earning the appellation so long as it is the fashion to wear dirt white gloves with the handsomest street toilets.

A woman can never be pronounced faultlessly attired if there is anything amiss with her shoes or her gloves. A rusty shoe peeping from under a hem of glistening satin or chiek crepon stamps its wearer, in the eyes of spectators, as a lopsided woman. But a rusty shoe may be cautiously concealed by care and attention, a soiled glove never.—New York Mail and Express.

A Novel Watch.

A watch has been invented which measures distance by sound. The inventor, a French officer named Thouvenin, has called the instrument a phonotelemeter. To operate it a little button is pressed at the instant of the flash and again at the sound. In the meantime a needle traverses a dial, registering time to the one-tenth part of a second. The rest is a mere matter of calculation.

The true test of civilization is not the census, nor the size of cities, nor the crops, but the kind of men that the country turns out.—Emerson.

The Wax Chandlers' company of London was incorporated in 1483.

Hats were first made in England by Flemings about 1510.

MANHOOD.

Not till life's heat has cooled,
The headlong rush slowed to a quiet pace,
And every purblind passion that had ruled
Our noisier years at last,
Spurs us in vain, and weary of the race,
We care no more who loses or who wins—
Ah, not till all the best of life seems past
The best of life begins.

To toil for only fame,
Hand clappings and the fickle gusts of praise,
For place or power or gold to gild a name
Above the grave whereto
All paths will bring us, were to lose our days,
We, on whose ears youth's passing bell has tolled,
In blowing bubbles, even as children do,
Forgetting we grow old.

But the world widens when
Such hope of trivial gain that ruled us lies
Broken among our childhood's toys, for then
We win to self control!
And mail ourselves in manhood, and there rise
Upon us from the vast and windless heights
Those clearer thoughts that are unto the soul
What stars are to the night.

—A. St. John Adcock in Spectator.

ELECTRIC FIRE ALARMS.

Their Advantage In the Time When Immediate Help Is Most Needed.

The first few moments after the outbreak of a fire is the critical time in deciding whether or not it can be got under control, and upon the prompt arrival of the apparatus often depends the salvation or the destruction of the entire plant. While a watchman may be thoroughly conscientious and alert and do everything in his power under the trying circumstances which confront him the appliances at hand are necessarily limited, and one man is seldom enough for the emergency. If, after doing all he can, he finds the fire too much for him to handle and must then leave it to send in an alarm, much valuable time is lost, and when the apparatus finally arrives the blaze has obtained a vantage ground which often means the destruction of the property.

With the splendidly developed electric fire alarm systems which are on the market at the present day, affording every possible means of protection and at the same time reducing the insurance premiums very materially, it seems a decidedly short sighted policy to pass them by and still depend on the by no means infallible vigilance of a human machine, which, however good it may be, still has weaknesses which the other is not heir to.

The automatic fire alarm companies have made immense strides in the improvement of their systems during the past few years, and as their business has increased through the gradual appreciation of its merits they have kept abreast of the requirements presented and meet them at every point. The insurance companies have not been slow to recognize the additional protection to themselves as well as to the manufacturers, and have offered inducements in the shape of reduced premiums on plants so equipped.

The manufacturer whose plant is destroyed by fire, even though he be insured, suffers a loss which can hardly be estimated at the time, and from which it may take him years to recover, and though it is a peculiarity of human nature to look on such a contingency as applicable to everybody but himself the sensible man is the one who leaves no dangerous point unguarded, especially against so ruthless an enemy as fire.—Electrical Review.

King Lobengula's House.

Of Lobengula's house nothing but a low heap of bricks remains. It is very pathetic to see the great deserted kraal, once so populous and now tenanted only by a few screaming plovers flying round and round over it. One or two miserable looking blacks were squatted among the ashes, grubbing for a few glass beads. Far away—the only thing that breaks the monotony of the horizon—you see Thabas Induna, the hill where Lobengula won his first victory. In spite of all his cruelties one cannot help being rather sorry for the old king. I think that feeling is held by most of the people engaged in the war.

The Matabili seem absolutely quiet and have no sense of the ignominy of defeat. But their insolence before the war is almost beyond belief. They would enter an Englishman's wagon, unbidden, pull the book he was reading out of his hand and throw it on the floor again and again, spit into his water bottle, snatch off his hat, and if he tried to recover it chuck a knobkerrie (club or knotted stick) under his chin so as almost to shatter his teeth. These insults had to be borne in silence, as resistance would only have ended in murder by overwhelming numbers. But the forbearance and self restraints of the white men when their turn came seem to have been marvelous after such provocation.—National Review.

The Wily Plumber.

The following story is hardly credible, especially as it is laid out not far from Evanston: It is said that one of the water pipes was shut off to allow some repairs to be made. Immediately some of the families supplied by that pipe imagined that the house pipes were stopped up, so they sent for a plumber. As soon as he received the first call the plumber investigated and learned that the water would be turned into the pipes again in about three hours.

During that three hours he received seven calls and went to seven houses, where he made a great deal of noise hammering on the pipes. At each place he told the family not to trifle with faucets while he was away.

After the water had been turned into the pipes he revisited the houses, did some more mystifying work and succeeded in inducing water to run from the faucets.

Then he collected seven large bills for repairs, and his victims were none the wiser. Such is the story.—Chicago Record.

The Deep Breath Habit.

Cultivate the habit of breathing through the nose and taking deep breaths. If this habit was universal, there is little doubt that pulmonary affections would be decreased one-half. An English physician calls attention to the fact that deep and forced respiration will keep the entire body in a glow in the coldest weather, no matter how thinly one may be clad. He was himself half frozen to death one night and began taking deep breaths and keeping the air in his lungs as long as possible. The result was that he was thoroughly comfortable in a few minutes. The deep respirations, he says, stimulate the blood currents by direct muscular exertion and cause the entire system to become pervaded with the rapidly generated heat.—Philadelphia Times.

Normandy was thus named because it was conquered and inhabited by the Norsemen, or Normans.

Lake Memphremagog, in Vermont, was originally called Mem-plow-boque, a large body of water.

A foot mantle was the name originally given to a riding skirt.

ALPACA AND MOHAIR.

GOODS THAT ARE HANDSOME, SERVICEABLE AND ECONOMICAL.

Some New Patterns—One Will Be Worn by a Saratoga Belle—Other Handsome Dress Goods For Autumn Wear—An Attractive Dress at a Low Price.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 10.—Among the very prettiest materials produced during the last ten years are the alpacas and mohairs, with their variations. They do not crinkle, crease nor lose their rich luster or their firm solidity. In black there is nothing that can approach them for usefulness when of good quality. They make serviceable house dresses, to which nothing will stick, and they are almost as dressy as silk. The alpaca is silk warp and mohair filling. This quality is 40 to 44 inches wide, and

FOR THE RACES.

no matter how old it always looks like new. That with cotton warp grows rusty after a year or so. The new varieties, chief among which is the sicilienne, are coarser in thread and much like canvas, but always with the same rich gloss. There are blue, green, grays in all shades, white, ivory, cream, brown and others where the whole surface is flecked with tiny dots of a contrasting color. Some of the grays and blacks are treated to some process which causes them to resist rain. These are made up into long dust and rain proof wraps for during purposes, and nothing could be richer or more perfectly adapted for the purpose. Many are brocaded also in dainty swivel patterns.

These goods are treated with as much respect as if they were of the richest silk. I saw one beautiful dress made for Saratoga. The skirt was deeply plaited in the back, but otherwise quite plain. The material was silver gray sicilienne, with ruby flecks. The waist was of ruby velvet richly draped and fastened to one side with a long jeweled buckle. Over the shoulders were laid plaited epaulets of the goods set with fancy cut steel buttons. The sleeves were plain gigots. A ruby velvet and silver spangled lace bonnet was provided to wear with this.

Among the choicest novelties in dress goods to be advanced for the coming autumn is a woolen brocade called laticina. The effect is surprisingly like that of marvelous old porcelain. There will be an underlying color of dark faience blue, with the irregularly cracked and broken surface of a lighter shade of the same color. This is produced in wools now, but they are light and intended for handsome gowns. It is also produced in all black, the effect of shades being obtained by the clever use of two kinds of wool, like the soft, dead black of the Australian sheep and the lustrous mohair. One would declare that the finished fabric was in half a dozen shades, when in the right position one sees that it is all one uniform rich black. An imported gown of this beautiful black laticina had the skirt laid in one deep double box plait in the back. All around the bottom was a very narrow design in embroidery wrought in chenille. The waist was a plain gathered French waist, with a pointed belt covered with chenille embroidery. The collar and manches were also decorated with it. There came a cape at the same time, and this was full, nearly a three-quarter circle, and lined rather stiffly. There was a rose plaited ruffle of black lace all the way around it, and on the shoulders all the way around a superb ornamentation of passementerie in festoons. The cape was of bengaline. At the neck there was a thick ruffle of bengaline headed by another of black silk muslin. Down the front was a superb bow of heavy moire ribbon, with ends reaching nearly to the knees. The large rough and ready straw hat was literally covered with black bows, with two large aigrets, and a mass of pink, laured and close pink bows. This outfit was sent to a young married lady, whose toilets are the envy of her less fortunate sisters. I do not know for certain that her sister women do envy her, but that is the proper thing to say under the circumstances.

Not all the most pleasing garments are so ornate. I saw a very attractive dress today that did not cost a fraction of that

CHALLIS GOWN AND ALPACA CLOAK.

one last described. It was of mossy green and brown striped and dotted challie. The skirt was laid in side plaits, with three rows of tan ribbon down between the plaits. The vest front and belt as well as the stock collar were all of tan china silk, draped full. The rest of the corsage was of ecru lace, laid over moss green silk. The sleeves were full draped gigots. The back of the skirt was shirred closely.

Piques in buff, mauve and, in fact, all the colors, are being made up rapidly to fill the demand. They are very strong, rather stiff and do not soil easily, so that they are well liked. If ironed on the wrong side, they look like new after washing. Many of the dresses for summer wear have the sleeves made with a deep puff, and a fall of lace at the elbow. The forearm piece is arranged so that it can be unbuttoned, and thus leave the sleeves only to the elbow for more dressy effect.

OLIVE HARPER.

THE TATTLER.

The Princess of Wales adorns her boudoir with curious patterns of skates of all countries and ages.

Miss Rose Cleveland, sister of the president, is gray haired, stylishly dressed and has a pleasant face.

Lady Wilde is said to be dying of a broken heart, and her friends in London predict she will never see her son again.

The empress of Austria has a curious dislike for flowers. It is said that she cannot bear to sit in a room where they are.

Ex-Empress Eugenie has a hedgehog for a pet. She carries it about with her constantly in a wicker basket lined with padded silk.

Miss Faure, the younger daughter of M. Faure, the new French president, is literary in her tastes and has written a good deal of poetry.

Marie Corelli, the novelist, who has been much talked of recently in England, is in private life Miss Minnie Mackay, daughter of the late Charles Mackay.

Marguerite Bonyeaval of Paris fell asleep on the night of May 25, 1882, and has not since awakened. She is fed twice a day on milk and peptone.

The widow of Sir Richard Sutton of Genesta-America's cup fame is about to be married again. Lady Sutton's second husband will be a clergyman—a curate.

Members of the W.C. T. U. are greatly elated over the acquisition of the Duchess of Bedford, who has thrown herself into the work with all the earnestness and vigor of her distinguished sister, Lady Henry Somerset.

Mary Jean Bradford, who died in Boston recently, left the sum of $4,000 in trust to be applied to the care of her parrot, a bird noted for its conversational powers. At its death the money is to go to charitable institutions.

Miss Julie Cooper, a niece of Peter Cooper, is the one of the family on whom the great philanthropist's mantle has fallen. She is a handsome woman of the world, who conceals as far as possible her constant good works. She supports a kindergarten entirely at a cost of $800 a month, and that is only one item in a long list.

CHICAGO CUTLETS.

Electric cars are running for the first time in the down town Chicago district. These old fashioned towns are commencing to wake up.—Denver News.

It is asserted that a Chicago girl who married a southerner is now suing for divorce on the ground that her husband's family is so strictly respectable they won't let her say "darn it."—San Francisco Call.

A Chicago paper wants to know what makes Chicago the healthiest city in the world. Perhaps it is the same kind of imaginative power as that which makes Chicago a city of 2,000,000 inhabitants.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

"Trilby" is to have a stage production in Chicago shortly. As well might a Greek play be presented to a band of Sioux as to offer to a mammoth footed constituency a play in which the heroine would wear less than a No. 9 shoe.—St. Paul Call.

Says the Chicago Times-Herald, "The world is only slightly aware of its indebtedness to Chicago as a pioneer in reform methods, material, economic, social, moral and patriotic." If the world is wise, it will demand an itemized bill.—Minneapolis Times.

Chicago now claims to be the most healthful city of its size in the world. This fact is calculated to increase the number of suicides in the Windy City when it is known that the natural method of relief from the burdens of life will be slow in coming.—New York Press.

THE WISDOM OF BUDDHA.

Lead others, not by violence, but by law and equity.

Good people shine from afar, like snowy mountains; bad people are not seen, like arrows shot by night.

Better than living 100 years, not seeing the highest religion, is one day in the life of a man who sees the highest religion.

As the bee collects nectar and departs without injuring the flower or its color or scent, so let a sage dwell in the village.

Let a man overcome anger by love, let him overcome evil by good, let him overcome the greedy by liberality, the liar by truth!

Long is the night to him who is awake; long is a mile to him who is tired; long is life to the foolish who do not know the true religion.

Let a wise man blow off the impurities of his self, as a smith blows off the impurities of silver, one by one, little by little and from time to time.

As the lily will grow full of sweet perfume and delight upon a heap of rubbish, thus the disciple of the truly enlightened Buddha shines forth by his wisdom among those who are like rubbish among the people that walk in darkness.

POLITICAL PLEASANTRIES.

Some politicians try to explain their getting on what appears to be the fence by claiming it's all the stile.—Chicago Mail.

There is plenty of room in politics for big brained men, but what business has a big brained man in politics?—Washington Post.

Before proceeding any further with the performance the friends of Tom Reed desire to announce that he is sunstroke proof.—Washington Post.

The Republic's position as to candidates is almost historic. Not for Illinois, but for New York, we repeat it, "A western man or bust."—St. Louis Republic.

Robert T. Lincoln may not be a presidential candidate, but revival of the story that he once said, "—— a mugwump!" shows that his friends are pushing him.—Kansas City Journal.

Senator Stewart says Mr. Sibley is too big a man for the White House. In case of Sibley's election, therefore, the country will have to be at the expense of enlarging the White House.—Kansas City Journal.

GLEANINGS.

A license is required in England to sell ginger beer after 10 o'clock at night.

In Glasgow all windows above the ground floor must be hinged, so they can be cleaned from the inside.

Herr Schronrock of Berlin has been studying European thunderstorms and finds that they travel from 14 to 60 miles an hour.

To this day Lapp men and women dress precisely alike, their tunics belted loosely at the waist, their tight breeches and their wrinkled leathern stockings, their pointed shoes—the whole appearance of them, in short, is identical.

THE LISTENER.

Signor Crispi is said to be wonderfully clever in repartee.

Joseffy, the pianist, has declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States.

Charles Francis Adams, the famous and dignified publicist, bowling along on a bicycle is one of the sights of Boston.

James E. Cutler of Pittsfield, Mass., was once dead for seven minutes. He received an electric shock of 4,600 volts, but finally recovered.

One of the oddest combinations in names imaginable may be found at Pleasantville, Marion county, Ia., one of whose citizens rejoices in prenomen and cognomen of Fish Lines.

Professor Ernst Curtius, the famous Greek scholar, has recovered from his serious illness, and, despite his 80 years, will soon begin his duties again at the University of Berlin.

Judge C. L. Woodbury of Boston passed his seventy-fifth birthday, but refused to celebrate the event, saying that he considered birthdays as "milestones on the road to our funerals."

Percy Alden, the founder and energizing spirit of Mansfield House, east London, is spending a short time in this country familiarizing himself with American college settlements.

General Grant's grandson, Algernon Sartoris, is a youth nearly 6 feet tall and fair of complexion. He was born in England, but is said to prefer his mother's country to his native land.

Sir Henry James, the distinguished advocate, who would probably have been lord chancellor had he remained in the Liberal party, is one of the worst dressed men in England, and a great favorite with the Prince of Wales, who is the best dressed.

Of the 33 secretaries of state who have held office since the organization of the government four have died while in office—Hugh S. Legere of South Carolina, Abel P. Upshur of Virginia, Daniel Webster of Massachusetts and Walter Q. Gresham of Indiana.

One of the numerous fine old men in Philadelphia is Frederick Fraley, who has just celebrated his ninety-first birthday. He is up at 7 in the morning and busy at his desk from 9 until 4. Mr. Fraley takes life easily, and moderation, he says, is the secret of his robust old age.

Captain Thomas L. Henry, the once noted guerrilla of Crittenden county, Ky., has been a church member 14 years. The other day he knelt down in the dust, crying, "I am sanctified!" He now intends to become a preacher. Henry was wounded many times, is a farmer and fairly well off.

OUR GIRLS.

No woman can work without "slaving."—Atchison Globe.

It is said that a Boston girl can be every bit as dignified in a shirt waist.—Washington Post.

You will not find more than one woman in 50 who has time to consult the dictionary.—Galveston News.

A young woman has invented a carfender. If she can't catch her man one way, she will another.—Augusta Chronicle.

If the balloon sleeve is to be a part of the surf costume this summer, the ocean will have to be enlarged.—Nashville American.

"What woman has perfect features?" asks a New York paper. Every young man thinks that the girl he is in love with has.—Boston Globe.

This is the time of year when the sweet girl graduate plucks a star from the heavens and wears it in her heart just so long as her heart remains big enough to hold it.—San Francisco Call.

The very roses blush and trees turn green with envy as the summer girl makes her appearance in the most fetching costumes that even this fair type of humanity has ever worn.—Louisville Post.

To be sure, there are no wild flowers left in the woods within miles of Buffalo these days, but it is still great fun to look for them, if the girl is sufficiently pretty and just enough afraid of snakes.—Buffalo Express.

WHEEL WHIRLS.

All the world's a wheel, and men and women are the riders.—Rochester Democrat.

The modern holiday is largely monopolized by people on their bikes.—Boston Herald.

Bicyclists may go off in the prairie somewhere and build a town of their own if they can't have everything their own way.—Chicago Mail.

A Brooklyn church has built a stable for the bicycles of its congregation, thus laying the path to heaven via Wheeling.—Pittsburg Press.

There is a fortune waiting for the bright Yankee who invents a bicycle lamp that will not go out as long as there is any oil in it.—New York Recorder.

A Denver clergyman says "there are 10,000 men going to hell on bicycles." If his figures are correct, there must be several hundred thousand men wheeling their way to heaven.—Chicago Tribune.

Cayuses are worth only from $1 to $6 in eastern Washington and cost but little to keep. Yet the bicycle craze has struck that section in an aggravated form, with bloomer accompaniments.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

WHEAT.

The farmer—lucky fellow!—always gets a high price for wheat when his crop fails and he has no wheat to sell.—Chicago Mail.

What with the Hessian fly, the chinch-bug and the bulls and bears the state of the wheat market is properly a matter for the study of the zoologist.—Chicago Times-Herald.

The bakers have decided to increase the price of bread now that the price of flour is going up. By the way, was there any reduction in the price of bread when the price of flour went down?—Cleveland Leader.

The fluctuations in wheat are now attributed to the ravages of the Hessian fly on the growing crop. If the fly really keeps pace with the price of the cereal, it is the most up and down insect known to bugology.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

THE NEW MAN.

Will the new man wear bloomers, or is he ashamed of the size of his calves?—Buffalo Express.

Mrs. Lease says the new man will be hairless, and the Chicago News explains it by saying that the new woman will have such a strong pull.

HIS FATAL ERROR.

Arabella Was Late and Direful Consequences Ensued.

She was visiting her married sister, and young Mr. Buncome was extremely anxious to win the golden opinion of this sister and so obtain a clean parlor for his courtship. It was this desire which lured him beyond his conversational depths and proved the shipwreck of his hopes.

"I suppose you are fond of babies, Mr. Buncome?" observed his hostess, who was entertaining him while her sister was up stairs putting on her hat.

"Oh—that is—extremely so. They—they are so—so innocent—you know."

"Indeed they are, Mr. Buncome. You are a real child lover, I can see. I want you to see my baby before you go. I am expecting it home at any moment now. You see, I was going to a reception last night, and the dear little thing's godmother volunteered to keep it for me."

"Ah—ah, delighted, I'm sure," murmured the terrified young man. "Aw—that is, they—they seem almost like beings from another world. I—I scarcely dare to touch one of them."

"Dear baby will go to you at once, I am sure, Mr. Buncome. I never saw a baby less afraid of strangers and so willing to kiss them too."

Drops of perspiration stood out on Mr. Buncome's brow. "I have a slight cold today, and I once read that one should never kiss a child under such circumstances. I have never done such a thing since then, I assure you."

"Ah, you are indeed a rare child lover, Mr. Buncome. My baby is so good, too, and scarcely ever cries—in the daytime, that is."

"Very nice indeed, I'm sure. Babies are so—so different about that, you know. Why, a little friend in the next room at the hotel kept me awake 12 hours last night."

"Perhaps the poor little thing was ill, Mr. Buncome. Now, my baby is not at all like others. What do you think of a baby that is so sensible it will not really cry loudly for fear of disturbing others! Yes that is just what my baby does, though I can never get my husband to acknowledge it."

"Ah, perhaps he does not really appreciate the little angel. Now, if he had only heard that little howler last night he would do so."

"I shall tell him you said so. What is your hotel, Mr. Buncome?"

"The Skyscraper, and I only hope I shall not be obliged to move, as I told the clerk, to get away from that leather lunged infant."

"The Skyscraper! Why, that was where my baby was last night. Did you see it?"

"I—I think not. I am afraid that Miss Arabella and I will be late for the matinee."

"Oh, no; there is no hurry! Arabella never cares for the first act anyhow. Why, here come the nurse with baby now! You shall see the little darling. Well, Nora, how did baby get along without me last night?"

"Oh, very well indeed, mum! It didn't be crying as much as usual. But some nasty brute in the next room kept pounding on the wall and calling to us to strangle the blessed angel if we couldn't quiet it any other way. The clerk said he threatened to leave this morning if the baby didn't."

Mr. Buncome turned ashy pale and wondered if Arabella would arrive in season to save his life.

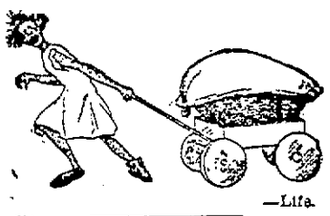
"I am sure, Mr. Buncome," observed his hostess, and there was a blizzard in her voice, "I am sure I hope that my baby did not disturb you last night."

"Oh, no; I am sure not! Such—such a manly little fellow as he is!"

"Manly, indeed! John Henry Buncome, I'd have you to know that my baby is a girl, and she has more sense this blessed minute than you will ever have!"

And when Arabella at last came down she found him alone with his melancholy thoughts.—Chicago Times-Herald.

A Wash Drawing.



—Life.

Freshest News.

Mr. Joseph Willard, for a long time clerk of the superior court of Massachusetts in Boston, relates in his "Half a Century With Judges and Lawyers" many good anecdotes.

Colonel Edward G. Parker, who was rather pedantic, wrote a life of Mr. Choate. He was relating an incident which happened in the third century before Christ, about the time of the death of Ptolemy III, and he appealed to John S. Holmes, who stood by. "Didn't he die about that time, John?"

"Who's that that's dead?" asked Holmes.

"Ptolemy III," said Parker.

"What! What!" said Holmes, stretching out his hands. "You don't say he's dead!"—Youth's Companion.

Masculine Superiority.

"What are you doing now?" was asked of the girl with aspirations.

"Sculpture; I have been trying to make a marble bust. I have been working on it all day."

"Rats!" interjected the small brother. "Girls ain't got no muscle at all. If I couldn't bust a marble in five minutes, I'd give up and own I was no good."—Cincinnati Tribune.

Called Up.

Mr. Mashley—When I see a girl, doncherknow, carrying white flowers, I always think of purity.

Miss C. Vere—And when I see a man with a big chrysanthemum I always think of simplicity.—Rochester Herald.

Postponed.

"I hear that your congregation intends to pray for rain," said a man to a member of the Quohosh Methodist church.

"Well," was the reply, "we have decided to wait 24 hours more before proceeding to extreme measures."—Life.

An Optical Illusion.

Young Dudeton (in the milliner's store)—Let me have one of those fancy little boutonnieres.

The Milliner—Gracious! That isn't a boutonniere. It's a bonnet.—Chicago Record.

Not the Answer Expected.

Miss Elder—Miss Flypp, will you kindly tell me whether my—

Miss Flypp (interrupting)—Yes, your wig is on straight.—Truth.

A QUAINT OLD CITY.

SURROUNDED BY WATER IN NORTHERN GUATEMALA.

An Interesting Bit of History—White Houses Among Cocoa Palms—A Theatrical Performance—Nights Filled With Music—Signs of Progress.

[Special Correspondence.]

FLORES, Guatemala, May 18.—If there ever was a dream of eternal summer realized, it is here in the city of Flores, Peten. My journey through the wilds of northern Guatemala has been a fatiguing one, ten days living in the woods with no other food than that carried by our Indian carriers, consisting chiefly of dried meat and a species of aboriginal hard cake. Once I had an opportunity of varying this fare with a bit of roasted monkey, which animal our Indians had shot by the wayside, but a negro rubber cutter remarking that it resembled very much his old grandfather decided me in not joining a feast that savored so much of cannibalism.

The Island City.

At last we were out of the woods and are now in the island city of which I have heard so much and the world knows so little. This is a veritable city surrounded by water in the midst of a wilderness. It is not a collection of habitations on an island, as might be supposed, but a city of paved streets and edifices of stone rising out of the waters of Lake Itza, containing its church, its plaza, its prison, its government buildings and its soldiers—all that goes to make up a city of Spanish America. Here I find a people inhabiting a little world of their own, where the footsteps of the traveler scarcely ever penetrates. Here in a land of perpetual summer is an oasis of civilization in the center of a great wilderness.

How this city came to be here is an interesting piece of history. Cortez, after his conquest of Mexico, passed here on his way to Honduras and stumbled upon this knob of rock inhabited by the Itzas, where he was hospitably entertained. A century later the conquest of these people was undertaken by the missionary friars of Yucatan, after which the place became a presidio, to where the king's offenders were banished. Here the poor exiles could pass their days shut out from the world without the necessity of other walls and prison bars than the impenetrable wilderness that surrounded them. From these old time exiles have descended the present inhabitants.

MARIMBA PLAYERS.

The city is scarcely a mile in circumference and indeed is a lovely little place, with its waving cocoa palms drooping their feathery leaves over the white houses of lime and stone. The island is almost circular in form and rises to a height in the center of which is the quadrangular plaza, with the old Spanish church at one end and the governor's quarters overlooking an enchanting bit of scenery, embracing two or three islands and the little hamlet of San Zenito on the opposite shore. Running nearly at a right angle on our right as we stand in the corridor of the governor's house is the municipal building, the cuartel, or soldiers' quarters, the prison and two old fashioned brass pieces bearing the arms of Carlos Quinto. The voices of these are still heard on stated occasions, to the great joy of the rabble. The remaining two sides of the plaza are bounded by precipitous walls, while the inclosed space bordered with cocoanut trees is paved with stones between the crevices, up which the grass persists in growing in spite of the periodical attempts to root it out with the machetes of the soldiery.

In Sweet Idleness.

There are but three entrances to the plaza, which, as in all Spanish American cities, is considered the citadel. From these three entrances radiate a number of paved streets leading to the water's edge. The principal street, however, is one encircling the island, a wide, picturesquely quaint street, lined with crooked stucco houses, in front of which the inhabitants enjoy the cool evenings reclining in their hammocks, while the young men prance their handsome little ponies around the city, the admiration of some sweetheart, who, after the fashion of her Spanish ancestors, is closely guarded by her aristocratic parent.

It may be presumed that life is dull in this little out of the way place, but since my arrival, at least, it appears that the people have nothing else to do but while away their time the best they may. With dancing and music there is a continual feasting, except perhaps the two or three hours at midday when the sun, shining with an intense glow, drives everybody to their hammocks, where they enjoy their siesta gently swinging in the cool shade of their retreats.

Upon our arrival we were given an entertainment in the way of a theatrical performance. A proscenium of palm leaves and poles was erected in the plaza, profusely decorated with lifelike banana plants. Flaming torches of pitch pine served as footlights, and the orchestra consisted of marimbas. These instruments consist of a series of hard wood keys placed upon a horizontal frame, each key over the orifice of an oblong tube of wood or sometimes the hollow shell of a gourd. Its music is produced by striking the keys with little rubber knobbed sticks, and the instrument is kept in tune by little bits of wax on the under side of the keys. The marimba is the music in universal demand. Even the old priest occasionally calls upon it to assist him in the celebration of holy mass. It attends the baptism and the funeral as well.

Local Dramatic Talent.

The play was a local dramatization of Guatamozin, whom they represented as meeting his death by poison and not, as history informs us, by means of the noose. It is a significant fact that this hero met his tragic death in the wilds of Peten while his conqueror was journeying to this very island. There was no admission fee, and those who desired sent their servants with chairs, which were placed in the open air about the stage to await the occupancy of their respective owners.

After the performance of "Guatamozin"

A LETTER FROM GUATEMALA.

Characteristics of the Paris of Central America.

[Special Correspondence.]

GUATEMALA, May 30.—The city of Guatemala has been called the Paris of Central America. It is a city of refinement, elegance and repose; a city of 70,000 inhabitants, built upon a plain surrounded by the precipitous sides of deep gullies, where, previous to 1773, there was nothing but a single hermitage; a city commenced 2½ centuries after Pedro Alvarado had conquered the country. It is built to order, laid out with the regularity of the squares on a chessboard and containing splendid edifices of lime and stone. Its elevation of 5,000 feet endows it with a climate that may be compared to a perpetual autumn.

An article has gone the rounds of the press commenting, "If there ever was a country steeped in blood of civil strife, it is Guatemala." To one who has lived in this country for many years and enjoyed the hospitality of its generous and sympathetic people such calumnious reports produce a feeling of shame and regret at the display of ignorance concerning this little known country.

Since Rufino Barrios, uncle of the present president, marched down from the heights of Quezaltenango, some 20 odd years ago, and put to flight his opponents—an army whose ammunition consisted of barrels loaded with charcoal—the country has not seen a single revolution to involve the land in civil strife. Previous to this a leader of more humble origin than our own rail splitting president—for he was a pig driver—occupied the presidency in comparative peace for upward of 35 years.

With the entry of that wonderful man, Barrios, the watchword "progress" was added to that of "liberty," and a former priest ridden people threw off the yoke of bigotry and began the strife to put themselves on a level with other nations. Guatemala had everything to contend with. It was the least known and the most difficult of access of the five Central American republics. Shut in from the outside world and for years there appeared but little hope for this country, whose Indian population outnumbered the white creoles five to one. But Barrios was master of the situation. With one blow the double barred convents and monasteries were thrown open. Useless property, the accumulations of years of begging friars and monks, was confiscated and turned into government schools, with the words "progress" and "liberty" written over the doors.

Indolent Indian tribes were gathered in like the truant children of a negligent parent. Some were sent to school, and others made to work building roads and turning virgin forests into productive fields of coffee. The inventive, go ahead and thrifty "Gringo" was encouraged to come into the land and turn up the sod, a railroad was built from the coast to the capital and a port established where formerly but a long line of breakers beat upon the sandy beach. Telegraph lines were constructed throughout the country, and scarcely had electricity been pronounced a success for illuminating purposes than a company was organized, and the streets of Guatemala were lit by electricity. The telephone was in active operation before many of our northern cities had given it a serious thought, and a police force, modeled after "the finest," was established under the supervision of a captain of a New York squad.

And thus this progressive spirit has continued without apparent check since its inauguration by its illustrious progenitor.

Superficially the city has undergone but few changes in the past ten years. Here are the same massive blocks of tiled houses, the same lofty, domed churches, the same jingling belled horse cars which then were a new institution, and the same mingling classes of people—the neatly dressed creole, the careless, swaggering foreigner and the gayly clad, sunburnt Indian.

I look in vain for my old boarding house, with embowered garden and vine covered portal. The house is there, the same old orange tree and fig tree, and maybe those are the same flowers, but the kind old senoras who waited upon their guests with such hospitality, they have gone. The house is no longer a boarding house, and I am obliged to seek lodgings in a modernized hotel, where I am deprived of the pleasure of attending to my own horse and must mingle with guests from foreign lands, who know nothing of the delights of native hospitality.

The bell of the ice cream vender denotes a luxury in the reach of all, for formerly ice was an article only procurable from the distant height of the volcano Del Fuego and sold at a fabulous price. Now a number of ice factories compete in supplying the city with an article that has become almost indispensable.

Near the corner of the Plaza de Armas we discover a soda water fountain supplying a constant stream of customers, another innovation which the people seem to have readily taken to. While we are here at the Plaza de Armas let us take a look at the cathedral. Its lofty walls rise in all their purity and majesty and look down upon the plaza. Ah, but the plaza! That indeed has undergone a change. Before my time Barrios had driven the market women out with their pots and baskets, and now an iron fence incloses the space filled with exotic plants and trees. The old cobblestone pavement, surrounding a curious statue of stone in the midst of a fount of water, has given place to modern improvements. The ground glass globes of the electric light swing above, and gravel walks wind between blooming rosebushes and feathery leaved palms.

Crossing the plaza we enter the offices of the chief of police, and you who imagine Guatemala to be a country of the half tamed savage look about. Never were such furnishings more complete or rich. The plush carpet fairly sinks beneath your tread, and the walls are one mass of draperies and decorations to match the beautiful upholstered furniture of native mahogany nor does the chief strangely contrast with all this elegance. Dressed in a neatly cut suit of black, he meets you with a courteous smile. Nor is he despotic in his sway mid all this elegance, but gives a hearing to the poorest petitioner.

His police are equipped with clubs and wear blue uniforms, all imported from the United States.

All the art of modern architects does not seem to improve upon the dwellings built by the Spaniards, many of which occupy the quarter of an entire square. To the stranger they may look somber and unattractive with their iron balconies and arched portals closed by massive, studded doors. But once within what joy and delight may await you! The rectangular house surrounds a delightful garden—a miniature park, with an overflowing fountain in the center. The perfume of flowers fills the air, and vines weave screens of lattice work up and down the corridor where you may swing in your hammock and lazily watch the smoke of your cigarette, unmolested by curious gaze of passerby.

JAMES T. ROBINSON.

HOW HE WON HER.

Lem Skaggs Was Homely, but He Got There Just the Same.

Susan Stebbins was by all odds the best looking girl on Grassy Lick, without being remarkably beautiful, for beauty is not a noticeable characteristic of mountain women, old or young, and how she had ever come to marry Lem Skaggs was a wonder to me, for Lem was by all odds the homeliest man on the Lick, and homeliness is a characteristic of mountain men. I knew Lem quite well and had befriended him on many occasions, even loaning him money enough to get married on, as his crops were not in, and he was scant of funds, and when they had been married about a month I asked him one day how it happened. He was a good fellow all over, was Lem, as guileless as a baby and as honest as the sunlight, and when I asked my question he blushed and grinned.

"She was tuck by my good lucks," he laughed.

"Of course, of course," I laughed back, "anybody ought to see that, but my eyesight is weak. Tell me what you did to win her?"

"I didn't do nothin, colonel. I jist wuz."

"That won't go, Lemuel. You are not the kind that win that way. You must have made yourself attractive in some other way."

"Hope to die, colonel, if I did," he insisted. "I jist wuz, and she got tuck."

"Didn't you court her pretty hard?"

"Did I?" and he drew a long breath as of relief at the thought of its being over. "Well, I should say I did. Why, I come mighty nigh mortgidgin the farm to git her things she didn't seem to want when I give 'em to her."

"But you kept at it?"

"I reckon not," he laughed. "All uv a sudden I sot in for Mary Finnel and give the store folks a rest on buyin."

"Then what happened?" I inquired, with a hope that I would now get some information.

He laughed a low, gurgling laugh, such as a boy would give vent to when caught in some of his natural depredations.

"Well," he said, "she kinder swapped ends on t'other fellers and swung round my way, but I wuzn't givin a inch, and I didn't have no talk with her for mighty nigh two weeks, and then one evenin as I wuz passin her house on my way to Mary's, and she knowed it, I seen her haugin on the gate lookin out into the future, or somethin uv that sort that I seen a picter uv onst an agent wuz sellin.

"'Good evenin,' says I, not offerin to stop.

"'Good evenin,' says she. 'Pears to me you're in a powerful hurry.'

"'Kinder,' says I, slackin up some. 'I promised to be down to Mary's 'bout this time.'

"She kinder looked down at the ground when I told her that and kicked a little rock out of the path that wuz layin thar, and I felt like a sheep steelin dog fer sayin what I had.

"'I reckon you'd better be hurryin along then, for Mary ain't the kind that likes to be kep' waitin,' says she.

"'Ain't you kinder lonesome waitin hyer by yerself, Susan?' says I, half way tryin to pull the gate open, but she held it shet.

"'I reckon I wuz,' says she. 'That's why I come out and hung on the gate. It's mighty still like in the house.'

"'You reckon you wuz?' says I. 'Ain't you now?' And I chuckled myself for ketchin her.

"'P'r'aps I am, and p'r'aps I ain't,' she sniggered and tossed her head.

"I tried to open the gate, but she held it shet.

"'Ef you want me to stay, why don't you say so?' says I, gittin ugly.

"'I reckon you kin ef you want to,' says she, mighty pesky.

"'Susan,' says I, 'what's the use uv foolin?'

"'Foolin about what?' says she.

"'About me and you,' says I.

"'I ain't a-foolin,' says she.

"'You air,' says I, 'an you know it.'

"'Ef you don't like me, Lem Skaggs,' says she, bridlin up all over, 'you kin go 'long. I didn't ax you to stop, did I?'

"'But I do like you, Susan,' says I, gittin skeert and tryin to pull the gate open so's I could git clos'enough to her to coax her.

"'I reckon you like Mary Finnell a sight better,' says she, holdin the gate ag'in me.

"'I reckon Idon't,' says I. And I could feel the gate give a little.

"'You wouldn't talk that a-way of she wuz in hearin disgance,' says she.

"'Wouldn't I?' says I. And I heaved and sot on the gate, but it didn't move a peg. 'You jist fetch her up here and see ef I wouldn't.'

"'No, you jist go down thar,' says she. 'That's whar you started fer.'

"'I didn't do nothin uv the sort,' says I, gittin despriter every minute.

"'You told me you did,' says she. And I could feel the gate give some, and then shet up ag'in.

"'You oughter know, Susan,' says I, serious, 'that I wuz jist a-foolin.' And I could feel the gate a-givin way and shettin and then givin way ag'in.

"'An you ain't lyin now, Lem?' says she, a heap sight softer than any time in her life.

"'Course I ain't, Susan,' says I. And the gate come open about six inches.

"'Ef I only thought you wuzn't, Lem,' says she, lettin the gate slip my way a leetle more every minute.

"'You know I ain't, Susan,' says I, givin the gate the strongest pull yit. 'You know it, and you know I never give a snap uv my finger for any other gal in these parts and that all the time I've been a-hankerin after you and wantin you for my wife, but you kep' foolin with me all along and bustin my heart mighty nigh, and makin me want to go off and chop a tree down on myself. You know it, Susan, you know it.' And she hitched her hands, and the gate swung wide open.

"'What about Mary?' says she, standin thar before me, lookin sweeter 'n peaches and posies.

"'Durn Mary,' says I, clean forgittin my manners. And I retch out both hands for Susan.

"'Oh, Lem!' says she, and—well, colonel," he laughed as his honest face reddened beneath its saffron hue, "I reckon you're old enough to know the balance."

"I wouldn't be surprised, Lem," I replied, blushing just a shade myself as a memory or two came slowly back from the rosy past.

He looked up, smiling.

"And say, colonel," he said, "I wuzn't any purtier that night than I wuz before."

"Come off, Lemuel," said I, slapping him on the back. "It was so dark Susan couldn't see you."—W. J. Lampton in New York Sun.

A Risk.

"Shall I return his presents?"

"No. He might be mean enough to accept them."—Life.

THE LONDON POLICE.

THEY ARE COMPARED TO "THE FINEST" IN OUR LARGE CITIES.

Reason Versus Clubs—The Art of Conducting an Orderly Town—The Democracy of Monarchy—The London "Bobby" In a Fight.

[Special Correspondence.]

LONDON, June 3.—For the life of me I cannot avoid drawing a contrast between the police in London and the police at home in New York. In London they are a band of courteous public servants who are willing to oblige and give information to everybody. In New York they are a proved set of offensive blackguards and bullies. This is a hard and straight to the point way of putting it, but it is the truth, the proved truth. And, again, no man can say that I am going back on America or am an anglomaniac. I love America above all other places, and I hate to have to listen in silence to the sarcastic allusions English newspaper men make to me concerning the mock liberty that exists at home in New York.

The average wage of a London policeman is about 24 shillings a week ($6) and even if he had the desire there is no show for him to levy blackmail. Contrast this with the salaries paid the patrolmen at home and their opportunities, and remember also that money goes pretty nearly as far in New York as it does in London.

I have lived in London now for three months and have discovered a strange fact. It is this: In London the individual has much more liberty than he has in New York. Think of it! Here in the great town of an old monarchy there is actually more freedom than there is in the great town of a new republic. It ought not to be true, but it is true. In Hyde park you will hear men and women saying things for which they would be arrested and given a year's imprisonment in New York, and still London is a most orderly town. Yes; the police of New York understand the art of levying blackmail, but they don't understand the art of conducting an orderly town, and why men should have more freedom under a monarchical form of government than under a republican form is a riddle the solving of which I leave to others. And people wonder at Americans becoming anglomaniacs. I'm beginning not to wonder at it at all. If things go on as they are going much longer, we might as well institute a monarchy at once and have done with it, or, what would be much nearer the mark, institute an autocracy.

The principle of the London policeman is to keep and preserve the peace, restore order and see that there is no breakage of the law. The principle of the New York policeman is to break the peace, aggravate disorder and have the law broken so that he may be able to levy blackmail. At least this is the principle he acts upon. The following will illustrate the attitude of the London policeman toward those that come within his supervision. At about 10 o'clock last Sunday night, as I was sauntering along Threadneedle street, I saw two men fighting in the entrance way of a public house. They were at it hammer and tongs, and I watched them for a short while, till suddenly up came a policeman. At once he rushed in between them, and after a great deal of difficulty, in which he was knocked about considerably himself, he managed to part them. I noticed that all through the scuffle he never attempted to strike either of them himself. Imagine a New York policeman doing this. After parting them he expostulated with them and advised them to go home. Then both began to tell him the story of their grievance. He listened patiently and judicially to them, and when they were through he advised them to go home again. They took his advice, and then he calmly resumed his beat. He had fulfilled his duty by restoring the peace.

Even in the lowest and most dangerous parts of London the policemen show a disposition to perform their duties in a fair and humane way. If the roughs are doing anything out of the way, they meet and talk to them as man to man, and only arrest them in a case of necessity. Often in Waterloo road and along New Cut I see them in the act of arguing the point with unkempt looking, roughly clad men and boys. I suppose if I were to speak to a bulldozing, blackmailing police captain at home of this way of handling the rough element of a city, he would tell me that it was all wrong, because it taught the people not to be afraid of the law. But he himself would be in the wrong. In the first place, he would show that he knew nothing at all of human nature, because the best way to get the best out of people is by appealing to their reason and sense of propriety and not by pistoling and clubbing them. And, again, why should people be made afraid of the law? Why shouldn't it be helpful and protectful to them?

The way that the London police handle a great crowd is magnificent. You never see a club raised or hear a hard word used. The police are courteous and civil, and the people pay attention to any request they may have to make. Apropos of this let me tell you of what I once saw in Chicago. It was during a big celebration, and the streets were thronged. The police had to clear a passage through a dense crowd of people. How did they do it? Why, simply by cursing at, shoving and pushing them, and when they were unable to get out of the way fast enough by murderously clubbing them. I saw the blood of free American citizens fall upon the stones because, like a lot of frightened rats, they were unable to obey a policeman's order fast enough.

This order of things exists in a greater or lesser degree in every big city in America. It is perhaps at its worst in New York, but policemanism is the same character all over the States. And I am sorry to say that the policemen are in the main men of my own race—Irishmen. As I see the way the police manage things here in London a keen sense of duty makes me write this letter as strongly and as much to the point as possible.

BART KENNEDY.

The Relief.

The Eskimo chieftain was as hard as to his heart as the bergs of his native fastnesses.

"Back," he commanded.

The explorer was fain to parley.

"I am but one," he urged.

"I know it," rejoined the arctic potentate, "but if I admit you there'll be all the way from 14 to 150 relief expeditions after you, and our people will know no such thing as privacy."

Of course it was nobody's business, but he did not mind saying he was not born yesterday.—Detroit Tribune.

Ghastly Gardening.

In the Pere Lachaise cemetery, at Paris, one of the keepers was found to have been cultivating vegetables on the graves.

ON THE ALERT FOR FIRES.

Scene In a New York Engine House When an Alarm Strikes.

It was in the house of Engine company No. 1, in West Twenty-ninth street, near Seventh avenue, the other evening. A group of three firemen were engaged in conversation with their foreman around the little desk above which spreads the network of bells which are thrilled with animation when fire breaks out in the big metropolis. The spirited horses in their stalls just back of the shining engine were restless, and when a reporter entered the steeds were biting at the chains which held them in check as if impatient to haul the ponderous machine through the streets at galloping pace. One little bell was tinkling a merry tune, but the big gong, at whose solemn command a whole brigade of fire fighters makes ready to turn out, was silent.

The "house watch" approached the reporter.

"Busy night?" asked the latter.

"Well, you bet it's been a busy night. During the last few hours we've had nothing but alarms, and the men have been fooled every time too."

"I should like to see an alarm come in now," and the reporter glanced at the finely polished brass poles which ran on both sides of the house to the roof.

"Well, I guess we won't catch any more. We've had enough of sliding for"—

Bang, b-r-r-r-bang, b-r-r-r-bang!

At the first stroke of the gong the engine house seemed to thrill with life. The steeds, which a moment before were restlessly biting their chains, broke from the fastenings and ran under the uplifted harness in front of the engine. Down the shining brass poles slid swiftly firemen after fireman. Conversation, games and even slumber in the upper floors had been rudely checked by that sound that was reverberating through the building.

When the last fireman had reached his post, the gong still continued its "b-r-r-r-bang, b-r-r-r-bang!" while the foreman and house watch noted carefully the strokes and consulted the big alarm book. It was no small signal that was being flashed over the wires into every firehouse in the city.

Finally there was in interval of ten seconds. It told the company, "resting on its arms," that the alarm was in.

"663," said the foreman, but still the men stood at their posts, the driver on the box and the engineer in the rear. The "repeater" was due, and there might be a mistake. Again the complex mechanism moved, and slowly the alarm came in for the second time. It was "663."

"That's the second 'third alarm' we've had tonight," said the house watch as he closed the book on the number which indicated that a big fire was raging near the signal box at Columbus avenue and Ninety-sixth street.

The horses were unhitched and sent back to their stalls, the men returned to the upper floors, the group around the foreman resumed their conversation, and the little bell tinkled on.—New York Press.

BODY GRAPPLERS.

Some of the Difficulties In Recovering Drowned Persons.

Grappling for dead bodies is a difficult and laborious task. In seaport cities where a harbor police force is maintained the work of looking for people supposed to have been drowned is allotted to them. In other places the regular police force generally carries on the work, though it is not infrequent for private parties to grapple on their own account, with the hope of obtaining the standing reward offered by the state for the recovery of drowned bodies. In Massachusetts the amount of the reward is $5, and it is paid to the persons who take the body from the water.

It requires three men to operate one grappler. Two are the oarsmen of the boat and the third is the man who controls the grappling iron. A grappler is a straight bar of iron, upon which is fixed about a dozen iron hooks. The hooks are placed on two sides of the bar, and there is a long iron handle in the center of the bar, to which the rope held by the man in the boat is attached. In addition to the big hooks, there are about a dozen codfish hooks, attached all along the iron bar by little pieces of cod line. The grappler is dropped to the bottom and dragged along behind the boat.

The moment the hooks come in contact with anything on the bottom the man with the rope in his hand can tell it in much the same way that a fisherman knows when he gets a "bite." It requires no great strength to haul a body from the bottom to the surface. It is then towed to the shore and landed, and then the medical examiner is sent for to inspect it. It must not be moved before.

Of course it is often more luck than anything in finding a person supposed to be drowned. In still water, such as lakes and ponds, and when the spot where the person sank can be pointed out with a reasonable degree of accuracy, the success of the searchers is an easy matter. But in rivers, and harbors especially, where there is a good deal of tide, not one body in ten can be recovered even when the drowned person was seen to sink and the spot is pointed out.—Boston Journal.

Flower Seed.

Some seeds take longer than others to germinate—for instance, hollyhocks, marigolds, gillyflowers, rose of heaven, zinnias, come up in from three to five days, if all circumstances are favorable—that is, if it is warm, moist and sunny enough. Asters, single dahlias, sunflowers, cornflowers, mignonette, morning glory, coreopsis, picotee pinks, wallflowers, sweet williams and by far the greater number of annuals appear in from five to seven days. Balsams, pansies, begonias, poppies, verbenas, drummond's phlox and many others in from eight to ten days, columbines, phlox, artemesia, feverfew, etc., in from 10 to 12 days, forgetmenot, petunia, nicotiana in from 12 to 15 days, others in from 16 to 20 days. Clematis, perennial phlox and larkspurs take from 20 to 35 days to germinate.—From Mrs. Celia Thaxter's "An Island Garden."

Strong Brains.

A mild bit of repartee is reported as having occurred between the poet Saxe and Oliver Wendell Holmes. They were talking about brain fever when Mr. Saxe remarked:

"I once had a severe attack of brain fever myself."

"How could you have brain fever?" asked Dr. Holmes, smiling. "It is only strong brains that have brain fever."

"How did you find that out?" asked Saxe.—Youth's Companion.

No Wonder.

"I cannot account for it," said the doctor, "but this is a severe case of mal de mer."

"I know it, doctor," said the sick man, "it is all caused by the soprano in the next flat practicing on the high C's."—Detroit Free Press.

COMMUNITIES IN UNIFORM.

Something About the Social Life at Fort Meyer and the Navy Yard.

There are two phases of social life at the national capital about which people in civil life know little or nothing. These are the army social life at the barracks—Fort Meyer—and the naval circle at the navy yard. In many respects they are similar, inasmuch as they constitute little worlds apart from the general society of Washington. The life is free from struggling jealousies and heart burning which characterize the outside world. There is a simplicity of life, sociability and refinement which make an army or naval station peculiarly attractive. The hospitality is unbounded. People are expected to live within their means. They know exactly what they are going to get, and they gauge their expenditures accordingly.

It is more like a family than a social circle. The bonds which bind army and naval men to each other are among the strongest. There is always a feeling of comradeship among them all which does not obtain in civil life. The high standards of character, courtesy and duty required officially have their effect upon the social life. Men cannot live beyond their pay, beat their creditors or slander brother officers without being brought to book and held to account. The code of manners and morals, therefore, is higher than it is in most soical life and among commercial people.

There are always a lot of friendly and informal little entertainments, in which people are thrown together in a charming way, free from the conventional buckram of the grand functions of society. To young girls the life is particularly attractive and charming. They have the society and attention of well bred and well educated young fellows, who are always at their service and never fail to do everything in their power to contribute to their pleasure. The married couples have pretty, tasteful establishments, with all the modern comforts and conveniences and without the fear of burglars, tramps, book agents and thieving servants. The relations among the families are kindly and neighborly, and in times of sickness and sorrow sympathy and assistance are prompt.—Washington Post.

MISTOOK HIS MAN.

Clothes Are Not Always a Reliable Guide to the Individual.

A certain earl whose disregard of dress is quite proverbial called at his tailor's to pay his bill. A new manager came forward to receive the cash, and not knowing his lordship took him for a servant. He examined the account and after receipting it slipped a sovereign into the supposed servant's hand, at the same time saying confidentially:

"That is a sovereign for yourself, and you know if you had only been a little bit sharper it would have been two. You don't get your master's clothes worn out half quick enough. In that time he ought to have had double the amount on that bill, and it is really worth your while to get a harder brush."

With a half grin the earl replied, "Well, I've always thought my brush uncommonly hard, and anyhow his lordship complains of it."

"Nonsense," ejaculated the manager. "It isn't anything like hard, but I can put you up to a wrinkle that may even pass an occasional £5 note into your pocket. Just look here a moment. You see this bit of stick that I have just taken from the shelf? Well, that's roughened on purpose. You take that and give your master's coat a good scrubbing about the elbows every day and give the trousers a touch about the knees, and it's at least a good £5 in your pocket every year. You needn't think that we shall forget you."

"You are indeed very kind," said the earl, with a meaning smile. "I may impart your very kind instructions to my valet, though I fear while he remains in my service he will not be able to profit by them. As for the future, I shall not trouble you with my custom. I happen to be the Earl of ——. I wish you good morning."—Spare Moments.

Drawing a Line.

A young Virginian in frocks had been scolded by his grandfather for taking preserves from the dining room closet without permission. The old lady, with much impressiveness of tone, told the little fellow that it was wicked to take things without asking for them, and that although he might have thought there was nobody near him when he took the preserves God was really watching him and keeping an account of his actions. The boy looked solemn and made no comment on the lecture. Later his mother saw him standing near the back porch in an attitude denoting meditation. The household dog, a big Newfoundland, was romping near him. He was not in a mood to play and walked away from the dog, which followed him. He turned, shook a chubby finger at the dog and exclaimed:

"Go 'way, Jack. It's bad 'nough to have Dod follering me aroun, let alone you."—New York Sun.

How Young Dent Said Grace.

One of the best stories Mrs. Grant tells is not of her husband, but of her brother, Grant's friend and roommate at West Point. While she was still Julia Dent he came home on furlough with a real boyish longing for home fare and home delicacies. He petitioned particularly for corn dodgers, but cook was cross or the oven was out of order, so that only two of the desired cakes came to table. Young Dent eyed them calculatingly and then surprised his mother by asking permission to say grace. When this was accorded, the harum scarum lad folded his hands, and bowing his head reverently said:

Two corn dodgers for four of us.
Thank the Lord there are no more of us.

—New York Herald.

The Laundryman.

There is one branch of trade which runs on in an even tenor regardless of prices and crashes. That is the laundry business. People who patronize laundries never economize on their linen. A man will average about so many shirts, collars and cuffs a week when he is cutting down on his drinks and cigars and his theater tickets. And this observation recalls the fact that the laundryman never has any innovation in his business. He will ruin about so many shirts and collars and cuffs every three months and never say a word about it or make any deduction—if you keep quiet.—Chicago Tribune.

A Lost Project.

A Chicago father called on a St. Louis editor.

"My daughter," he began, "has a project on foot, and"—

"It must be a large one," interrupted the editor, and the interview ended right there.—Detroit Free Press.

FOR A CASE OF NEED.

GOWNS THAT YOUNG MATRONS MAY REQUIRE.

Novelties In Hairdressing—Psyche Knots, Teapot Handles and the Style of Our Grandmothers—Summer Neckwear—Fancies In Parasols.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 3.—There are times in the lives of most young matrons when it is difficult to find costumes alike comfortable and dressy, and also draped or otherwise arranged to disguise the figure, and it is but lately that special study has been given to find a means of meeting those requirements. No soft or clinging material is used in making up such gowns, but rather those of harsh and wiry weave, like the alpacas, mohairs, English bunting, taffeta glace and serge. This gives to the folds of the gowns a full and broken out-

GOWNS FOR YOUNG MATRONS.

line which calls attention more to its harshness than the cause of the garment. There was one elegant gown of dark blue serge cut demiprincess in the back and with a watteau plait. The skirt was slightly trained and very full. The front was cut with a loose princess effect, which hung down free from the waist. The front was filled in with a very full underdress of dark blue taffeta. This was gathered in around plaits to a yoke and was belted in with a rich blue ribbon sash. The yoke and bottom of the skirt had rows of cream colored lace insertion laid on flat. The sleeves were bishop, entirely overlaid with the white insertion. There was a bow of the ribbon at the back of the neck, with ends falling to the bottom of the dress. The underwaist was made adjustable by means of laces, and with that gown no corsets were needed.

There was another style of gown intended for the same purpose. This had a regular Mother Hubbard yoke of taffeta glace, to which the rest of the dress was gathered with a narrow upstanding ruffle. The color was seal brown. It had eight breadths of the silk gathered to the yoke and was faced up with cambric to near the waist. The sleeves were leg o' mutton, but were nearly hidden by deep double caps, each bordered by a band of butter colored lace insertion.

With these two gowns as models any lady can make or have made others like them or varying according to her own taste. Each is perfect after its kind. The mohairs are very well adapted to these needs, as they are cheap and very effective in folding heavily where gathered. Such dresses are not required to last long, and so present effect is more sought for than durable qualities. There are numbers of wraps to choose from, but the best for this season is a sort of Mother Hubbard shape with very full sling sleeves. These with bows and loops of wide ribbon are all that a lady could desire. There are some with capes and capuchins, but having seen both kinds I pronounce unhesitatingly for the Mother Hubbard and the sling sleeves.

In my wanderings today I came across a novelty in hairdressing. There is now no one general style of dressing the hair each lady being a law unto herself, the judge being her looking glass. Some wear the low Psyche knot, some the teapot handle, others the style of our grandmothers, and so on as they like. This style seems to be a compact and convenient way to dress the hair, besides being ornamental and novel. The hair is parted at the back after having been waved along the head, and the queer looking comb is opened and the two strands of hair laid between the teeth, which are then closed. The two strands are then slightly twisted and brought under and over until they are all used up, and the ends are to be snugly tucked inside with hair-

A NOVELTY IN HAIRDRESSING.

pins, which should be so placed as to be invisible. The points on the comb are of tortoise shell, and in some instances they are jeweled. The effect is very neat, and I should think it would be comfortable.

Next to the hair comes the summer neckwear. The dainty linen collars, cuffs and chemisettes are prettier than ever. Some of them have a ruffle of white embroidery around the edges and above that a narrow ruffle of lace, either coffee color or tea stain, never white. The effect is very pretty. There are a very few colored collars, mostly fine and delicate plaids, but the most of these show the softening ruffles. The cuffs are cut like gauntlets, and the collars have very high straight bands, with the flaring corners turned down.

Parasols show new fancies and frills each succeeding day. I saw today one of rose colored silk, with circles of pearly lustered spangles worked all over it. Another was of white and green striped silk, the stripes going around. On the top was a band of white lace insertion set in five deep points. There was a fluffy little punch collarette around the spike of the parasol, and a full ruffle of lace to match the insertion around the edge. There was a green velvet bow at the handle. The other was striped silk muslin, accordion plaited as to the ruffle, and lilac surah at the top, with lace ruffs at the top and handle.

OLIVE HARPER.